# **Dray** Tek

Vigor2920 Series

Dual-WAN Security Router





Your reliable networking solutions partner

# User's Guide

# Vigor2920 Series Dual-WAN Security Router User's Guide

Version: 3.3

Firmware Version: V3.6.8.5

(For future update, please visit DrayTek website)

Date: July 15, 2016

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# **Safety Instructions and Approval**

#### Safety Instructions

- Read the installation guide thoroughly before you set up the router.
- The router is a complicated electronic unit that may be repaired only be authorized and qualified personnel. Do not try to open or repair the router yourself.
- Do not place the router in a damp or humid place, e.g. a bathroom.
- The router should be used in a sheltered area, within a temperature range of +5 to +40 Celsius.
- Do not expose the router to direct sunlight or other heat sources. The housing and electronic components may be damaged by direct sunlight or heat sources.
- Do not deploy the cable for LAN connection outdoor to prevent electronic shock hazards.
- Keep the package out of reach of children.
- When you want to dispose of the router, please follow local regulations on conservation of the environment.

#### Warranty

We warrant to the original end user (purchaser) that the router will be free from any defects in workmanship or materials for a period of two (2) years from the date of purchase from the dealer. Please keep your purchase receipt in a safe place as it serves as proof of date of purchase. During the warranty period, and upon proof of purchase, should the product have indications of failure due to faulty workmanship and/or materials, we will, at our discretion, repair or replace the defective products or components, without charge for either parts or labor, to whatever extent we deem necessary tore-store the product to proper operating condition. Any replacement will consist of a new or re-manufactured functionally equivalent product of equal value, and will be offered solely at our discretion. This warranty will not apply if the product is modified, misused, tampered with, damaged by an act of God, or subjected to abnormal working conditions. The warranty does not cover the bundled or licensed software of other vendors. Defects which do not significantly affect the usability of the product will not be covered by the warranty. We reserve the right to revise the manual and online documentation and to make changes from time to time in the contents hereof without obligation to notify any person of such revision or changes.

#### Be a Registered Owner

Web registration is preferred. You can register your Vigor router via http://www.DrayTek.com.

# Firmware & Tools Updates

Due to the continuous evolution of DrayTek technology, all routers will be regularly upgraded. Please consult the DrayTek web site for more information on newest firmware, tools and documents.

http://www.DrayTek.com



# **European Community Declarations**

Manufacturer: DrayTek Corp.

Address: No. 26, Fu Shing Road, HuKou Township, HsinChu Industrial Park, Hsin-Chu, Taiwan 303

Product: Vigor2920 Series Router

DrayTek Corp. declares that Vigor2920 Series of routers are in compliance with the following essential requirements and other relevant provisions of R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EEC.

The product conforms to the requirements of Electro-Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive 2004/108/EC by complying with the requirements set forth in EN55022/Class B and EN55024/Class B.

The product conforms to the requirements of Low Voltage (LVD) Directive 2006/95/EC by complying with the requirements set forth in EN60950-1.

This product is designed for 2.4GHz WLAN network throughout the EC region and Switzerland with restrictions in France. Please see the user manual for the applicable networks on your product.

# **Regulatory Information**

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device may accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The antenna/transmitter should be kept at least 20 cm away from human body.



More update, please visit www.draytek.com.



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# Introduction

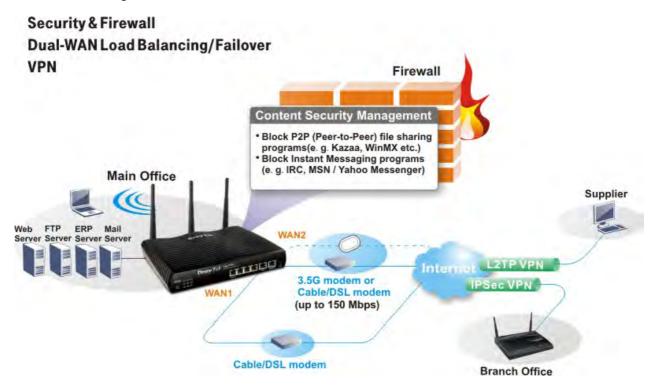
Vigor2920 series is a broadband router. It integrates IP layer QoS, NAT session/bandwidth management to help users control works well with large bandwidth.

By adopting hardware-based VPN platform and hardware encryption of AES/DES/3DS, the router increases the performance of VPN greatly, and offers several protocols (such as IPSec/PPTP/L2TP) with up to 2 VPN tunnels.

The object-based design used in SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection) firewall allows users to set firewall policy with ease. CSM (Content Security Management) provides users control and management in IM (Instant Messenger) and P2P (Peer to Peer) more efficiency than before. By the way, DoS/DDoS prevention and URL/Web content filter strengthen the security outside and control inside.

Object-based firewall is flexible and allows your network be safe. In addition, Vigor2920 series supports USB interface for connecting USB printer to share printer or USB storage device for sharing files.

Vigor2920 series provides two-level management to simplify the configuration of network connection. The user mode allows user accessing into WEB interface via simple configuration. However, if users want to have advanced configurations, they can access into WEB interface through admin mode.



1



# 1.1 Web Configuration Buttons Explanation

Several main buttons appeared on the web pages are defined as the following:

Cancel
Cancel
Cancel
Cancel current settings and recover to the previous saved settings.

Clear
Clear all the selections and parameters settings, including selection from drop-down list. All the values must be reset with factory default settings.

Add Add new settings for specified item.

Edit
Edit the settings for the selected item.

Delete
Delete the selected item with the corresponding settings.

**Note:** For the other buttons shown on the web pages, please refer to Chapter 4 for detailed explanation.

# 1.2 LED Indicators and Connectors

Before you use the Vigor router, please get acquainted with the LED indicators and connectors first.

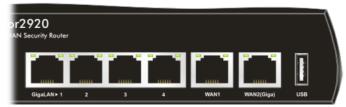
# 1.2.1 For Vigor2920



LED		Status	Explanation
ACT (Activity)		Blinking	The router is powered on and running normally.
		Off	The router is powered off.
USB		On	USB device is connected and ready for use.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
CSM		On	The profile(s) of CSM (Content Security Management) for IM/P2P, URL/Web Content Filter application is enabled from <b>Firewall</b> >> <b>General Setup</b> . (Such profile must be established under <b>CSM</b> menu).
WCF		On	The Web Content Filter is active. (It is enabled from <b>Firewall &gt;&gt; General Setup</b> ).
WAN1/2		On	The WAN1 or WAN2 connection is ready.
		Blinking	It will blink while transmitting data.
DoS		On	The DoS/DDoS function is active.
		Blinking	It will blink while an attack is detected.
VPN		On	The VPN tunnel is active.
QoS		On	The QoS function is active.
LED on Conne	ector	•	
	Left LED	On	The port is connected.
WAN1	(Green)	Off	The port is disconnected.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right LED	On	The port is connected with 100Mbps.
	(Green)	Off	The port is connected with 10Mbps when left LED is on.
	Left LED	On	The port is connected.
WAN2(Giga)	(Green)	Off	The port is disconnected.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right LED	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	(Green)	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left LED is on.
	Left LED	On	The port is connected.
GigaLAN	(Green)	Off	The port is disconnected.
1/2/3/4		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right LED	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	(Green)	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left LED is on.









Interface	Description	
Factory Reset	Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will restart with the factory default configuration.	
GigaLAN (1-4)	Connecters for local networked devices.	
WAN1/WAN2(Giga)	2(Giga) Connecters for remote networked devices.	
USB	Connecter for 3G Modem or printer.	
PWR	Connecter for a power adapter.	
ON/OFF	Power Switch.	

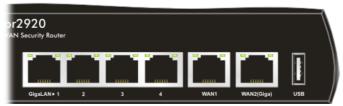
# 1.2.2 For Vigor2920n



LED		Status	Explanation	
ACT (Activity)		Blinking	The router is powered on and running normally.	
		Off	The router is powered off.	
USB		On	USB device is connected and ready for use.	
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.	
CSM		On	The profile(s) of CSM (Content Security Management) for IM/P2P, URL/Web Content Filter application is enabled from <b>Firewall</b> >> <b>General Setup</b> . (Such profile must be established under <b>CSM</b> menu).	
WLAN		On	Wireless access point is ready.	
		Blinking	It will blink slowly while wireless traffic goes through.  If ACT and WLAN LEDs blink quickly and simultaneously when WPS is working, and it will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within 2 minutes.)	
WAN1/2		On	The WAN1 or WAN2 connection is ready.	
		Blinking	It will blink while transmitting data.	
DoS		On	The DoS/DDoS function is active.	
		Blinking	It will blink while an attack is detected.	
VPN		On	The VPN tunnel is active.	
QoS		On	The QoS function is active.	
LED on Conne	ector		-	
	Left LED	On	The port is connected.	
WAN1	(Green)	Off	The port is disconnected.	
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.	
	Right LED	On	The port is connected with 100Mbps.	
	(Green)	Off	The port is connected with 10Mbps when left LED is on.	
	Left LED	On	The port is connected.	
WAN2(Giga)	(Green)	Off	The port is disconnected.	
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.	
	Right LED	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.	
	(Green)	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left LED is on.	
	Left LED	On	The port is connected.	
GigaLAN	(Green)	Off	The port is disconnected.	
1/2/3/4		Blinking	The data is transmitting.	
	Right LED	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.	
	(Green)	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left LED is on.	









Interface	Description
Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS	Press "Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS" button once to wait for client device making network connection through WPS.  Press "Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS" button twice to enable (WLAN LED on) or disable (WLAN LED off) wireless connection.
Factory Reset	Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will restart with the factory default configuration.
GigaLAN (1-4)	Connecters for local networked devices.
WAN1/WAN2(Giga)	Connecters for remote networked devices.
USB	Connecter for 3G Modem or printer.
PWR	Connecter for a power adapter.
ON/OFF	Power Switch.

# 1.2.3 For Vigor2920Vn



LED		Status	Explanation
ACT (Activity)		Blinking	The router is powered on and running normally.
		Off	The router is powered off.
USB		On	USB device is connected and ready for use.
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
CSM		On	The profile(s) of CSM (Content Security Management) for IM/P2P, URL/Web Content Filter application can be enabled from <b>Firewall</b> >> <b>General Setup</b> . (Such profile must be established under <b>CSM</b> menu).
WLAN		On	Wireless access point is ready.
		Blinking	It will blink slowly while wireless traffic goes through.  If ACT and WLAN LEDs blink quickly and simultaneously when WPS is working, and it will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within 2 minutes.)
WAN1/2		On	The WAN1 or WAN2 connection is ready.
		Blinking	It will blink while transmitting data.
Line		On	A PSTN phone call comes (in and out). However, when the phone call is disconnected, the LED will be off.
		Off	There is no PSTN phone call.
Phone 1/2		On	The phone connected to this port is off-hook.
		Off	The phone connected to this port is on-hook.
		Blinking	A phone call comes.
LED on Connec	ctor		•
	Left LED	On	The port is connected.
WAN1/	(Green)	Off	The port is disconnected.
WAN2 (Giga)		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right LED	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	(Green)	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left LED is on.
	Left LED	On	The port is connected.
GigaLAN	(Green)	Off	The port is disconnected.
1/2/3/4		Blinking	The data is transmitting.
	Right LED	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.
	(Green)	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left LED is on.









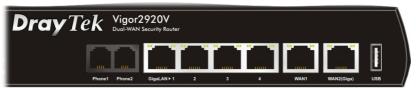
Interface	Description		
Wireless LAN Press "Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS" button once to wait for client dev			
ON/OFF/WPS	making network connection through WPS.		
	Press "Wireless LAN ON/OFF/WPS" button twice to enable (WLAN LED on)		
	or disable (WLAN LED off) wireless connection.		
Factory Reset	Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is blinking).		
	Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED		
	begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will		
	restart with the factory default configuration.		
Phone 1/2	Connecter for analog phone(s).		
Line	Connector for PSTN life line.		
GigaLAN (1-4)	Connecters for local networked devices.		
WAN1/WAN2(Giga)	Connecters for remote networked devices.		
USB	Connecter for Mobile HDD, 3G Modem or printer.		
PWR	Connecter for a power adapter.		
ON/OFF	Power Switch.		

# 1.2.4 For Vigor2920V



LED		Status	Explanation	
ACT (Activity)		Blinking	The router is powered on and running normally.	
		Off	The router is powered off.	
USB		On	USB device is connected and ready for use.	
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.	
CSM	CSM		The profile(s) of CSM (Content Security	
			Management) for IM/P2P, URL/Web Content Filter	
			application can be enabled from Firewall	
			>>General Setup. (Such profile must be established	
			under <b>CSM</b> menu).	
WCF		On	The Web Content Filter is active. (It is enabled from	
			Firewall >> General Setup).	
WAN1/2	WAN1/2		The WAN1 or WAN2 connection is ready.	
		Blinking	It will blink while transmitting data.	
DoS		On Blinking	The DoS/DDoS function is active.	
			It will blink while deleting an attack.	
Phone 1/2	Phone 1/2		The phone connected to this port is off-hook.	
		Off	The phone connected to this port is on-hook.	
		Blinking	A phone call comes.	
LED on Connec		T _		
WAN 1/	Left LED	On	The port is connected.	
WAN2 (Giga)	(Green)	Off	The port is disconnected.	
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.	
	Right LED	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.	
	(Green)	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left	
			LED is on.	
GigaLAN	Left LED	On	The port is connected.	
1/2/3/4	(Green)	Off	The port is disconnected.	
		Blinking	The data is transmitting.	
	Right LED	On	The port is connected with 1000Mbps.	
	(Green)	Off	The port is connected with 10/100Mbps when left	
			LED is on.	







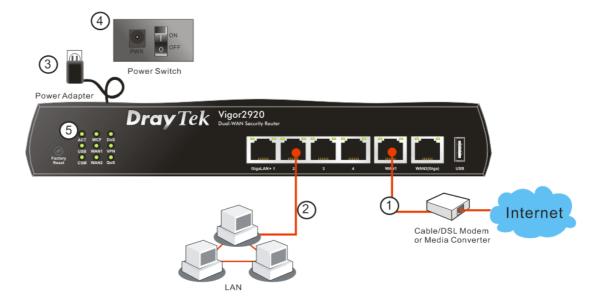
Interface	Description		
Factory Reset	Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is		
	blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see		
	the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the		
<u>.                                  </u>	router will restart with the factory default configuration.		
Phone 1/2	Connecters for analog phone(s).		
GigaLAN (1-4)	Connecters for local networked devices.		
WAN1/WAN2(Giga)	Connecters for remote networked devices.		
USB	Connecter for Mobile HDD, 3G Modem or printer.		
PWR	Connecter for a power adapter.		
ON/OFF	Power Switch.		

### 1.3 Hardware Installation

Before starting to configure the router, you have to connect your devices correctly.

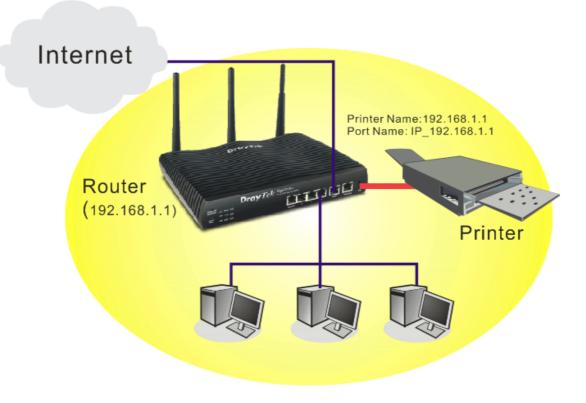
- 1. Connect the cable Modem/DSL Modem/Media Converter to any WAN port of router with Ethernet cable (RJ-45).
- 2. Connect one end of an Ethernet cable (RJ-45) to one of the **LAN** ports of the router and the other end of the cable (RJ-45) into the Ethernet port on your computer.
- 3. Connect one end of the power adapter to the router's power port on the rear panel, and the other side into a wall outlet.
- 4. Power on the device by pressing down the power switch on the rear panel.
- 5. The system starts to initiate. After completing the system test, the **ACT** LED will light up and start blinking.

(For the detailed information of LED status, please refer to section 1.1.)



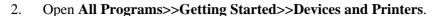
### 1.4 Printer Installation

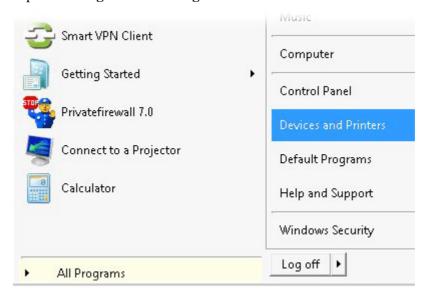
You can install a printer onto the router for sharing printing. All the PCs connected this router can print documents via the router. The example provided here is made based on Windows 7. For installation on other Windows systems, please visit **www.DrayTek.com**.



Before using it, please follow the steps below to configure settings for connected computers (or wireless clients).

1. Connect the printer with the router through USB/parallel port.

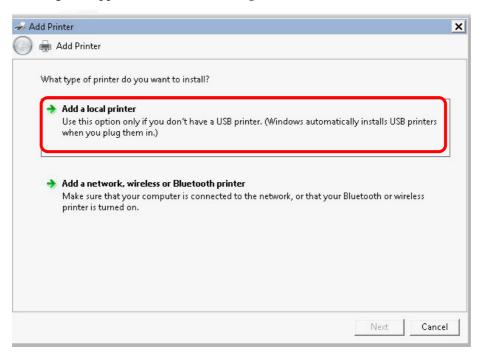




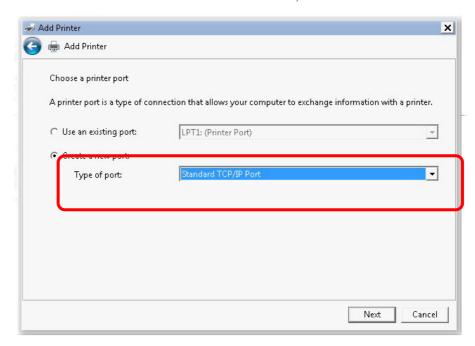
3. Click **Add a printer**.



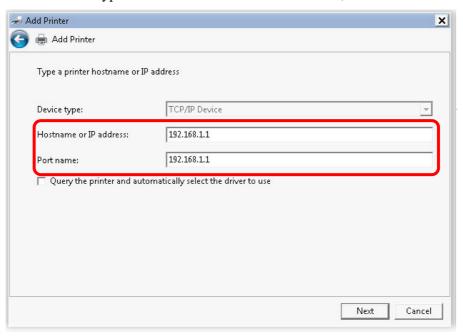
4. A dialog will appear. Click **Add a local printer** and click **Next**.



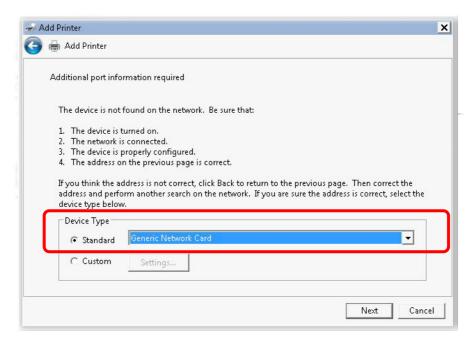
5. In this dialog, choose **Create a new port.** In the field of **Type of port**, use the drop down list to select **Standard TCP/IP Port**. Then, click **Next**.



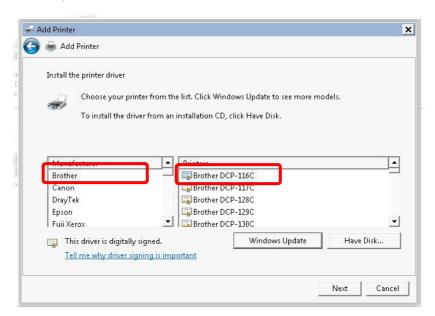
6. In the following dialog, type **192.168.1.1** (router's LAN IP) in the field of **Hostname or IP Address** and type **192.168.1.1** as the **Port name**. Then, click **Next**.



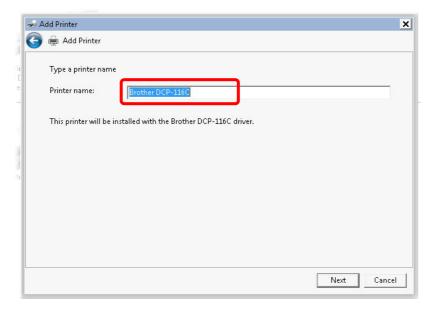
7. Click **Standard** and choose **Generic Network Card**.



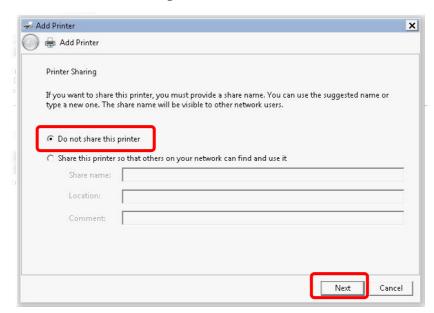
8. Now, your system will ask you to choose right name of the printer that you installed onto the router. Such step can make correct driver loaded onto your PC. When you finish the selection, click **Next**.



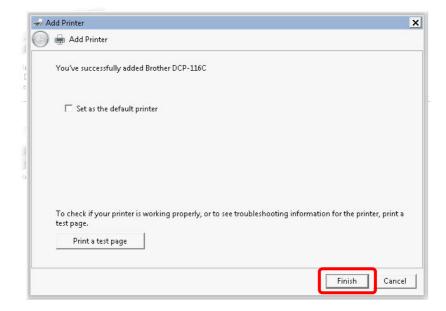
9. Type a name for the chosen printer. Click Next.



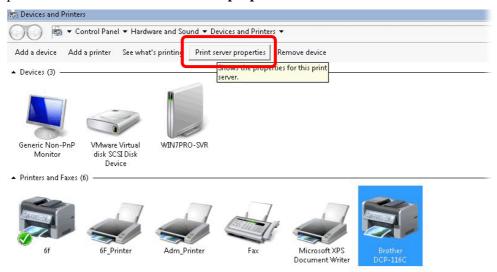
10. Choose **Do not share this printer** and click **Next**.



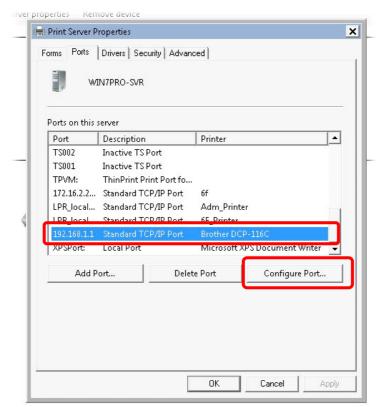
11. Then, in the following dialog, click **Finish**.



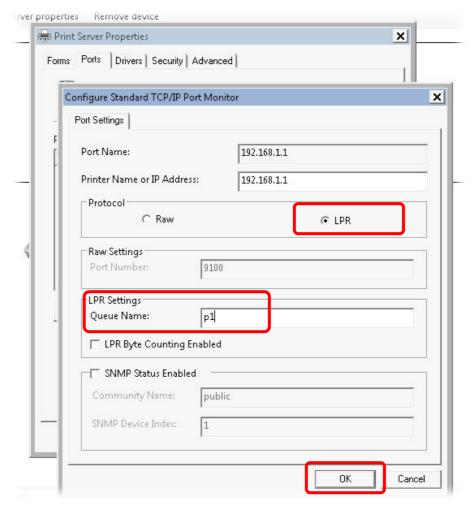
12. The new printer has been added and displayed under **Printers and Faxes**. Click the new printer icon and click **Printer server properties**.



13. Edit the property of the new printer you have added by clicking **Configure Port**.



14. Select "**LPR**" on Protocol, type **p1** (number 1) as **Queue Name**. Then click **OK**. Next please refer to the red rectangle for choosing the correct protocol and LPR name.



The printer can be used for printing now. Most of the printers with different manufacturers are compatible with vigor router.

**Note 1:** Some printers with the fax/scanning or other additional functions are not supported.

**Note 2:** Vigor router supports printing request from computers via LAN ports but not WAN port.

# 1.5 Accessing Web User Interface

1. Make sure your PC connects to the router correctly.



**Notice:** You may either simply set up your computer to get IP dynamically from the router or set up the IP address of the computer to be the same subnet as **the default IP address of Vigor router 192.168.1.1**. For the detailed information, please refer to the later section - Trouble Shooting of the guide.

2. Open a web browser on your PC and type http://192.168.1.1. The following window will be open to ask for username and password.

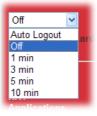


3. Please type "admin/admin" on Username/Password and click **Login**.



**Notice:** If you fail to access to the web configuration, please go to "Trouble Shooting" for detecting and solving your problem.

4. The web page can be logged out according to the chosen condition. The default setting is **Auto Logout**, which means the web configuration system will logout after 5 minutes without any operation. Change the setting for your necessity.



# 1.6 Changing Password

Please change the password for the original security of the router.

- 1. Open a web browser on your PC and type http://192.168.1.1. A pop-up window will open to ask for username and password.
- 2. Please type "admin/admin" as Username/Password for accessing into the web user interface with admin mode.

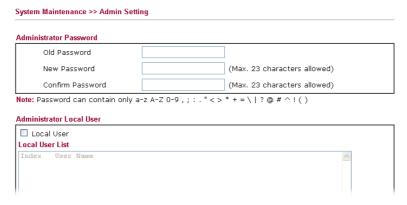


3. Now, the **Main Screen** will appear.

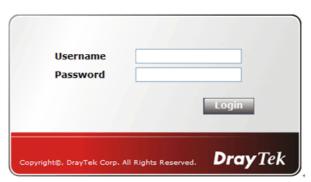


**Note:** The home page will change slightly in accordance with the type of the router you have.

4. Go to **System Maintenance** page and choose **Administrator Password.** 



- 5. Type the login password on the field of **Old Password**. Type a new password in **New Password** and **Confirm New Password** fields. Then click **OK** to continue.
- 6. Now, the password has been changed. Next time, use the new password to access the Web user interface for this router.



#### 1.7 Online Status

Online Status

Physical Connection

Virtual WAN

# 1.7.1 Physical Connection

Such page displays the physical connection status such as LAN connection status, WAN connection status, ADSL information, and so on.

## **Physical Connection for IPv4 Protocol**



# **Physical Connection for IPv6 Protocol**

**Online Status Physical Connection** System Uptime: 4:8:42 LAN Status IP Address FE80::250:7FFF:FEEA:7EC8/64 (Link) TX Packets **RX Packets** TX Bytes **RX Bytes** 2 o 156 o WAN IPv6 Status Enable Mode **Up Time** No Offline IΡ Gateway IP

Detailed explanation (for IPv4) is shown below:

Item	Description
LAN Status	Primary DNS



Item	Description		
	- Displays the IP address of the primary DNS.		
	Secondary DNS		
	- Displays the IP address of the secondary DNS.		
	IP Address		
	- Displays the IP address of the LAN interface.		
	TX Packets		
	- Displays the total transmitted packets at the LAN interface.		
	RX Packets		
	- Displays the total number of received packets at the LAN interface.		
WAN 1 Status ~ WAN 3	Line		
Status	- Displays the physical connection of this interface.		
	Name		
	- Displays the name set in WAN1/WAN web page.		
	Mode		
	- Displays the type of WAN connection (e.g., PPPoE).		
	Up Time		
	- Displays the total uptime of the interface.		
	IP		
	- Displays the IP address of the WAN interface.		
	GW IP		
	- Displays the IP address of the default gateway.		
	TX Packets		
	- Displays the total transmitted packets at the WAN interface.		
	TX Rate		
	- Displays the speed of transmitted octets at the WAN interface.		
	RX Packets		
	- Displays the total number of received packets at the WAN interface.		
	RX Rate		
	- Displays the speed of received octets at the WAN interface.		

Detailed explanation (for IPv6) is shown below:

Item	Description
LAN Status	<b>IP Address</b> - Displays the IPv6 address of the LAN interface
	<b>TX Packets</b> -Displays the total transmitted packets at the LAN interface.
	<b>RX Packets</b> -Displays the total received packets at the LAN interface.
	<b>TX Bytes</b> - Displays the total transmitted octets at the LAN interface.

Item	Description
	<b>RX Bytes</b> - Displays the total received octets at the LAN interface.
WAN IPv6 Status	Enable – No in red means such interface is available but not enabled. Yes in green means such interface is enabled. No in red means such interface is not available.
	<ul><li>Mode - Displays the type of WAN connection (e.g., TSPC).</li><li>Up Time - Displays the total uptime of the interface.</li><li>IP - Displays the IP address of the WAN interface.</li></ul>
	<b>Gateway IP</b> - Displays the IP address of the default gateway.

**Note:** The words in green mean that the WAN connection of that interface is ready for accessing Internet; the words in red mean that the WAN connection of that interface is not ready for accessing Internet.



### 1.7.2 Virtual WAN

0............

Such page displays the virtual WAN connection information. Virtual WAN are used by TR-069 management, VoIP service and so on. The Application field will list the purpose of such WAN connection.

Online Status						
Virtual WAN System Uptime: 143						
WAN 5 Status						
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	Application	
Yes	Ethernet			00:00:00	Management	
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)	
		0	0	0	0	
WAN 6 Status						
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	Application	
Yes	Ethernet			00:00:00	Management	
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)	
		0	0	0	0	
WAN 7 Status						
Enable	Line	Name	Mode	Up Time	Application	
Yes	Ethernet			00:00:00	Management	
IP	GW IP	TX Packets	TX Rate(Bps)	RX Packets	RX Rate(Bps)	
		0	0	0	0	

# 1.8 Saving Configuration

Each time you click  $\mathbf{OK}$  on the web page for saving the configuration, you can find messages showing the system interaction with you.



**Ready** indicates the system is ready for you to input settings.

Settings Saved means your settings are saved once you click Finish or OK button.

# 2 Quick Setup

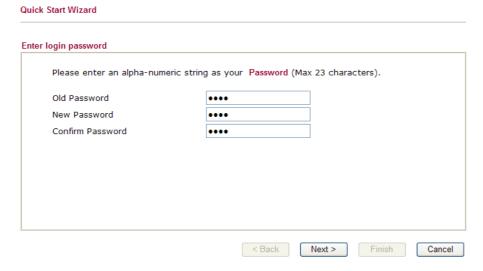
There are several setup wizards offered for you to configure the router simply and quickly.



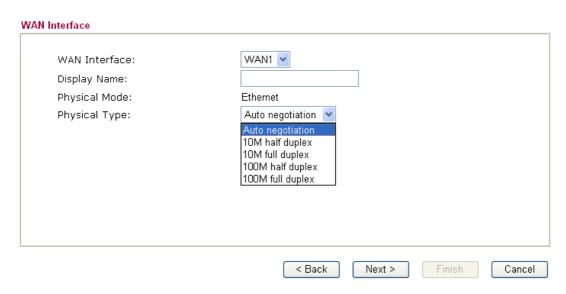
- Quick Start Wizard used for building network connection, Internet access.
- **Service Activation Wizard** used for activating the web content filter service.
- **VPN Client Wizard** used for establishing VPN tunnel; the router is treated as a VPN
- VPN Server Wizard used for establishing VPN tunnel; the router is treated as a VPN
- Wireless Wizard used for building wireless LAN connection.
- **VoIP Wizard** used for establishing VoIP profile.

#### 2.1 Quick Start Wizard

If your router can be under an environment with high speed NAT, the configuration provide here can help you to deploy and use the router quickly. The first screen of **Quick Start Wizard** is entering login password. After typing the password, please click **Next**.



On the next page as shown below, please select the WAN interface that you use. If Ethernet interface is used, please choose WAN1/2 (based on the physical hardware connection); if 3G USB modem is used, please choose WAN3. Choose Auto negotiation as the physical type for your router. Then click **Next** for next step.



WAN1/WAN2 and WAN3 will bring up different configuration page. Refer to the following for detailed information.

# 2.1.1 For WAN1/WAN2 (Ethernet)

Choose WAN1/WAN2 and click **Next** to display the following page.

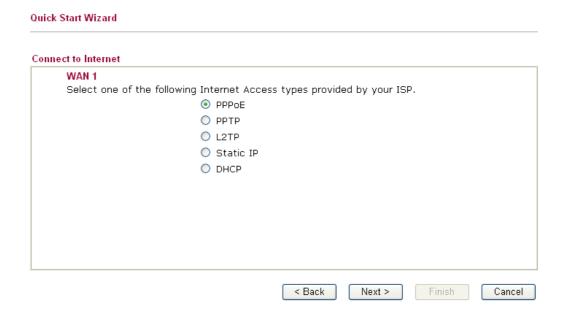
Please select the appropriate Internet access type according to the information from your ISP. For example, you should select PPPoE mode if the ISP provides you PPPoE interface. Then click **Next** for next step.

#### 2.1.1.1 PPPoE

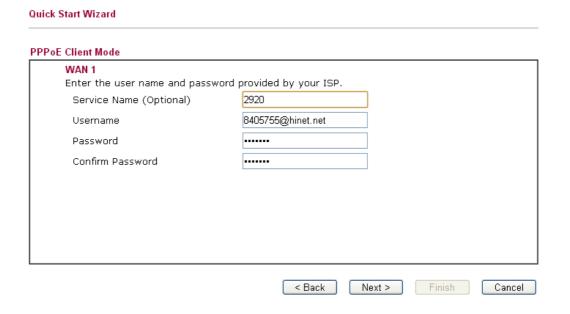
PPPoE stands for **Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet**. It relies on two widely accepted standards: PPP and Ethernet. It connects users through an Ethernet to the Internet with a common broadband medium, such as wireless device or cable modem. All the users over the Ethernet can share a common connection.

PPPoE is used for most of modem users. All local users can share one PPPoE connection for accessing the Internet. Your service provider will provide you information about user name, password, and authentication mode. If your ISP provides you the **PPPoE** connection, please select **PPPoE** for this router.

1. Choose **WAN1/WAN2** as the WAN Interface and click the **Next** button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.



2. Click **PPPoE** as the Internet Access Type. Then click **Next** to open the following page.

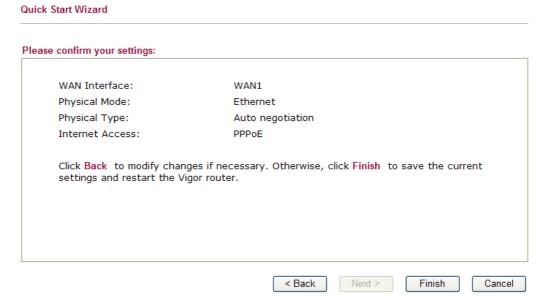


Item	Description
Service Name (Optional)	Type the description of the specific network service.
User Name	Assign a specific valid user name provided by the ISP.
Password	Assign a valid password provided by the ISP.
Confirm Password	Retype the password.



Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. Please manually Type the Username/Password provided by your ISP. Click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.



4. Click **Finish.** A page of **Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

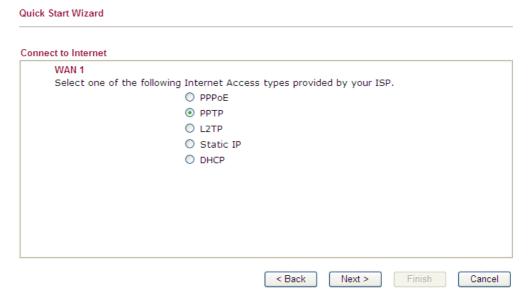
## Quick Start Wizard Setup OK !!!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

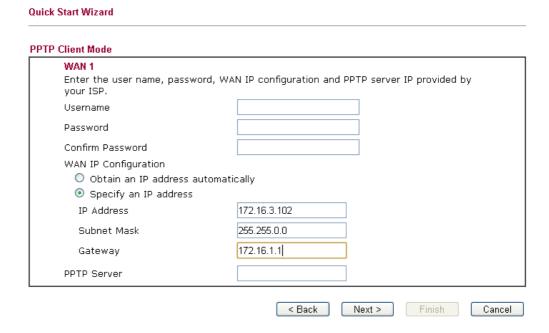
## 2.1.1.2 PPTP/L2TP

Click **PPTP/L2TP** as the protocol. Type in all the information that your ISP provides for this protocol.

1. Choose **WAN1/WAN2** as the WAN Interface and click the **Next** button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.



2. Click **PPTP/L2TP** as the Internet Access Type. Then click **Next** to continue.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description						
User Name	Assign a specific valid user name provided by the ISP.						
Password	Assign a valid password provided by the ISP.						
Confirm Password	Retype the password.						
WAN IP Configuration	Obtain an IP address automatically – the router will get an IP address automatically from DHCP server.						
	Specify an IP address – you have to type relational settings manually.						
	IP Address - Type the IP address.						
	Subnet Mask –Type the subnet mask.						
	Gateway – Type the IP address of the gateway.						
PPTP Server / L2TP Server	Type the IP address of the server.						
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.						
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.						
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.						

3. Click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

## **Quick Start Wizard** Please confirm your settings: WAN Interface: WAN1 Physical Mode: Ethernet Physical Type: Auto negotiation PPTP Internet Access: Click Back to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click Finish to save the current settings and restart the Vigor router. < Back Next > Finish Cancel

4. Click **Finish.** A page of **Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

## Quick Start Wizard Setup OK !!!

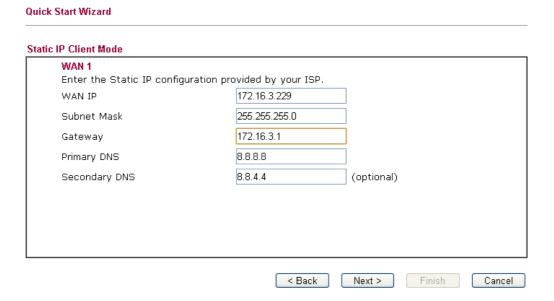
5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

## 2.1.1.3 Static IP

1. Choose **WAN1/WAN2** as the WAN Interface and click the **Next** button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.

ect to Internet	
WAN 1	following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.
Select one of the	O PPPoE
	O PPTP
	O L2TP
	Static IP
	O DHCP
	< Back Next > Finish C

2. Click **Static IP** as the Internet Access Type. Then click **Next** to continue.



Item	Description
WAN IP	Type the IP address.
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask.
Gateway	Type the IP address of gateway.
Primary DNS	Type in the primary IP address for the router.
Secondary DNS	Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.
Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.



Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. After finishing the settings in this page, click **Next** to see the following page.



4. Click **Finish.** A page of **Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

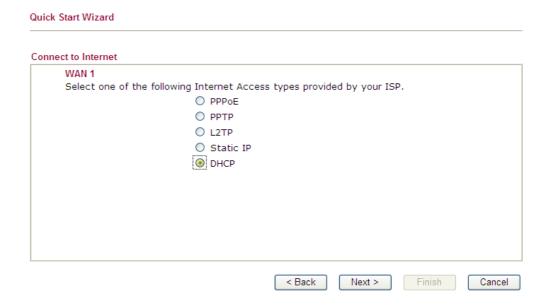
## Quick Start Wizard Setup OK !!!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

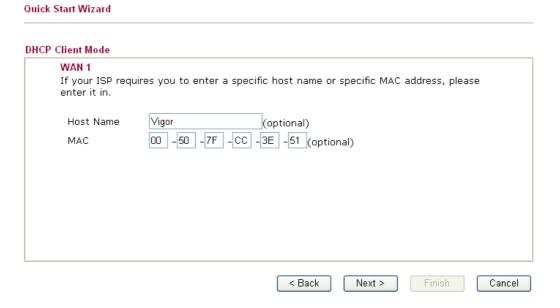
## 2.1.1.4 DHCP

Click **DHCP** as the protocol. Type in all the information that your ISP provides for this protocol.

1. Choose **WAN1/WAN2** as the WAN Interface and click the **Next** button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.



2. Click **DHCP** as the Internet Access Type. Then click **Next** to continue.



Item	Description
<b>Host Name</b>	Type the name of the host.
MAC	Some Cable service providers specify a specific MAC address for access authentication. In such cases you need to Type the MAC address.



Back	Click it to return to previous setting page.
Next	Click it to get into th/e next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. After finishing the settings in this page, click **Next** to see the following page.



4. Click **Finish.** A page of **Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

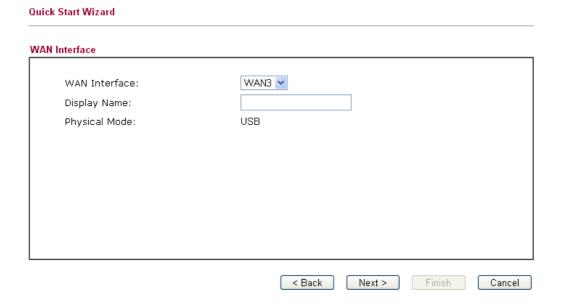
## Quick Start Wizard Setup OK !!!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

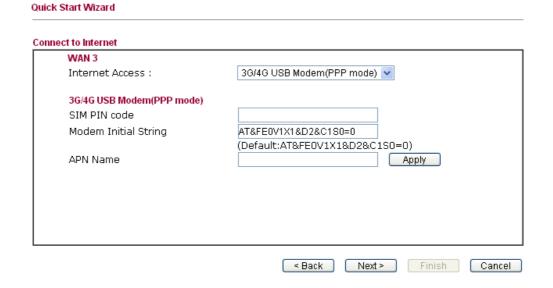
## 2.1.2 For WAN3 (USB)

To use 3G USB modem for network connection, please choose WAN3.

1. Choose **WAN3** as the WAN Interface and click the **Next** button. The following page will be open for you to specify Internet Access Type.



2. Then, click **Next** to continue.



ct Access Choose one of the selections as the protocol of accessing the
internet.
USB Modem since SIM Pin code – Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet. The maximum length of the pin code you can set is 15 characters.  Modem Initial String – Such value is used to initialize USB
used to access Internet. The maximum length of you can set is 15 characters.



	modem. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP. The maximum length of the string you can set is 47 characters. <b>APN Name</b> – APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs. Type the name and click <b>Apply</b> .
4G USB Modem (DHCP mode)	SIM Pin code – Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet.
	<b>Network Mode</b> – Force Vigor router to connect Internet with the mode specified here. If you choose 4G/3G/2G as network mode, the router will choose a suitable one according to the actual wireless signal automatically.
	<b>APN Name</b> – APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs.

3. Then, click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.



4. Click **Finish.** A page of **Quick Start Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.

## Quick Start Wizard Setup OK !!!

5. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

## 2.2 Service Activation Wizard

Service Activation Wizard can guide you to activate WCF service (Web Content Filter) with a quick and easy way.

**Note:** Web Content Filter (WCF) is not a built-in service of Vigor router, but a service powered by Commtouch. If you want to use such service (trial or formal edition), you have to perform the procedure of activation first. For the service of formal edition, please contact with your dealer for detailed information.

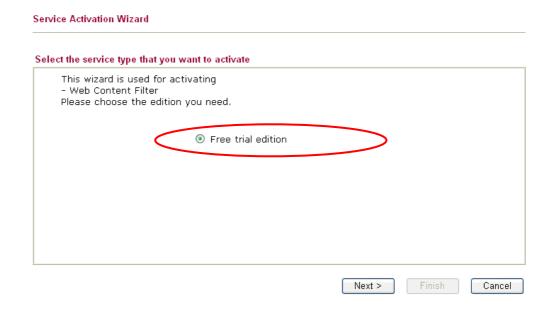
Service Activation Wizard is a tool which allows you to use trial version of WCF directly without accessing into the server (*MyVigor*) located on <a href="http://myvigor.draytek.com">http://myvigor.draytek.com</a>. For using Web Content Filter Profile, please refer to later section Web Content Filter Profile for detailed information.

Now, follow the steps listed below to activate WCF feature for your router.

1. Open Service Activation Wizard.

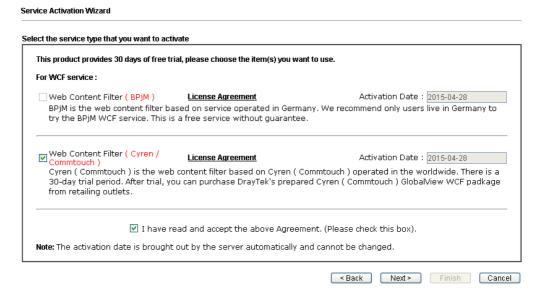


2. The screen of **Service Activation Wizard** will be shown as follows. Choose the one you need and click **Next**. In this case, we choose to activate free trial edition.



**Free trial edition**: it offers a period of trial for you to get acquainted with WCF function.

3. In the following page, you can activate the Web content filter services at the same time or individually. When you finish the selection, please click **Next**.

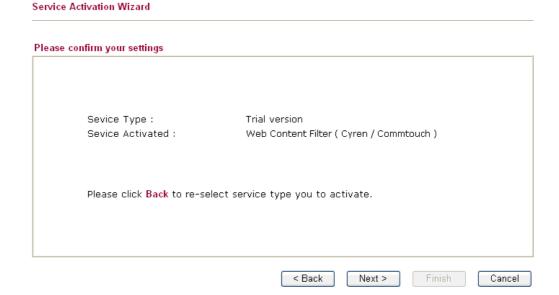


Commtouch is the web content filter based on Commtouch operated in the worldwide. There is a 30-day trial period. After trial, you can purchase DrayTek's prepared Commtouch GlobalView WCF package from retailing outlets. In addition, Commtouch is merged by **Cyren**, and **GlobalView** services will be continued to deliver powerful cloud-based information security solutions! Refer to:

http://www.prnewswire.com/news-releases/commtouch-is-now-cyren-239025151.ht ml

BPjM is WCF for German Speaking users. The fragfINN is whitelist for German Speaking users. The BPjM is ideal for your family to provide more Internet security for youngsters.

4. Setting confirmation page will be displayed as follows, please click **Next**.





5. Wait for a moment till the following page appears.



When such page appears, you can enable or disable the service for your necessity. Then, click **Finish.** 

**Note:** The service will be activated and applied as the default rule configured in **Firewall>>General Setup**.

6. Now, the web page will display the service that you have activated according to your selection(s). The valid time for the free trial of the service is 30-day.



When all the trial editions for various web content filters had been enabled, the configuration page of Service Activation Wizard will be invalid as shown below.





## 2.3 VPN Client Wizard

Such wizard is used to configure VPN settings for VPN client. Such wizard will guide to set the LAN-to-LAN profile for VPN dial out connection (from server to client) step by step.

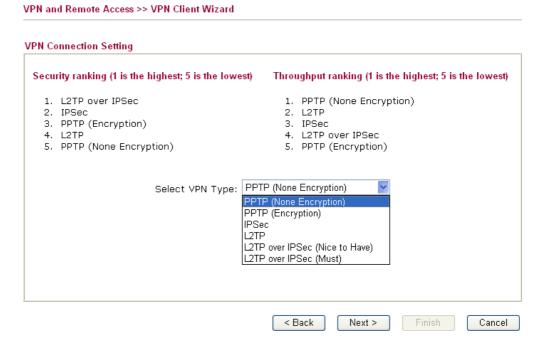
1. Open **VPN and Remote Access>>VPN Client Wizard**. The following page will appear.



Item	Description
LAN-to-LAN Client Mode Selection	Choose the client mode.  Route Mode/NAT Mode – If the remote network only allows you to dial in with single IP, please choose this mode, otherwise please choose Route Mode.  Route Mode  NAT Mode
Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile	There are 32 VPN profiles for users to set.

Item	Description			
	[Index]	[Status]	[Name]	^
	1 2	X X	??? ???	
	2 3 4 5 6 7	×	???	
	4	×	???	
	5	×	???	
	6	×	???	
	17	x	???	
	8	×	??? ???	
	10	X X	???	
	11	×	???	
	12	×	???	
	13	×	???	
	14	x	???	
	15	X	???	
	16 17	X X	??? ???	
	18	×	???	
	19	×	???	
	20	x	???	
	21	×	???	
	22	x	???	
	23	X	???	
	24 25	X X	??? ???	
	26	X	???	
	27	×	???	
	28	×	???	
	29	×	???	~

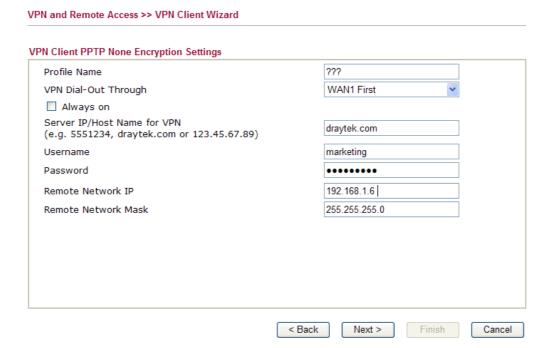
2. When you finish the mode and profile selection, please click **Next** to open the following page.



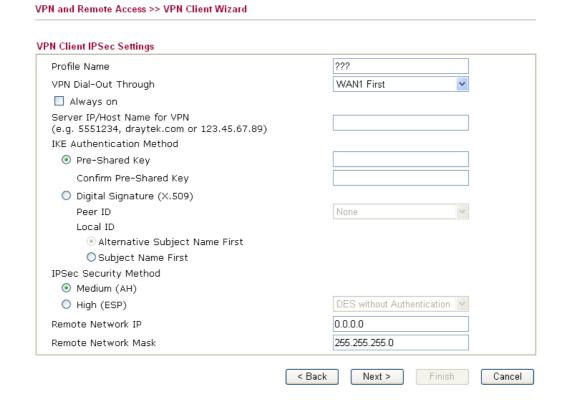
In this page, you have to select suitable VPN type for the VPN client profile. There are six types provided here. Different type will lead to different configuration page. After making the choices for the client profile, please click **Next**. You will see different configurations based on the selection(s) you made.



• When you choose **PPTP** (**None Encryption**) or **PPTP** (**Encryption**), you will see the following graphic:



• When you choose **IPSec**, you will see the following graphic:

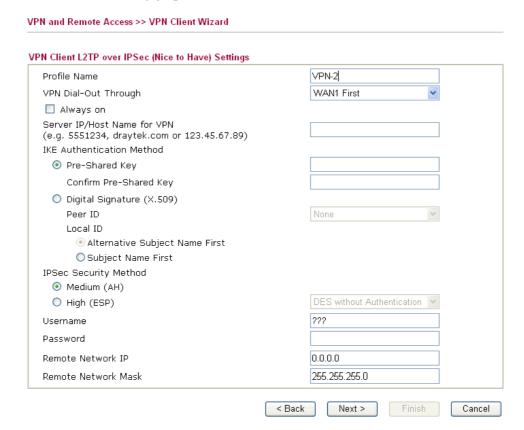


• When you choose **L2TP**, you will see the following graphic:

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

Profile Name	VPN-1	
VPN Dial-Out Through	WAN1 First	
☐ Always on		
Server IP/Host Name for VPN (e.g. 5551234, draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)	draytek.com	
Username	marketing	
Password	•••••	
Remote Network IP	192.168.1.6	
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0	

• When you choose **L2TP over IPSec** (Nice to Have) or **L2TP over IPSec** (Must), you will see the following graphic:



Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type a name for such profile. The length of the file is limited to 10 characters.



Item	Description
VPN Dial-Out Through	Use the drop down menu to choose a proper WAN interface for this profile. This setting is useful for dial-out only.  WAN1 First  WAN1 First  WAN1 Only  WAN2 First  WAN2 Only  WAN2 Only: Backup WAN2  WAN3 First  WAN3 Only
	WAN1 First/ WAN2 First/ WAN3 First - While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 as the first channel for VPN connection. If WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead.  WAN1 Only /WAN2 Only/WAN3 Only- While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 as the only channel for VPN connection.
	<b>WAN1 Only: Backup WAN2</b> - While connecting, the router will use WAN2 for VPN connection. If WAN2 fails, the router will use backup WAN1 interface instead.
	<b>WAN2 Only: Backup WAN1</b> - While connecting, the router will use WAN1 for VPN connection. If WAN1 fails, the router will use backup WAN2 interface instead.
Always On	Check to enable router always keep VPN connection.
Pre-Shared Key	<b>IKE Authentication Method</b> usually applies to those are remote dial-in user or node (LAN to LAN) which uses dynamic IP address and IPSec-related VPN connections such as L2TP over IPSec and IPSec tunnel.
	Pre-Shared Key- Specify a key for IKE authentication.
	<b>Confirm Pre-Shared Key-</b> Confirm the pre-shared key.
Digital Signature (X.509)	Click <b>Digital Signature</b> to invoke this function. Use the drop down list to choose one of the certificates for using. You have to configure one certificate at least previously in <b>Certificate Management</b> >> <b>Local Certificate</b> . Otherwise, the setting you choose here will not be effective.
	<b>Peer ID</b> – Choose the peer ID selection from the drop down list.
	Local ID – Choose Alternative Subject Name First or Subject Name First.
IPSec Security Method	<b>Medium</b> - Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.
	<b>High</b> - Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.

Item	Description
User Name	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.
Password	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.
Remote Network IP	Please type one LAN IP address (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.
Remote Network Mask	Please type the network mask (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.

3. After finishing the configuration, please click **Next.** The confirmation page will be shown as follows. If there is no problem, you can click one of the radio buttons listed on the page and click **Finish** to execute the next action.

## VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Client Wizard

## Please confirm your settings

LAN-to-LAN Index: 3

Profile Name: VPN-1

VPN Connection Type: L2TP over IPSec (Must)

VPN Connection Through: WAN1 First

Always on: No

Server IP/Host Name: draytek.com

IKE Authentication Method: Digital Signature (X.509)

IPSec Security Method: AH-SHA1
Remote Network IP: 192.168.1.6
Remote Network Mask: 255.255.255.0

Click Back to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click Finish to save the current settings and proceed to the following action:

Go to the VPN Connection Management.

O Do another VPN Client Wizard setup.

View more detailed configurations.

< Back Next > Finish

## Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Go to the VPN Connection Management	Click this radio button to access VPN and Remote Access>>Connection Management for viewing VPN Connection status.
Do another VPN Server Wizard Setup	Click this radio button to set another profile of VPN Server through VPN Server Wizard.
View more detailed configuration	Click this radio button to access VPN and Remote Access>>LAN to LAN for viewing detailed configuration.



Cancel

## 2.4 VPN Server Wizard

Such wizard is used to configure VPN settings for VPN server. Such wizard will guide to set the LAN-to-LAN profile for VPN dial in connection (from client to server) step by step.

# Choose VPN Establishment Environment VPN Server Mode Selection: Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile: Please choose a Dial-in User Accounts: Allowed Dial-in Type: PPTP PPTP PPTP PPTP PPTP PPTP PSec L2TP with IPSec Policy None Site to Site VPN (LAN-to-LAN) PIDE NAME NAME Allowed Dial-in Type: PPTP PPT

Item	Description		
VPN Server Mode Selection	Choose the direction for the VPN server.  Site to Site VPN – To set a LAN-to-LAN profile automatically, please choose Site to Site VPN.  Remote Dial-in User –You can manage remote access by maintaining a table of remote user profile, so that users can be		
	authenticated to dial-in via VPN connection.  Site to Site VPN (LAN-to-LAN)  Site to Site VPN (LAN-to-LAN)  Remote Dial-in User (Teleworker)		
Please choose a LAN-to-LAN Profile	This item is available when you choose <b>Site to Site VPN</b> (LAN-to-LAN) as VPN server mode. There are 32 VPN profiles for users to set.		

	[Index] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	[Status] x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	[Name] ??? ??? ??? ??? ??? ??? ??? ??? ??? ?		
	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	x x x x	??? ??? ??? ??? ??? ???	~	D. J. D. L. H.
Please choose a Dial-in User Accounts		er) as VPN s			ose Remote Dial-in User There are 32 VPN tunnels
Allowed Dial-in Type	account pr for the VP	ofiles. Next,	you have file. There	to ar	ose any one of dial-in user select suitable dial-in type e several types provided
	✓ PPTI ✓ IPS€		c Policy	No Ni	one one ce to Have ust
	Different I page.	Dial-in Type	will lead	to c	lifferent configuration

- 1. Here we take the example of choosing **Remote-Dial-in User** as the **VPN Server Mode**.
- 2. Check the **Allowed Dial-in Type** for the VPN server profile
- 3. After making the choices for the server profile, please click **Next**. You will see different configurations based on the selection (dial-in type) you made.

• When you check **PPTP**, you will see the following graphic:

VPN and Remote Access >> VPN Server Wizard

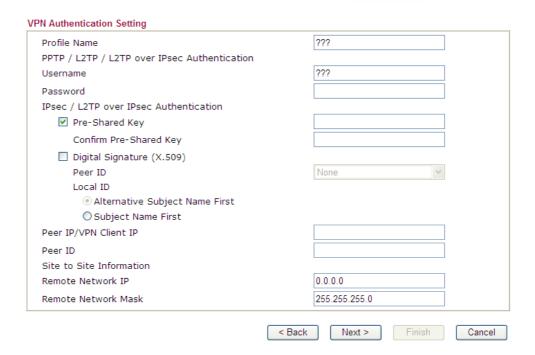
VPN Server Wizard

## VPN Authentication Setting Profile Name PPTP / L2TP over IPsec / SSL Tunnel Authentication Username Password Peer IP/VPN Client IP Site to Site Information Remote Network IP Remote Network Mask Slack Next > Finish Cancel

• When you check PPTP/IPSec/L2TP (three types) or PPTP/IPSec (two types) or L2TP with Policy (Nice to Have/Must), you will see the following graphic:

rofile Name	???
PPTP / L2TP / L2TP over IPsec Authentication	
Jsername	???
Password	
IPsec / L2TP over IPsec Authentication	
✓ Pre-Shared Key	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	
Digital Signature (X.509)	
Peer ID	None
Local ID	
<ul><li>Alternative Subject Name First</li></ul>	
O Subject Name First	
Peer IP/VPN Client IP	
Peer ID	
Site to Site Information	
Remote Network IP	0.0.0.0
Remote Network Mask	255.255.255.0

• When you check **IPSec**, you will see the following graphic:



Item	Description	
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type a name for such profile. The length of the file is limited to 10 characters.	
User Name	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.	
Password	This field is used to authenticate for connection when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.	
Pre-Shared Key	For IPSec/L2TP IPSec authentication, you have to type a pre-shared key.	
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	Type the pre-shared key again for confirmation.	
Digital Signature (X.509)	Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function.  Use the drop down list to choose one of the certificates for using. You have to configure one certificate at least previously in Certificate Management >> Local Certificate. Otherwise, the setting you choose here will not be effective.	
Peer IP/VPN Client IP	Type the WAN IP address or VPN client IP address for the remote client.	
Peer ID	Type the ID name for the remote client.	
Remote Network IP	Please type one LAN IP address (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.	
Remote Network Mask	Please type the network mask (according to the real location of the remote host) for building VPN connection.	



4. After finishing the configuration, please click **Next.** The confirmation page will be shown as follows.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Go to the VPN Connection Management	Click this radio button to access VPN and Remote Access>>Connection Management for viewing VPN Connection status.
Do another VPN Server Wizard Setup  Click this radio button to set another profile of VPN through VPN Server Wizard.	
View more detailed configuration	Click this radio button to access VPN and Remote Access>>LAN to LAN for viewing detailed configuration.

5. If there is no problem, you can click one of the radio buttons listed on the page and click **Finish** to execute the next action.

## 2.5 Wireless Wizard

The wireless wizard allows you to configure settings specified for a host AP (for home use or internal use for a company) and specified for a guest AP (for any wireless clients accessing into Internet).

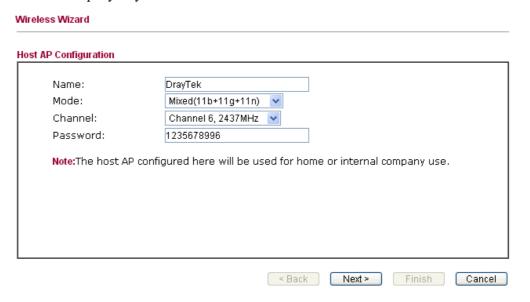
**Note**: This wizard is available for "n" model only.

Follow the steps listed below:

1. Open Wireless Wizard.



2. The screen of wireless wizard will be shown as follows. This page will be used for internal users in a company or your home.



Item	Description
Name	Type the SSID name of this router. The default name is defined with DrayTek.
Mode	At present, the router can connect to 11n Only, 11g Only, Mixed (11b+11g), Mixed (11a+11n), Mixed (11g+11n), and Mixed (11b+11g+11n) stations simultaneously. Simply choose Mix (11b+11g+11n) mode.



	Mixed(11b+11g+11n) ✓  11b Only  11g Only  11n Only (2.4 GHz)  Mixed(11b+11g)  Mixed(11g+11n)  Mixed(11b+11g+11n)
Channel	Means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The default channel is 6. You may switch channel if the selected channel is under serious interference. If you have no idea of choosing the frequency, please select Auto to let system determine for you.
Password	The wireless mode offered by this wizard is WPA2/PSK.  The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication.  Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Exit the wireless wizard without saving any changes.

3. After typing the required information, click **Next**. The settings in the page limit the wireless station (guest) accessing into Internet but not being allowed to share the LAN network and VPN connection.

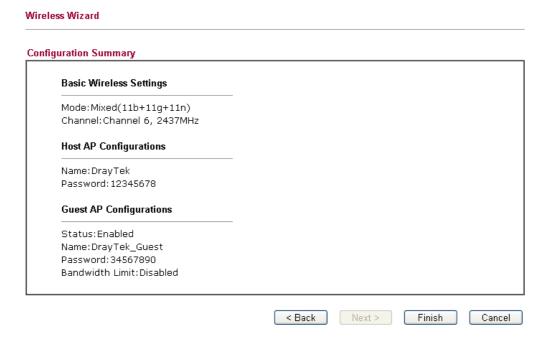
## 

Item	Description
Enable/Disable	Click it to enable or disable settings in this page.
Name	Type the SSID name of this router. (SSID2)
Password	The wireless mode offered by this wizard is WPA2/PSK.



	The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication.  Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").
Bandwidth Limit	It controls the data transmission rate through wireless connection.  Enable -
	<b>Total Upload</b> – Check Enable and type the transmitting rate for data upload. Default value is 30,000 kbps.
	<b>Total Download</b> – Type the transmitting rate for data download. Default value is 30,000 kbps.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Exit the wireless wizard without saving any changes.

- 4. After typing the required information, click **Next**.
- 5. The following page will display the configuration summary for wireless setting.



Click **Finish** to complete the wireless settings configuration.

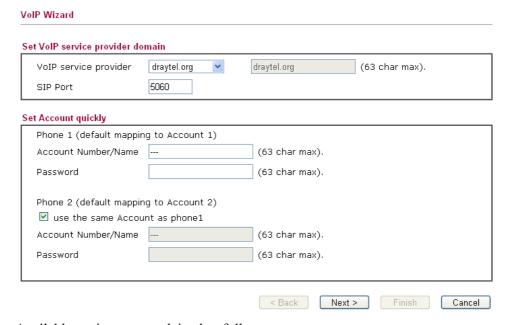
## 2.6 VoIP Wizard

Vigor router offers a quick method to configure settings for VoIP application. Follow the steps listed below.

1. Open VoIP Wizard.



2. The screen of **VoIP Wizard** will be shown as follows.



Item	Description
Set VoIP service provider domain	VoIP service provider - Use the drop down list to choose the ISP which offers the VoIP service for your router. If you cannot find the name of your ISP, simply type it in the right box.  SIP Port – Use the default setting (5060).
Set Account quickly	<b>Account Number/Name</b> – Type the account number/name registered to your ISP.
	<b>Password</b> – Type the password for the account registered to your ISP.
	Use the same Account as phone 1 – If you don't need to configure Phone 2 settings, simply check this box.
Next	Click it to get into the next setting page.
Cancel	Click it to give up the quick start wizard.

3. After finished the settings above, click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.



4. Click **Finish.** A page of **VoIP Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear.

VolP Wizard Setup OK!

## 2.7 Registering Vigor Router

You have finished the configuration of Quick Start Wizard and you can surf the Internet at any time. Now it is the time to register your Vigor router to MyVigor website for getting more service. Please follow the steps below to finish the router registration.

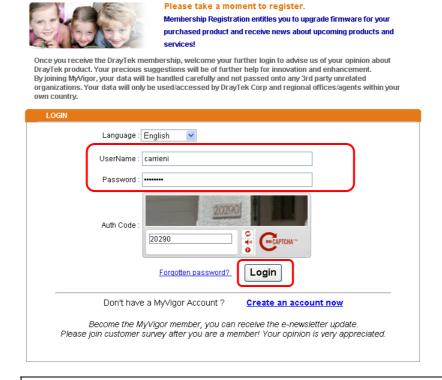
1. Please login the web configuration interface of Vigor router by typing "admin/admin" as User Name / Password.



2. Click **Support Area>>Production Registration** from the home page.



3. A **Login** page will be shown on the screen. Please type the account and password that you created previously. And click **Login**.



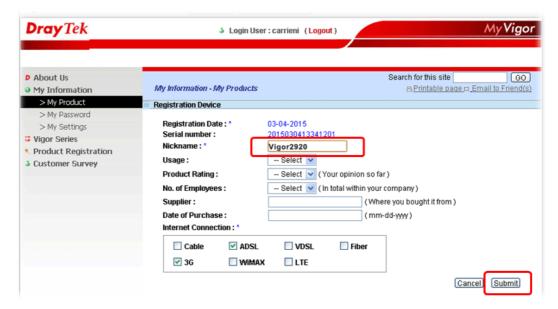
**Notice:** If you haven't an accessing account, please refer to section 3.12 Creating an Account for MyVigor on User's Guide to create your own one. Please **read the articles on the Agreement regarding user rights** carefully while creating a user account.

4. The following page will be displayed after you logging in MyVigor. From this page, please click **Add** or **Product Registration**.



**Note:** Below the field of My Device List, all the Vigor routers that you have registered to MyVigor website will be displayed in sequence.

5. When the following page appears, please type in Nickname (for the router) and choose the right registration date from the popup calendar (it appears when you click on the box of Registration Date). After adding the basic information for the router, please click **Submit**.



6. When the following page appears, your router information has been added to the database.

Your device has been successfully added to the database.



7. After clicking **OK**, you will see the following page. Your router has been registered to *myvigor* website successfully.



This page is left blank.



## 3

## **Tutorials and Applications**

## 3.1 How to configure settings for IPv6 Service

Due to the shortage of IPv4 address, more and more countries use IPv6 to solve the problem. However, to continually use the original rich resources of IPv4, both IPv6 and IPv4 networks shall communicate for each other via intercommunication mechanism to complete the shifting job from IPv4 to IPv6 gradually. At present, there are three common types of intercommunication mechanisms:

## Dual Stack

The user can use both IPv4 and IPv6 techniques at the same time. That means adding an IPv6 stack on the origin network layer to let the host own the communication capability of IPv4 and IPv6.

## Tunnel

Both IPv6 hosts can be communicated for each other via existing IPv4 network environment. The IPv6 packets will be encapsulated with the header of IPv4 first. Later, the packets will be transformed and adjusted as IPv4 payload. Once the packets arrive the border between IPv4 and IPv6, the header of IPv4 on the packets will be removed. Then, the packets with IPv6 address will be forwarded to the destination of IPv6 network.

## Translation

Such feature is active only for the user who uses IPv4 to communicate with other user using IPv4 service.

Before configuring the settings on Vigor2920, you need to know which connection type that your IPv6 service used.

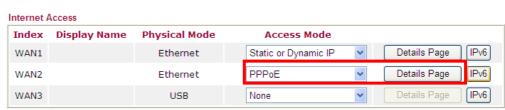
**Note**: For the IPv6 service, you have to configure WAN/LAN settings before using the service.

## I. Configuring the WAN Settings

For the IPv6 WAN settings for Vigor2920, there are five connection types to be chosen: PPP, TSPC, AICCU, DHCPv6 Client and Static IPv6.

Access into the web user interface of Vigor2920. Open WAN>> Internet Access.
 Choose one of the WAN interfaces (e.g., WAN2 in this case) as the one supporting IPv6 service. Then, choose PPPoE as the Access Mode and click Details Page.



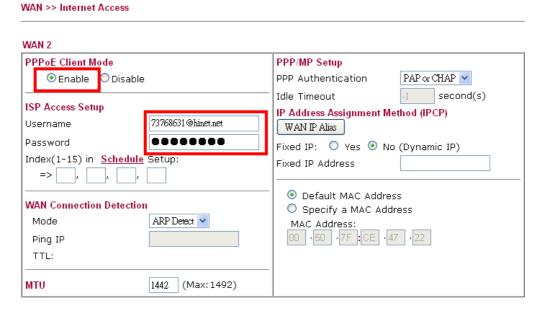


Note : Only one WAN can support IPv6.

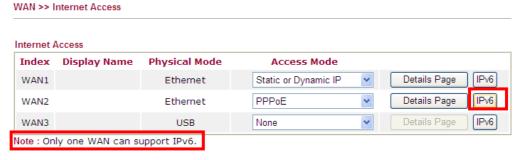


**Note:** Only one WAN interface support IPv6 service at one time. In this example, WAN2 is chosen as the one supporting IPv6 service.

2. In the following figure, click Enable and type the required information. Click **OK** to save the settings and return to previous setting page.



3. Click IPv6.



4. In the following figure, use the drop down list to choose a proper connection type.



Different connection types will bring out different configuration page. Refer to the following:

## PPP – Dual Stack application

Choose PPP to access into the setting page for IPv6 service. It is not necessary for you to configure anything.





Click **OK** and open **Online Status**. If the connection is successful, you will get the IP address for IPv4 and IPv6 at the same time.

## Online Status Physical Connection System Uptime: 0day 0:0:34 IPv6 LAN Status Primary DNS: 168.95.192.1 Secondary DNS: 168.95.1.1 IP Address TX Packets **RX Packets** 192.168.1.2 723 487 WAN 1 Status Mode **Up Time** Enable Line Name 00:00:00 Static IP Ethernet Ves GW IP TX Packets TX Rate(Bps) **RX Packets** RX Rate(Bps) 192.168.10.50 192,168,10,10 0 WAN 2 Status >> Drop PPPoE Enable Line Name Mode **Up Time** 0:00:25 Yes Ethernet PPPoE GW IP TX Packets **RX Packets** RX Rate(Bps) TX Rate(Bps) 168.95.98.254 114.44.49.186 1134 68 136 129 WAN 3 Status Enable Line Name Mode **Up Time** Signal Yes USB 00:00:00 IΡ GW IP TX Packets TX Rate(Bps) **RX Packets** RX Rate(Bps)

## System Uptime: 0day 0:1:11 Physical Connection IPv6 LAN Status IP Address 2001:B010:7300:201:250:7FFF:FECE:4720/64 (Global) FE80::250:7FFF:FECE:4720/64 (Link) TX Packets **RX Packets** TX Bytes **RX Bytes** 690 328 4 7 WAN2 IPv6 Status >> Drop PPP Enable Mode **Up Time** Yes PPP 0:01:01 IP Gateway IP 2001:B010:7300:201:250:7FFF:FECE:4722/128 (Global) FE80::50:7FFF:FECE:4722/128 (Link) FE80::90:1A00:242:AD52 DNS IP 2001:8000:168::1 2001:B000:168::2 TX Packets **RX Packets** TX Bytes **RX Bytes** 544 886

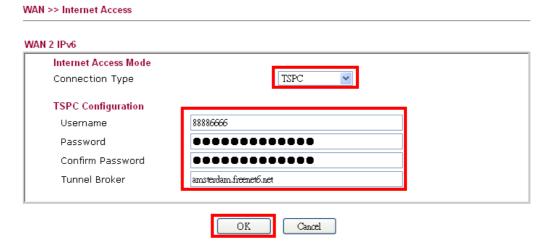
Online Status

## • TSPC – Tunnel application, both IPv6 hosts communicate through IPv4 network

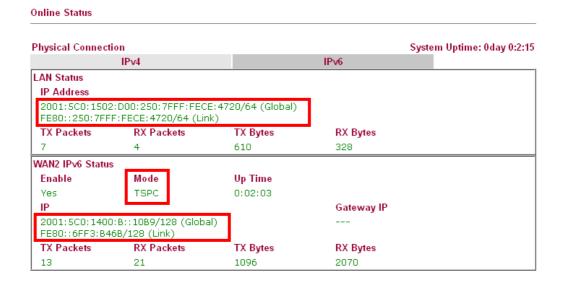
Choose **TSPC** and type the information for TSPC service.

**Note:** While using such mode, you have to make sure the IPv4 network connection is normal.

(In the following figure, the TSPC information is obtained from <a href="http://gogo6.com/">http://gogo6.com/</a> after applied for the service.)



Click **OK** and open **Online Status**. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shows as follows:

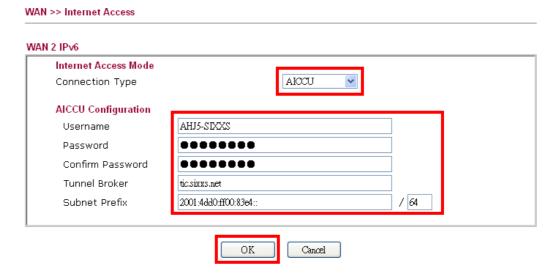


## • AICCU – Tunnel application

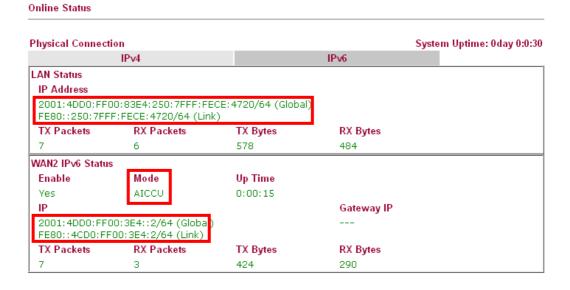
Choose AICCU and type the information for AICCU of IPv6.

**Note:** While using such mode, you have to make sure the IPv4 network connection is normal.

(In the following figure, the AICCU information is obtained from <a href="https://www.sixxs.net/main/">https://www.sixxs.net/main/</a> after applied for the service.)



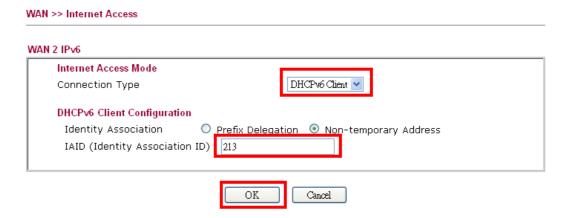
Click **OK** and open **Online Status**. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shows as follows:



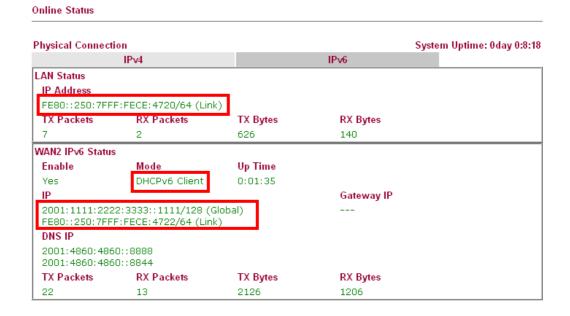


## DHCPv6 Client

Choose DHCPv6 Client. Click one of the identity associations and type the IAID number.

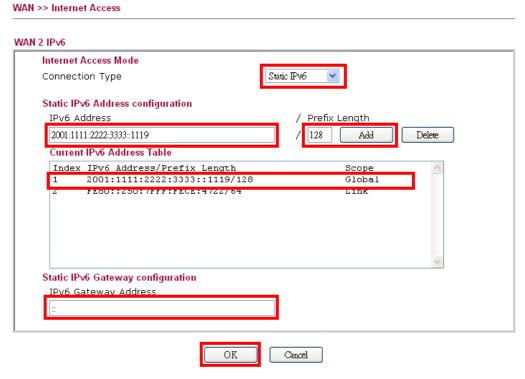


Click **OK** and open **Online Status**. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shows as follows:

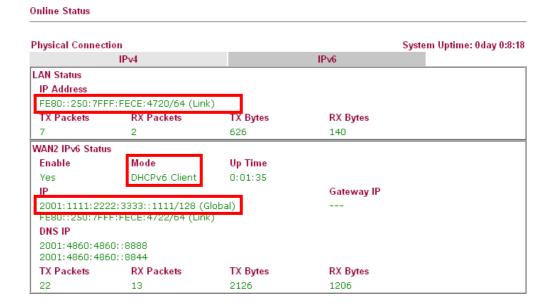


#### • Static IPv6

Choose Static IPv6. Type IPv6 address, Prefix Length and Gateway Address.



Click **OK** and open **Online Status**. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shows as follows:





## **II. Configuring the LAN Settings**

After finished the WAN settings for IPv6, please configure the LAN settings to make the router's client getting the IPv6 address.

1. Access into the web user interface of Vigor2920. Open LAN>> General Setup. Click the IPv6 button.

**Note**: Only the subnet of **LAN1** supports IPv6 feature.

LAN >> General Setup LAN 1 Ethernet TCP / IP and DHCP Setup LAN 1 IPv6 Setup RADVD Configuration Enable ODisable Advertisement Lifetime 1800 Seconds (Range : 600 - 9000) DHCPv6 Server Configuration Enable Server ODisable Server 2001:1111:2222:5555::1111 Start IPv6 Address 2001:1111:2222:5555::2222 End IPv6 Address DNS Server IPv6 Address Primary DNS Server 2001:4860:4860::8888 Secondary DNS Server 2001:4860:4860::8844 Static IPv6 Address configuration IPv6 Address / Prefix Length Delete Add Current IPv6 Address Table Index IPv6 Address/Prefix Length Scope FE80::250:7FFF:FECE:4720/64 Link

- 2. In the field of **RADVD Configuration**, the default setting is **Enable**. The client's PC will ask RADVD service for the Prefix of IPv6 address automatically, and generate an Interface ID by itself to compose a full and unique IPv6 address.
- 3. In the field of **HCPv6 Server Configuration**, when DHCPv6 service is enabled, you can assign available IPv6 address for the client manually.

**Note:** When both mechanisms are enabled, the client can determine which mechanism to be used (e.g., the default mechanism for Windows7 is RADVD).

## III. Confirming IPv6 Service Run Successfully

1. Make sure you have acquired the correct IPv6 IP address. Get into MS-DOS interface and type the command of "ipconfig". Refer to the following figure.

```
CAWINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
                                                                - 0 x
:\Documents and Settings\Owner>ipconfig
Windows IP Configuration
Ethernet adapter Test Line 5:
      Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
      192.168.1.10
                             . . : 255.255.255.0
      Subnet Mask
     IP Address. . . . . . . . . . . . . fe80::211:95ff:fe83:e1bc%4
      Default Gateway . . . . . . . . : 192.168.1.1
                                  fe80::250:7fff:feea:7ee0%4
Ethernet adapter DrayTek Virtual Interface:
      Media State . . . . . . . . . . Media disconnected
```

From the above figure we can see IPv6 IP address has been detected by the system.

2. Use the Ping command to ping any IPv6 address indicating an IPv6 website. For example, <a href="www.kame.net">www.kame.net</a> is a website supporting IPv4 IP and IPv6 IP services. Its IPv6 address is seen with a format of 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7.

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Documents and Settings\Owner>ping 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7

Pinging 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7 with 32 bytes of data:

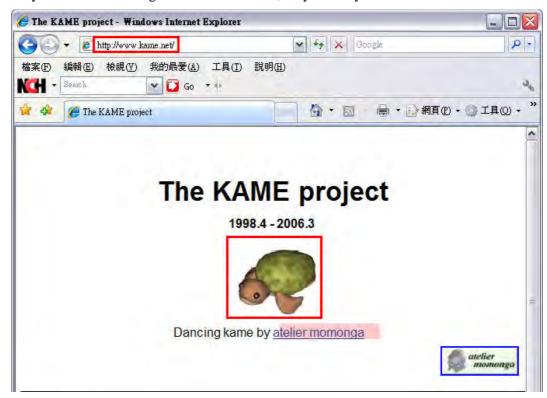
Reply from 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7: time=743ms
Reply from 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7: time=623ms
Reply from 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7: time=626ms
Reply from 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7: time=617ms

Ping statistics for 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 617ms, Maximum = 743ms, Average = 652ms

C:\Documents and Settings\Owner>
```

After getting the above message, it means the IPv6 service has been activated successfully.

3. Connect to the website for IPv6. Open a web browser and type an URL of IPv6, e.g., <a href="https://www.kame.net">www.kame.net</a>. If your computer accesses into the website by using IPv6 address, you may see a turtle dancing on the screen. If not, only a steady turtle will be seen.



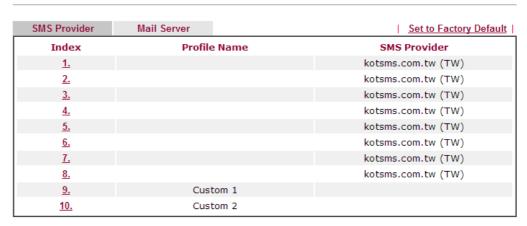
If you can see a turtle dancing on the screen, that means IPv6 service is ready for you to access and utilize.

## 3.2 How to Send a Notification to Specified Phone Number via SMS Service in WAN Disconnection

Follow the steps listed below:

- 1. Log into the web user interface of Vigor router.
- 2. Configure relational objects first. Open **Object Settings>>SMS/Mail Server Object** to get the following page.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object



Index 1 to Index 8 allows you to choose the built-in SMS service provider. If the SMS service provider is not on the list, you can configure Index 9 and Index 10 to add the new service provider to Vigor router.

3. Choose any index number (e.g., Index 1 in this case) to configure the SMS Provider setting. In the following page, type the username and password and set the quota that the router can send the message out.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object





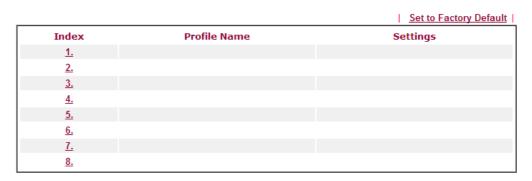
4. After finished the settings, click **OK** to return to previous page. Now you have finished the configuration of the SMS Provider profile setting.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server			Set to Factory Def	ault
Index	Profile Na	ame	SM	S Provider	
<u>1.</u>	Local Nur	mber	kotsms	com.tw (TW)	
<u>2.</u>			kotsms	com.tw (TW)	
<u>3.</u>			kotsms	com.tw (TW)	
<u>4.</u>			kotsms	com.tw (TW)	
<u>5.</u>			kotsms	com.tw (TW)	
<u>6.</u>			kotsms	com.tw (TW)	
<u>7.</u>			kotsms	com.tw (TW)	
<u>8.</u>			kotsms	com.tw (TW)	
<u>9.</u>	Custom	1			
<u>10.</u>	Custom	1 2			

5. Open **Object Settings>>Notification Object** to configure the event conditions of the notification.

Object Settings >> Notification Object



6. Choose any index number (e.g., Index 1 in this case) to configure conditions for sending the SMS. In the following page, type the name of the profile and check the Disconnected and Reconnected boxes for WAN to work in concert with the topic of this paper.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

Profile Index: 1

Profile Name

WAN\_Notify

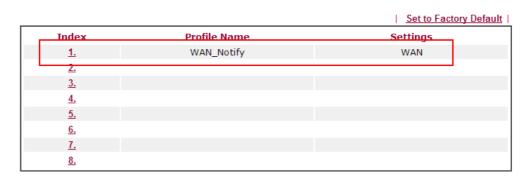
Category
Status

WAN
Disconnected
VPN Tunnel
Disconnected
Reconnected



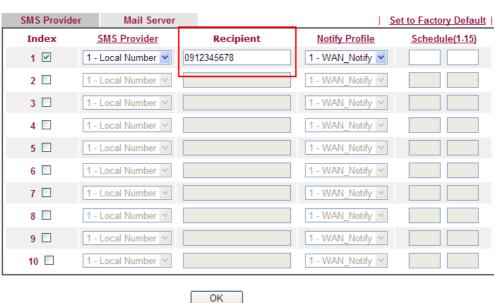
7. After finished the settings, click **OK** to return to previous page. You have finished the configuration of the notification object profile setting.

Object Settings >> Notification Object



8. Now, open **Application >> SMS / Mail Alert Service**. Use the drop down list to choose SMS Provider and the Notify Profile (specify the time of sending SMS). Then, type the phone number in the field of Recipient (the one who will receive the SMS).

Application >> SMS / Mail Alert Service



Cancel

9. Click **OK** to save the settings. Later, if one of the WAN connections fails in your router, the system will send out SMS to the phone number specified. If the router has only one WAN interface, the system will send out SMS to the phone number while reconnecting the WAN interface successfully.

## **Remark:** How the customize the SMS Provider

Choose one of the Index numbers (9 or 10) allowing you to customize the SMS Provider. In the web page, type the URL string of the SMS provider and type the username and password. After clicking OK, the new added SMS provider will be added and will be available for you to specify for sending SMS out.

## Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

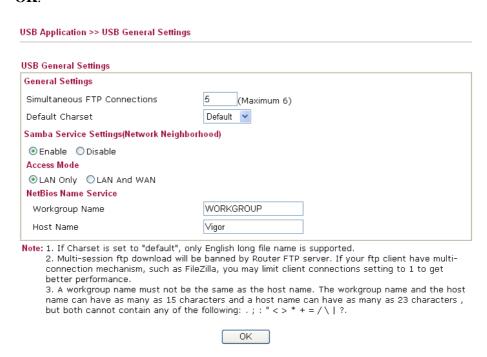
Profile Name	Custom 1			
Service Provider	clickatell			
api.clickatell.com/http/sendmsg?  api_id=3389733&user=###txtUser###&password=###txtPwd###&to=###txtDest###&tex t=###txtMsg###  Please contact with your SMS provide to get the exact URL String				
•		•		
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567		2/2.0?username=###txtUser###		
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567	/eapi/submission/send_sms/2	2/2.0?username=###txtUser###		
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567 &password=###txtPwd##	/eapi/submission/send_sms/2 #&msisdn=###txtDest###&	2/2.0?username=###txtUser###		
eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567 &password=###txtPwd## Username	/eapi/submission/send_sms/2 #&msisdn=###txtDest###&	2/2.0?username=###txtUser###		

# 3.3 How can I get the files from USB storage device connecting to Vigor router?

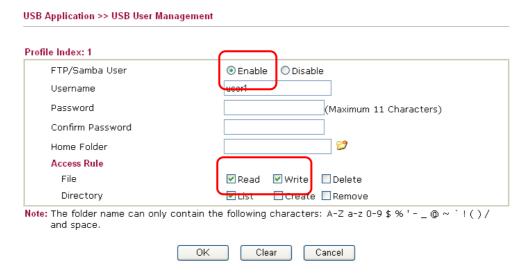
1. Plug the USB device to the USB port on the router. Make sure **Disk Connected** appears on the **Connection Status** as the figure shown below:



2. Open **USB Application** >> **USB General Settings** to check the general settings. Click **OK** 



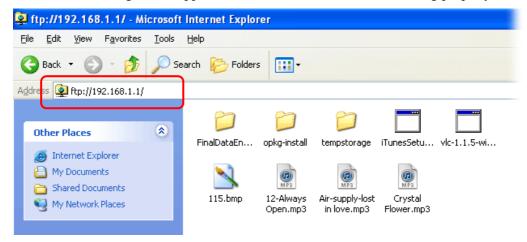
3. Setup a user account for the FTP service by using **USB Application** >>**USB User Management.** Click **Enable** to enable FTP/Samba User account. Here we add a new account "user1" and assign authorities "Read", "Write" and "List" to it.



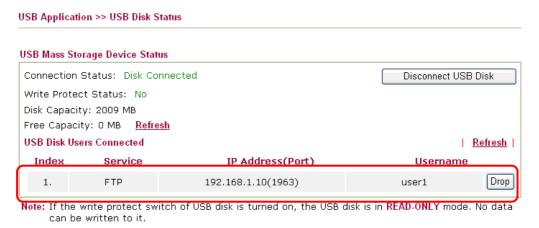
- 4. Click **OK** to save the configuration.
- 5. Make sure the FTP service is running properly. Please open a browser and type <a href="ftp://192.168.1.1">ftp://192.168.1.1</a>. Use the account "user1" to login.



6. When the following screen appears, it means the FTP service is running properly.



7. Return to **USB Application** >> **USB Disk Status**. The information for FTP server will be shown as below.



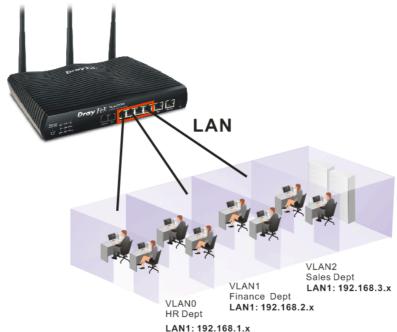
Now, users in LAN of Vigor2920 can access into the USB storage device by typing ftp://192.168.1.1 on any browser. They can add or remove files / directories, depending on the Access Rule for FTP account settings in USB Application >> USB User Management.

## 3.4 How to configure Multi-Subnet for Vigor Router

There are two types of VLAN. One is Port Based VLAN; the other is Tag Based VLAN. Refer to the following sections for learning the usage of VLAN.

## I. Port Based VLAN

Vigor2920 can divide the physical LAN ports into several groups. For example, it can divide the internal departments of a company into three different groups. Each group uses different network segment. See the following graphic for an example.



Group 0 (VLAN0)(Human Resource): LAN Port 1 IP: 192.168.1.0/24 Group 1 (VLAN1)(Finance Dept): LAN Port 2 IP: 192.168.2.0/24

LAN Port 3/Port 4 IP: 192.168.3.0/24 Group 2 (VLAN2)(Sales Dept.):

## **Configuration:**

- 1. In the page of LAN >> VLAN Configuration, check the box of Enable to enable the function of VLAN Configuration.
- For VLAN0 setting, check **P1** and set **LAN1** as the **Subnet**. 2.
- 3. For VLAN1 setting, check **P2** and set **LAN2** as the **Subnet**.
- 4. For VLAN2 setting, check **P3** and **P4**, and set **LAN3** as the **Subnet**.

#### **VLAN** Configuration ✓ Enable LAN Wireless LAN **VLAN Tag** P1 P2 P3 P4 SSID1 SSID2 SSID3 SSID4 Subnet Enable VID Priority 0 🕶 VLANO 🗹 🗌 🗎 V LAN 1 💌 V V V LAN 2 🔻 0 🕶 VLAN1 **~** VLAN2 🗌 🗎 🔽 LAN 3 🕶 0 🕶 VLAN3 LAN 1 💌 0 🕶 VLAN4 | | | | LAN 1 🔻 0 🕶 VLAN5 | | | | LAN 1 💌 0 🕶 0 🕶 LAN 1 💌 VLAN7 | | | | LAN 1 💌 0 🕶

- 1. Tag based VLAN only applied for LAN Ports;
- 2. The checked Wireless LAN SSID will not has VLAN tagging function but regarded as joining VLAN
- 5. In the page of **LAN** >> **General Setup**, check the **Status** box of LAN2 and LAN3 and enable the function of DHCP.

LAN >> General Setup

General Setup

General Setup				
Index	Status	DHCP	IP Address	
LAN 1	٧	٧	192.168.1.1	Details Page
LAN 2	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	192.168.2.1	Details Page
LAN 3	✓	<b>~</b>	192.168.3.1	Details Page
LAN 4			192.168.4.1	Details Page
IP Routed Subnet		<b>V</b>	192.168.0.1	Details Page

Inter-LAN Routing				
Subnet	LAN 1	LAN 2	LAN 3	LAN 4
LAN 1	✓			
LAN 2		✓		

After finishing the above configuration, the equipment connecting to Vigor2920 LAN Port can get the corresponding IP address of the network segment.

The equipment connecting to Vigor2920 LAN Port 1 (LAN1) can get the IP address of 192.168.1.0/24

The equipment connecting to Vigor2920 LAN Port 2 (LAN2) can get the IP address of 192.168.2.0/24

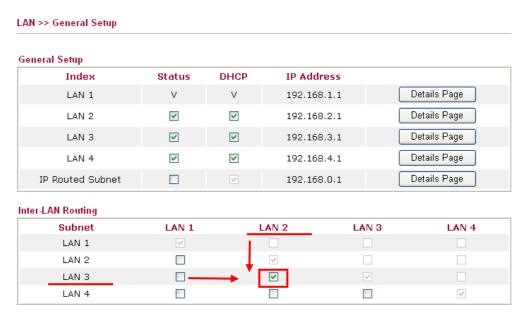
The equipment connecting to Vigor2920 LAN Port 3 and Port 4 (LAN3) can get the IP address of 192.168.3.0/24

For the detailed settings of the network segment, open **LAN>>General Setup** and click **Details Page.** Adjust the settings for your request. Refer to the following figure.



Network Configuration		DHCP Server Configuratio	n
For NAT Usage		● Enable Server ○ Disal	ble Server
IP Address	192.168.1.1	Relay Agent: OEnable	) Disable
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	Start IP Address	192.168.1.10
		IP Pool Counts	50
RIP Protocol Control	Disable 💌	Gateway IP Address	192.168.1.1
		DHCP Server IP Address for Relay Agent	
		DNS Server IP Address	
		Primary IP Address	
		Secondary IP Address	
		Force router to use a	ddress for DNS

6. To make any two of VLAN groups linked with each other, just check the boxes of the ones in the field of **Inter-LAN Routing** in the page of **LAN** >> **General Setup**. Refer to the following figure. LAN2 and LAN3 are linked.

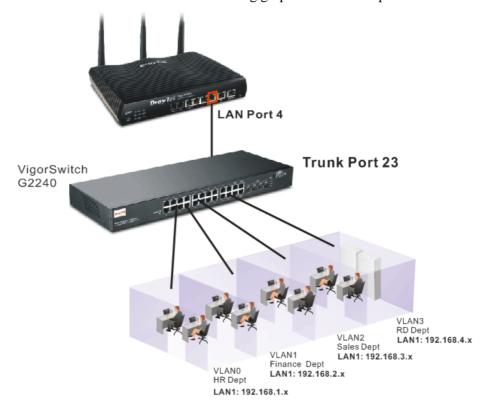


Note: LAN 2/3/4 are available when VLAN is enabled.

## II. Tag Based VLAN

By identifying the tagged message, Vigor2920 can divide the LAN Port into several VLAN groups. Such LAN port with tagged information will accept the packets only with VLAN ID number.

For example, Vigor2920 can divide the internal departments of a company into four different groups by using VigorSwitch 2240. Each group uses different network segment and does not link for each other. VigorSwitch 2240 Trunk Port 23 and Vigor2920 LAN Port 4 are connected with network cable. See the following graphic for an example.

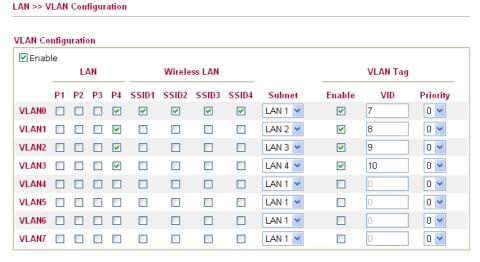


Group 0 (VLAN0)(Human Resource): LAN Port 4 IP: 192.168.1.0/24
Group 1 (VLAN1)(Finance Dept): LAN Port 4 IP: 192.168.2.0/24
Group 2 (VLAN2)(Sales Dept.): LAN Port 4 IP: 192.168.3.0/24
Group 3 (VLAN3)(R&D): LAN Port 4 IP: 192.168.4.0/24

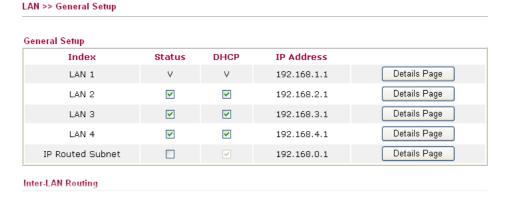
## Configuration

- 1. In the page of LAN >> VLAN Configuration, check the box of Enable to enable the function of VLAN Configuration.
- 2. To activate the function of VLAN Tag for VLAN0 setting, check the box of **Enable** and type the value (7) for VID setting. Then check **P4** and set **LAN1** as the **Subnet**.
- 3. To activate the function of VLAN Tag for VLAN1 setting, check the box of **Enable** and type the value (8) for VID setting. Then check **P4** and set **LAN2** as the **Subnet**.
- 4. To activate the function of VLAN Tag for VLAN2 setting, check the box of **Enable** and type the value (9) for VID setting. Then check **P4** and set **LAN3** as the **Subnet**.

5. To activate the function of VLAN Tag for VLAN3 setting, check the box of **Enable** and type the value (10) for VID setting. Then check **P4** and set **LAN4** as the **Subnet**.



- 1. Tag based VLAN only applied for LAN Ports;
- 2. The checked Wireless LAN SSID will not has VLAN tagging function but regarded as joining VLAN
- 6. In the page of **LAN** >> **General Setup**, check the **Status** box of LAN2, LAN3 and LAN4 and enable the function of DHCP.

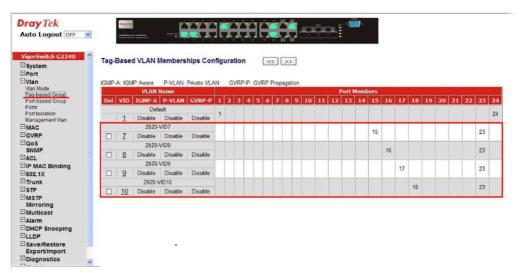


For the detailed settings of the network segment, open **LAN>>General Setup** and click **Details Page.** Adjust the settings for your request. Refer to the following figure.



## **Configuration for VigorSwitch 2240:**

- 1. Open Vlan>>Tag-based Group.
- 2. Add four VID groups. In this case, we can explanation it with Port 15, 16, 17, 18 and Trunk Port 23.



VLAN Name 2920-VID7, Port Members = 15 \cdot 23

VLAN Name 2920-VID8, Port Members = 16 \cdot 23

VLAN Name 2920-VID9, Port Members =  $17 \cdot 23$ 

VLAN Name 2920-VID10, Port Members =  $18 \cdot 23$ 

3. Open Vlan>> Ports and set the VID value with role for each Port:

Port 15 VID = 7 Role = Access

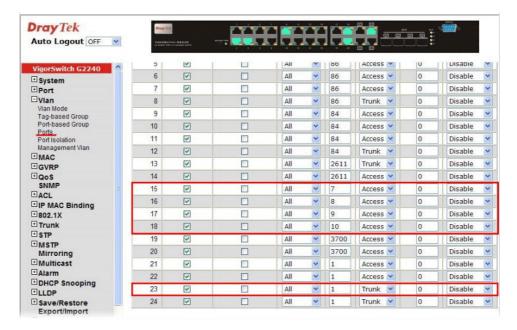
Port 16 VID = 8 Role = Access

Port 17 VID = 9 Role = Access

Port 18 VID = 10 Role = Access

Port 23 VID = 1 Role = Trunk

Port 23 is set with Trunk in this example and will transfer the packets with VLAN Tag information. That is, packets with VID 7, 8, 9 and 10 will be transferred to Vigor2920 by Port 23 and VID information will be retained.



4. After finishing the above configuration, the equipment connecting to VigorSwitch Port 15, 16, 17 and 18 can get the corresponding IP address(es) of the network segment.

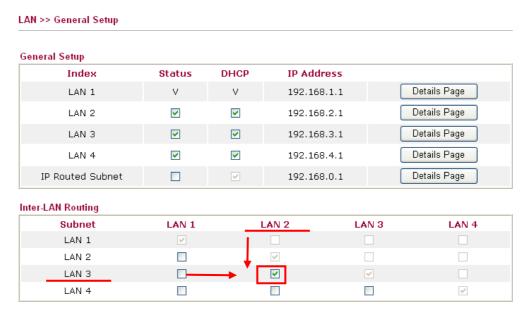
The equipment connecting to VigorSwitch Port 15 can get the IP address of 192.168.1.0/24

The equipment connecting to VigorSwitch Port 16 can get the IP address of 192.168.2.0/24

The equipment connecting to VigorSwitch Port 17 can get the IP address of 192.168.3.0/24

The equipment connecting to VigorSwitch Port 18 can get the IP address of 192.168.4.0/24

7. To make any two of VLAN groups of Tag Based VLAN linked with each other, just check the boxes of the ones in the field of **Inter-LAN Routing** in the page of **LAN** >> **General Setup**. Refer to the following figure. LAN2 and LAN3 are linked.



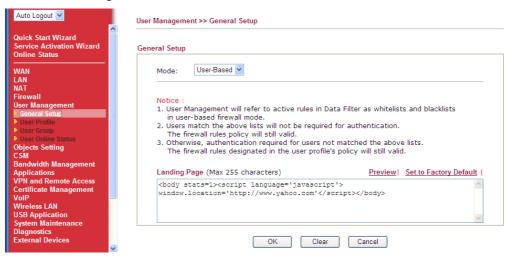
Note: LAN 2/3/4 are available when YLAN is enabled.



## 3.5 How to Customize Your Login Page

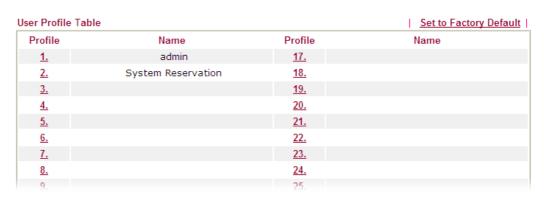
Login page can be customized to fit the request of the administrator.

Open User Management>>General Setup. Set User-Based as the Mode and click OK to save teh settings.

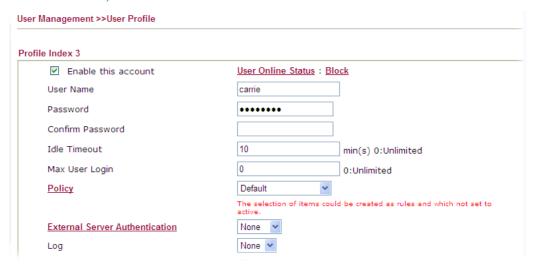


2. Open **User Management>>User Profile** to create a new user profle.

User Management >> User Profile



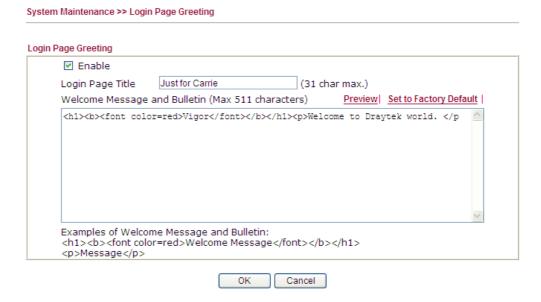
3. Click any link (e.g., #3) to access into the following page. Type a User Name and a Password. Then, click **OK**.



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4. Open **System Maintenance>>Login Page Greeting**. Check the box to enable this function. Type a brief description (e.g., *Just for Carrie*) in the field of **Login Description** which will be shown on the heading of the login dialog. Next, click **OK**.



Note that do not type URL redirect link in Bulletin box.

- 5. Open a new tab in the same browser (for IE 7.0/FireFox and above) or open a new web browser.
- 6. Try to access into the web user interface (e.g., 192.168.1.1) of Vigor router. Please note "*Just for Carrie*" is displayed as a heading on the login dialog box.

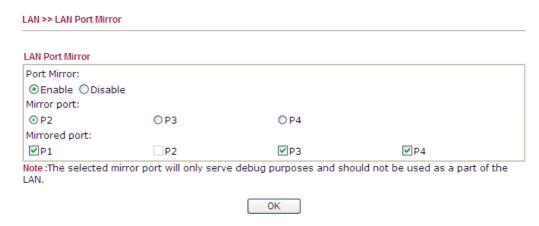


7. After typing the username and password (defined in **User Management>>User Profile**), click **Login**. You can access into Internet or access into the **Landing Page** if configured in **User Management>>General Setup**.

## 3.6 How to use SmartMonitor with Vigor2920 series

For the models that support SmartMonitor, you can connect the device installed with SmartMonitor to the monitor port of Vigor router, then all the traffic in other LAN port will forward to the monitor port. But, there is no hardware monitor port for Vigor2920 series. Therefore we need to configure mirror port setting in the web user interface of Vigor2920 for using SmartMonitor.

1. Please go to LAN > LAN Port Mirror to setup the mirror port.



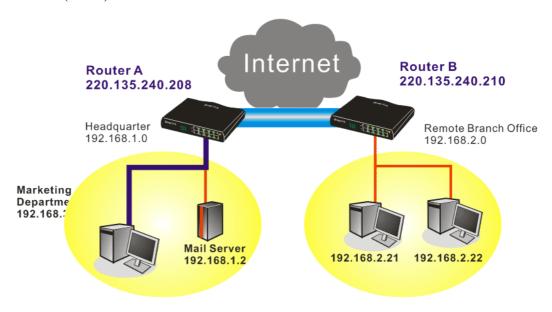
- 2. Please enable the Port Mirror function first.
- 3. Select the Mirror port and Mirrored port, the traffics of mirrored ports will be forwarded to mirror port. For example, if we select **P2** as mirror port and mirrored ports are P1, P3 and P4, then P1, P3 and P4 will forward the traffic to P2.

When the LAN Port Mirror is configured correctly, just connect the PC installed with SmartMonitor to the mirror port.

**Note:** Please pay attention that the mirror port will fail to get IP from Vigor2920. It means that any computer connects to mirror port can not access Vigor2920 or Internet, and only can be used as a "monitor" device.

# 3.7 Create a LAN-to-LAN Connection Between Remote Office and Headquarter

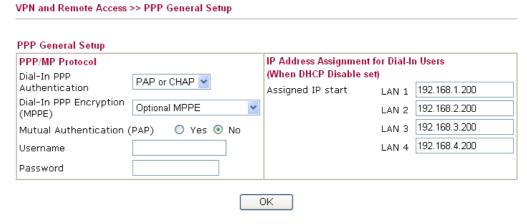
The most common case is that you may want to connect to network securely, such as the remote branch office and headquarter. According to the network structure as shown in the below illustration, you may follow the steps to create a LAN-to-LAN profile. These two networks (LANs) should NOT have the same network address.



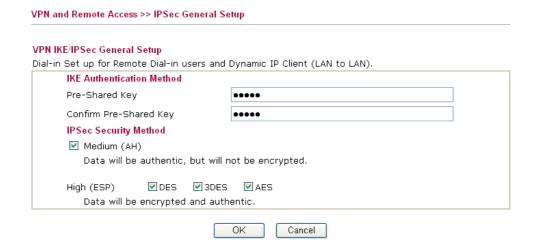
#### **Settings in Router A in headquarter:**

- 1. Go to **VPN and Remote Access** and select **Remote Access Control** to enable the necessary VPN service and click **OK**.
- 2. Then,

For using **PPP** based services, such as PPTP, L2TP, you have to set general settings in **PPP General Setup**.



For using **IPSec**-based service, such as IPSec or L2TP with IPSec Policy, you have to set general settings in **IPSec General Setup**, such as the pre-shared key that both parties have known.

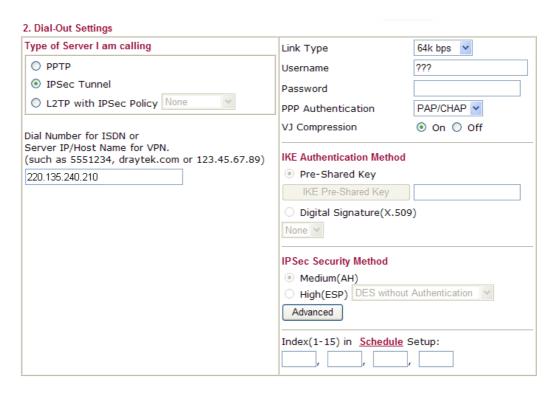


- 3. Go to **LAN-to-LAN**. Click on one index number to edit a profile.
- 4. Set **Common Settings** as shown below. You should enable both of VPN connections because any one of the parties may start the VPN connection.



5. Set **Dial-Out Settings** as shown below to dial to connect to Router B aggressively with the selected Dial-Out method.

If an *IPSec-based* service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-Out connection.

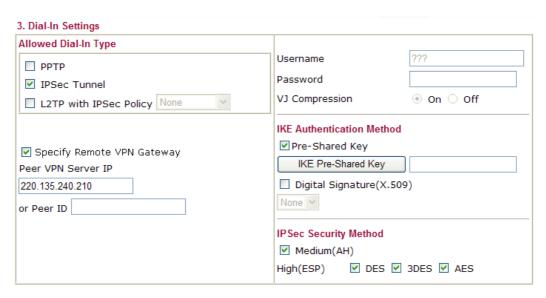


If a *PPP-based service* is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, PPP Authentication and VJ Compression for this Dial-Out connection.

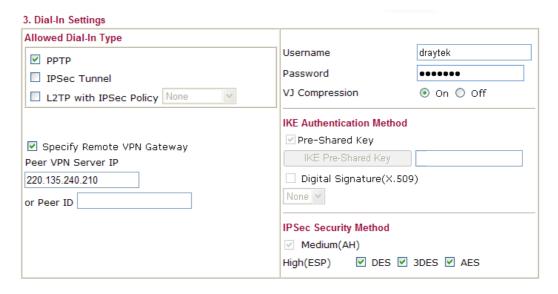


6. Set **Dial-In settings** to as shown below to allow Router B dial-in to build VPN connection.

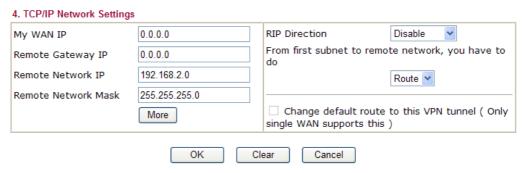
If an *IPSec-based* service is selected, you may further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-In connection. Otherwise, it will apply the settings defined in **IPSec General Setup** above.



If a *PPP-based service* is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, and VJ Compression for this Dial-In connection.

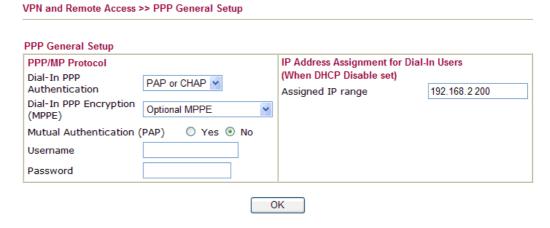


7. At last, set the remote network IP/subnet in **TCP/IP Network Settings** so that Router A can direct the packets destined to the remote network to Router B via the VPN connection.



## **Settings in Router B in the remote office:**

- 1. Go to **VPN and Remote Access** and select **Remote Access Control** to enable the necessary VPN service and click **OK**.
- 2. Then, for using **PPP based** services, such as PPTP, L2TP, you have to set general settings in **PPP General Setup**.



For using **IPSec-based** service, such as IPSec or L2TP with IPSec Policy, you have to set general settings in **IPSec General Setup**, such as the pre-shared key that both parties have known.

/PN IKE/IPSec General Setup	
Dial-in Set up for Remote Dial-in users	and Dynamic IP Client (LAN to LAN).
IKE Authentication Method	
Pre-Shared Key	••••
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	••••
IPSec Security Method	
✓ Medium (AH)	
Data will be authentic, but	will not be encrypted.
High (ESP) ☑ DES ☑:	3DES ☑AES
Data will be encrypted and	l authentic.



- 3. Go to LAN-to-LAN. Click on one index number to edit a profile.
- 4. Set **Common Settings** as shown below. You should enable both of VPN connections because any one of the parties may start the VPN connection.

#### VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN Profile Index: 1 1. Common Settings Profile Name Branch 1 Call Direction Both ○ Dial-Out ○ Dial-in Always on Enable this profile Idle Timeout 300 second(s) VPN Dial-Out Through | WAN1 First 💌 Enable PING to keep alive PING to the IP

5. Set **Dial-Out Settings** as shown below to dial to connect to Router A aggressively with the selected Dial-Out method.

If an *IPSec-based* service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-Out connection.

#### 2. Dial-Out Settings Type of Server I am calling Link Type 64k bps 😽 PPTP Username IPSec Tunnel Password O L2TP with IPSec Policy None PPP Authentication PAP/CHAP VJ Compression On ○ Off Dial Number for ISDN or Server IP/Host Name for VPN. **IKE Authentication Method** (such as 5551234, draytek.com or 123.45.67.89) Pre-Shared Key 220.135.240.208 IKE Pre-Shared Key O Digital Signature(X.509) None v **IPSec Security Method** Medium(AH) O High(ESP) DES without Authentication Advanced Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup:

If a *PPP-based* service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, PPP Authentication and VJ Compression for this Dial-Out connection.

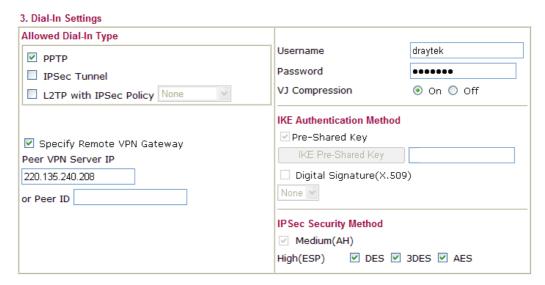
#### 2. Dial-Out Settings Type of Server I am calling Link Type 64k bps PPTP Username draytek O IPSec Tunnel Password O L2TP with IPSec Policy None PPP Authentication PAP/CHAP VJ Compression On ○ Off Dial Number for ISDN or **IKE Authentication Method** Server IP/Host Name for VPN. Pre-Shared Key (such as 5551234, draytek.com or 123.45.67.89) IKE Pre-Shared Key 220.135.240.208 O Digital Signature(X.509) None V IPSec Security Method Medium(AH) O High(ESP) DES without Authentication Advanced Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup:

6. Set **Dial-In settings** to as shown below to allow Router A dial-in to build VPN connection.

If an *IPSec-based* service is selected, you may further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-In connection. Otherwise, it will apply the settings defined in **IPSec General Setup** above.

3. Dial-In Settings	
Allowed Dial-In Type	
□ PPTP  ✓ IPSec Tunnel	Username ????
L2TP with IPSec Policy None	VJ Compression       On Off
	IKE Authentication Method
☑ Specify Remote VPN Gateway	▼ Pre-Shared Key
Peer VPN Server IP	IKE Pre-Shared Key
220.135.240.208	Digital Signature(X.509)
or Peer ID	None v
	IPSec Security Method
	✓ Medium(AH)
	High(ESP)    ✓ DES    ✓ 3DES    ✓ AES

If a *PPP-based* service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, and VJ Compression for this Dial-In connection.

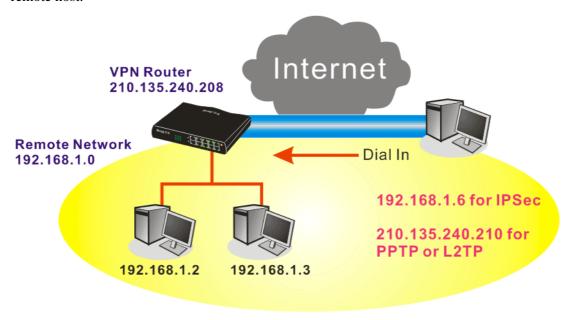


7. At last, set the remote network IP/subnet in **TCP/IP Network Settings** so that Router B can direct the packets destined to the remote network to Router A via the VPN connection.

#### 4. TCP/IP Network Settings ٧ My WAN IP 0.0.0.0 **RIP Direction** Disable From first subnet to remote network, you have to 0.0.0.0 Remote Gateway IP do 192.168.1.0 Remote Network IP Route 💌 Remote Network Mask 255.255.255.0 Change default route to this VPN tunnel ( Only More single WAN supports this ) Cancel OK Clear

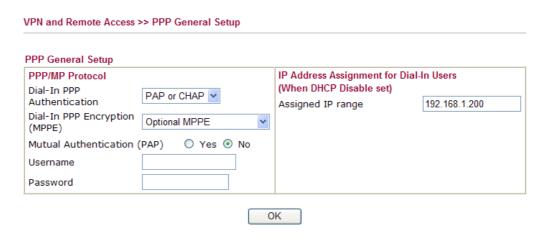
# 3.8 Create a Remote Dial-in User Connection Between the Teleworker and Headquarter

The other common case is that you, as a teleworker, may want to connect to the enterprise network securely. According to the network structure as shown in the below illustration, you may follow the steps to create a Remote User Profile and install Smart VPN Client on the remote host.



## Settings in VPN Router in the enterprise office:

- 1. Go to **VPN and Remote Access** and select **Remote Access Control** to enable the necessary VPN service and click **OK**.
- 2. Then, for using PPP based services, such as PPTP, L2TP, you have to set general settings in **PPP General Setup**.

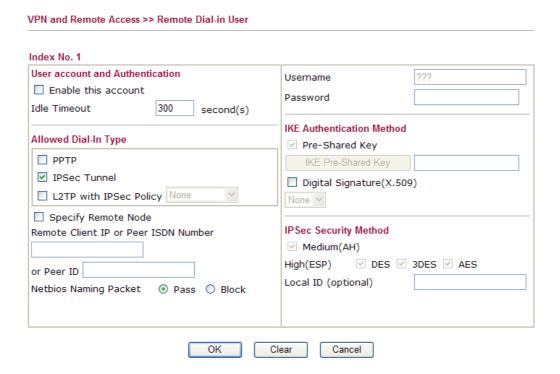


For using IPSec-based service, such as IPSec or L2TP with IPSec Policy, you have to set general settings in **IKE/IPSec General Setup**, such as the pre-shared key that both parties have known.



- 3. Go to **Remote Dial-In User**. Click on one index number to edit a profile.
- 4. Set **Dial-In** settings to as shown below to allow the remote user dial-in to build VPN connection.

If an *IPSec-based* service is selected, you may further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-In connection. Otherwise, it will apply the settings defined in **IPSec General Setup** above.





If a *PPP-based* service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, and VJ Compression for this Dial-In connection.

#### VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User Index No. 1 **User account and Authentication** ??? Username Enable this account Password Idle Timeout 300 second(s) **IKE Authentication Method** Allowed Dial-In Type ✓ Pre-Shared Kev ✓ PPTP ■ IPSec Tunnel Digital Signature(X.509) L2TP with IPSec Policy None None V ☐ Specify Remote Node Remote Client IP or Peer ISDN Number **IPSec Security Method** ✓ Medium(AH) High(ESP) ✓ DES ✓ 3DES ✓ AES or Peer ID Local ID (optional) Netbios Naming Packet

#### **Settings in the remote host:**

 For Win98/ME, you may use "Dial-up Networking" to create the PPTP tunnel to Vigor router. For Win2000/XP, please use "Network and Dial-up connections" or "Smart VPN Client", complimentary software to help you create PPTP, L2TP, and L2TP over IPSec tunnel. You can find it in CD-ROM in the package or go to www.DrayTek.com download center. Install as instructed.

Clear

Cancel

2. After successful installation, for the first time user, you should click on the **Step 0. Configure** button. Reboot the host.

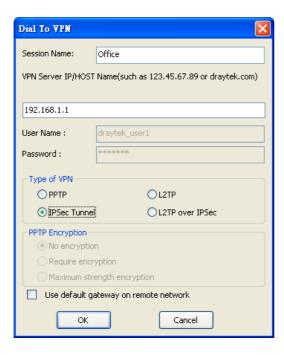
OK



3. In **Step 2. Connect to VPN Server**, click **Insert** button to add a new entry.

If an IPSec-based service is selected as shown below,

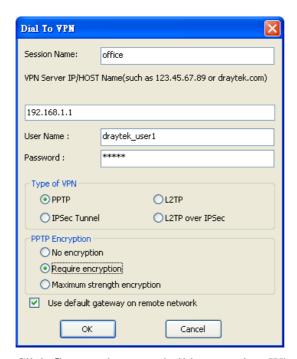




You may further specify the method you use to get IP, the security method, and authentication method. If the Pre-Shared Key is selected, it should be consistent with the one set in VPN router.



If a PPP-based service is selected, you should further specify the remote VPN server IP address, Username, Password, and encryption method. The User Name and Password should be consistent with the one set up in the VPN router. To use default gateway on remote network means that all the packets of remote host will be directed to VPN server then forwarded to Internet. This will make the remote host seem to be working in the enterprise network.

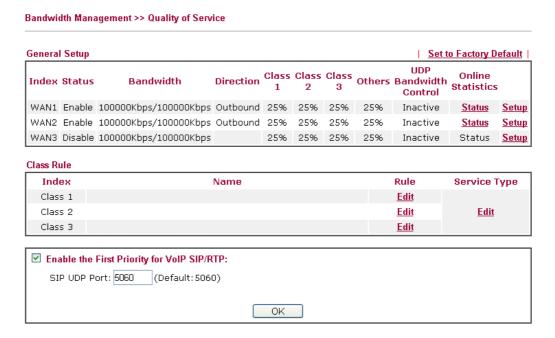


4. Click **Connect** button to build connection. When the connection is successful, you will find a green light on the right down corner.

## 3.9 QoS Setting Example

Assume a teleworker sometimes works at home and takes care of children. When working time, he would use Vigor router at home to connect to the server in the headquarter office downtown via either HTTPS or VPN to check email and access internal database. Meanwhile, children may chat on Skype in the restroom.

1. Go to Bandwidth Management>>Quality of Service.



2. Click **Setup** link of WAN. Make sure the QoS Control on the left corner is checked. And select **BOTH** in **Direction**.

## WAN1 General Setup V Enable the QoS Control WAN Inboun OUT WAN Outbound BOTH WAN Outbound BOTH

3. Set Inbound/Outbound bandwidth.

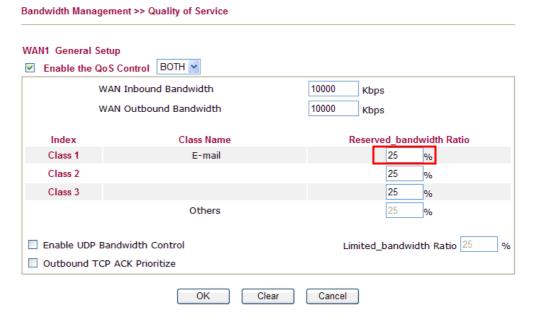
bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service	Dandwidth Management >> Quanty of Service		
WAN1 General Setup			
✓ Enable the QoS Control BOTH ✓			
WAN Inbound Bandwidth	10000 Kbps		
WAN Outbound Bandwidth	10000 Kbps		

**Note:** The rate of outbound/inbound must be smaller than the real bandwidth to ensure correct calculation of QoS. It is suggested to set the bandwidth value for inbound/outbound as 80% - 85% of physical network speed provided by ISP to maximize the QoS performance.

4. Return to previous page. Type the Name of Index Class 1 by clicking **Edit** link. Type the name "**E-mail**" for Class 1.



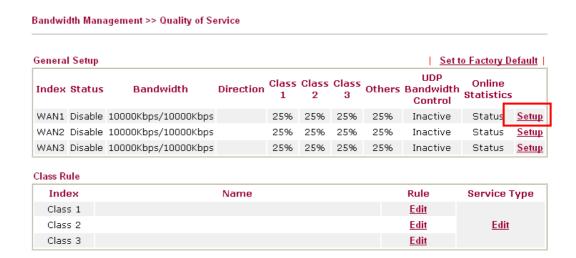
5. For this index, the user will set reserved bandwidth (e.g., 25%) for **E-mail** using protocol POP3 and SMTP.



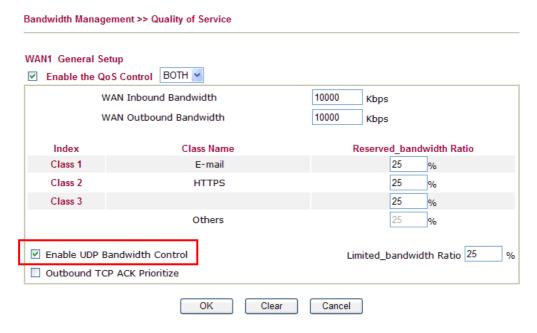
6. Return to previous page. Type the Name of Index Class 2 by clicking **Edit** link. In this index, the user will set reserved bandwidth for **HTTPS**. And click **OK**.



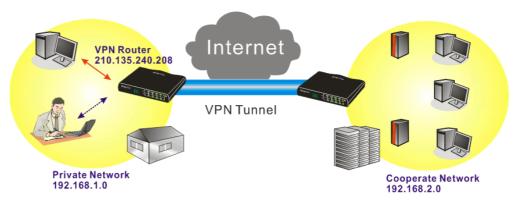
7. Click **Setup** link for WAN.



8. Check **Enable UDP Bandwidth Control** on the bottom to prevent enormous UDP traffic of influent other application. Click **OK**.



9. If the worker has connected to the headquarter using host to host VPN tunnel. (Please refer to Chapter 3 VPN for detail instruction), he may set up an index for it. Type the Class Name of Index 3. In this index, he will set reserved bandwidth for 1 VPN tunnel.



10. Click **Edit** to open a new window.



11. Click **Edit** to open the following window. Check the **ACT** box, first.

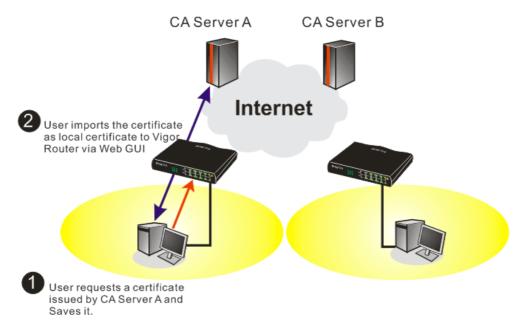


#### Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service



12. Then click **Edit** of **Local Address** to set a worker's subnet address. Click **Edit** of **Remote Address** to set headquarter's IP address. Leave other fields and click **OK**.

## 3.10 Request a certificate from a CA server on Windows CA Server



1. Go to Certificate Management and choose Local Certificate.

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

X509 Local Certificate Configuration

Name Subject Status Modify

Local --- -- View Delete

GENERATE IMPORT REFRESH

X509 Local Certificate

You can click GENERATE button to start to edit a certificate request. Type the information in the certificate request.

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

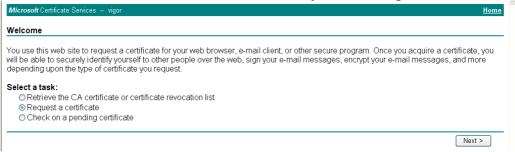
Generate Certificate Request Subject Alternative Name Type Domain Name Domain Name draytek.com Subject Name TVV Country (C) State (ST) Location (L) Orginization (O) Draytek Orginization Unit (OU) Common Name (CN) Email (E) press@draytek.com Кеу Туре Key Size Generate

3. Copy and save the X509 Local Certificate Requet as a text file and save it for later use.

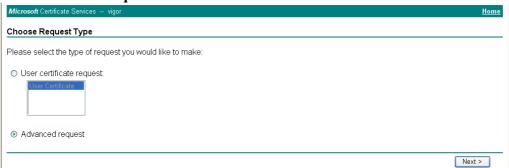
Certificate Management >> Local Certificate



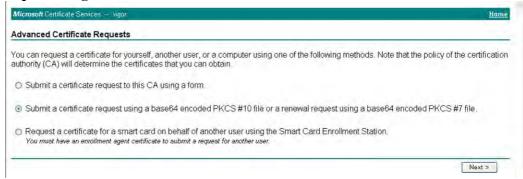
4. Connect to CA server via web browser. Follow the instruction to submit the request. Below we take a Windows 2000 CA server for example. Select **Request a Certificate**.



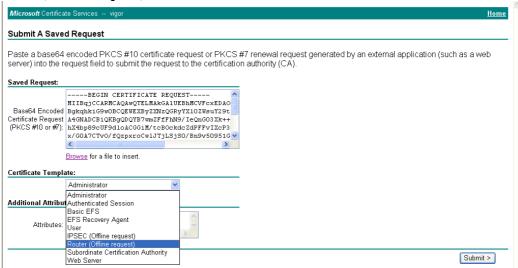
Select Advanced request.



Select Submit a certificate request a base64 encoded PKCS #10 file or a renewal request using a base64 encoded PKCS #7 file



Import the X509 Local Certificate Requet text file. Select **Router (Offline request)** or **IPSec (Offline request)** below.



Then you have done the request and the server now issues you a certificate. Select **Base 64 encoded** certificate and **Download CA certificate**. Now you should get a certificate (.cer file) and save it.

5. Back to Vigor router, go to **Local Certificate**. Click **IMPORT** button and browse the file to import the certificate (.cer file) into Vigor router. When finished, click refresh and you will find the below window showing "-----BEGINE CERTIFICATE-----"

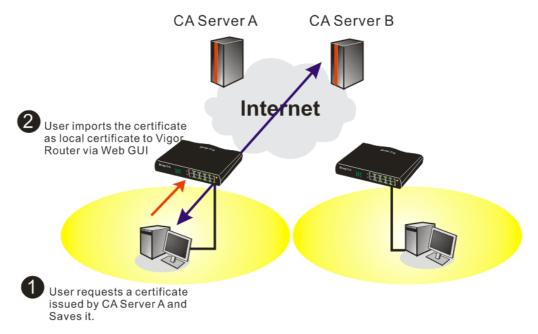
Certificate Management >> Local Certificate



6. You may review the detail information of the certificate by clicking **View** button.



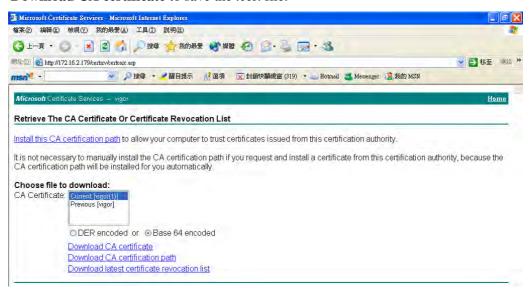
### 3.11 Request a CA Certificate and Set as Trusted on Windows CA Server



1. Use web browser connecting to the CA server that you would like to retrieve its CA certificate. Click **Retrive the CA certificate or certificate recornig list**.



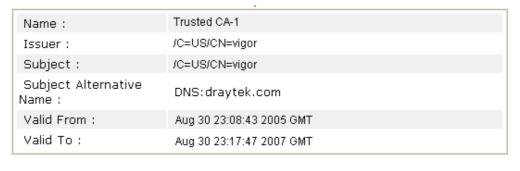
2. In Choose file to download, click CA Certificate Current and Base 64 encoded, and Download CA certificate to save the .cer. file.



3. Back to Vigor router, go to **Trusted CA Certificate**. Click **IMPORT** button and browse the file to import the certificate (.cer file) into Vigor router. When finished, click refresh and you will find the below illustration.



4. You may review the detail information of the certificate by clicking **View** button.



Close

**Note**: Before setting certificate configuration, please go to **System Maintenance** >> **Time and Date** to reset current time of the router first.

#### 3.12 Creating an Account for MyVigor

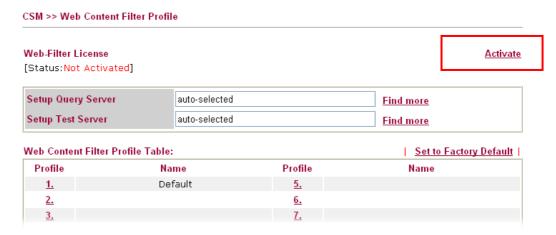
The website of MyVigor (a server located on <a href="http://myvigor.draytek.com">http://myvigor.draytek.com</a>) provides several useful services (such as Web Content Filter) to filtering the web pages for the sake of protecting your system.

In general, **Service Activation Wizard** can activate WCF service for the router by using simple steps. However, if you (for example, a company) purchase several different routers and activate the services respectively, you might need an account to achieve the goal of management.

Please follow the sections below to create an account for MyVigor.

#### 3.12.1 Creating an Account via Vigor Router

1. Click **CSM>> Web Content Filter Profile**. The following page will appear.



Or

Click **System Maintenance>>Activation** to open the following page.



2. Click the **Activate** link. A login page for MyVigor web site will pop up automatically.

This service is available for MyVigor member only. Please login to access MyVigor. If you are not one of the members of MyVigor, please create an account first.

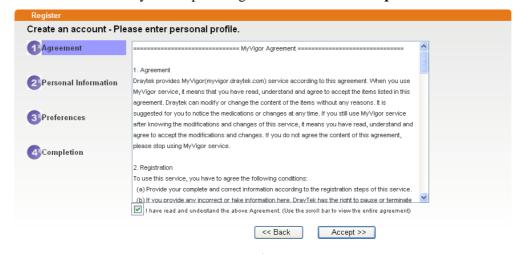


If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service.

Customer Service : (886) 3 597 2727 or

email to :<u>webmaster@draytek.com</u>

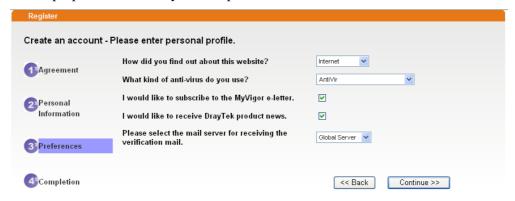
- 3. Click the link of **Create an account now**.
- 4. Check to confirm that you accept the Agreement and click **Accept**.



5. Type your personal information in this page and then click **Continue**.



6. Choose proper selection for your computer and click **Continue**.



7. Now you have created an account successfully. Click START.



8. Check to see the confirmation *email* with the title of **New Account Confirmation Letter from myvigor.draytek.com**.

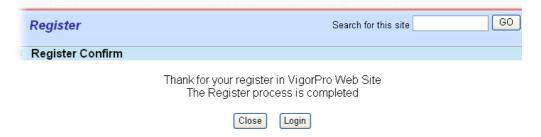
\*\*\*\*\* This is an automated message from myvigor draytek.com. \*\*\*\*\*

Thank you (Mary) for creating an account.

Please click on the activation link below to activate your account

Link: Activate my Account

9. Click the **Activate my Account** link to enable the account that you created. The following screen will be shown to verify the register process is finished. Please click **Login**.



10. When you see the following page, please type in the account and password (that you just created) in the fields of **UserName** and **Password**.

This service is available for MyVigor member only. Please login to access MyVigor. If you are not one of the members of MyVigor, please create an account first.



If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service

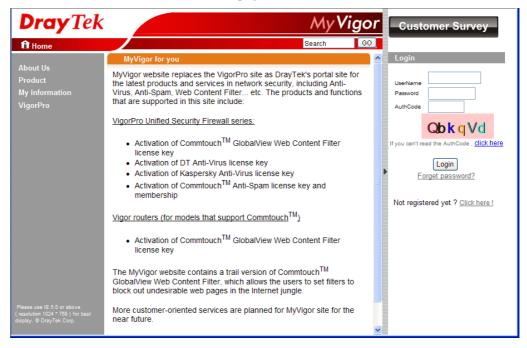
Customer Service: (888) 3 597 2727 or

email to: Webmaster@draytek.com

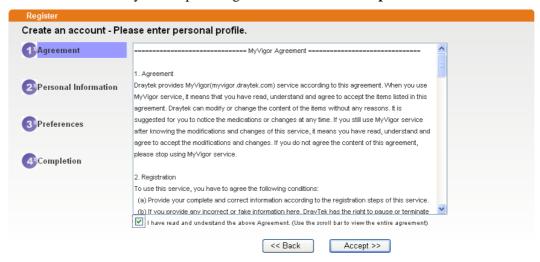
11. Now, click **Login**. Your account has been activated. You can access into MyVigor server to activate the service (e.g., WCF) that you want.

#### 3.12.2 Creating an Account via MyVigor Web Site

1. Access into <a href="http://myvigor.draytek.com">http://myvigor.draytek.com</a>. Find the line of **Not registered yet?**. Then, click the link **Click here!** to access into next page.



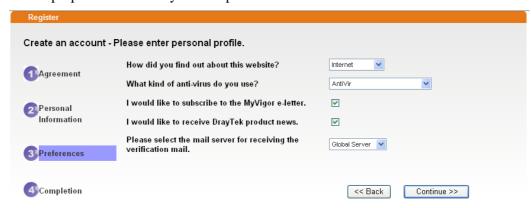
2. Check to confirm that you accept the Agreement and click **Accept**.



3. Type your personal information in this page and then click **Continue**.



4. Choose proper selection for your computer and click **Continue**.





5. Now you have created an account successfully. Click START.



6. Check to see the confirmation *email* with the title of **New Account Confirmation Letter from <u>myvigor.draytek.com</u>**.

\*\*\*\*\* This is an automated message from myvigor draytek.com. \*\*\*\*\*

Thank you (Mary) for creating an account.

Please click on the activation link below to activate your account

Link: Activate my Account

7. Click the **Activate my Account** link to enable the account that you created. The following screen will be shown to verify the register process is finished. Please click **Login**.



The Confirm message of New Owner(Mary) maybe timeout Please try again or contact to draytek.com







8. When you see the following page, please type in the account and password (that you just created) in the fields of **UserName** and **Password**. Then type the code in the box of Auth Code according to the value displayed on the right side of it.

This service is available for MyVigor member only. Please login to access MyVigor. If you are not one of the members of MyVigor, please create an account first.

UserName :	Mary	
Password :	••••	
Auth Code :	T4he1C	T4he1C
	If you cannot read th	ne word, <u>click here</u>
	Forget pass	word? Login
Don't have a N	MyVigor Account	? Create an account now

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service.

Customer Service: (886) 3 597 2727 or

email to: <a href="mailto:webmaster@draytek.com">webmaster@draytek.com</a>

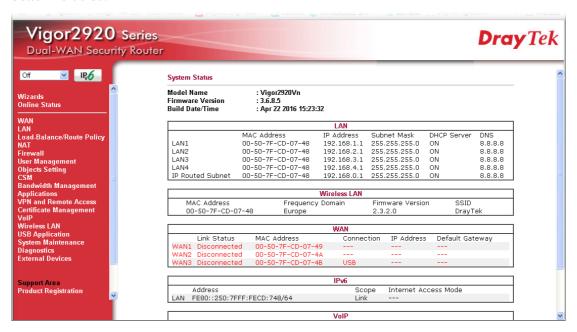
Now, click **Login**. Your account has been activated. You can access into MyVigor server to activate the service (e.g., WCF) that you want.

# Advanced Web Configuration

This chapter will guide users to execute advanced (full) configuration through admin mode operation.

- 1. Open a web browser on your PC and type http://192.168.1.1. The window will ask for typing username and password.
- 2. Please type "admin/admin" on Username/Password for administration operation.

Now, the **Main Screen** will appear. Be aware that "Admin mode" will be displayed on the bottom left side.



#### **4.1 WAN**

**Quick Start Wizard** offers user an easy method to quick setup the connection mode for the router. Moreover, if you want to adjust more settings for different WAN modes, please go to **WAN** group.

#### 4.1.1 Basics of Internet Protocol (IP) Network

IP means Internet Protocol. Every device in an IP-based Network including routers, print server, and host PCs, needs an IP address to identify its location on the network. To avoid address conflicts, IP addresses are publicly registered with the Network Information Centre (NIC). Having a unique IP address is mandatory for those devices participated in the public network but not in the private TCP/IP local area networks (LANs), such as host PCs under the management of a router since they do not need to be accessed by the public. Hence, the NIC has reserved certain addresses that will never be registered publicly. These are known as *private* IP addresses, and are listed in the following ranges:

From 10.0.0.0 to 10.255.255.255 From 172.16.0.0 to 172.31.255.255 From 192.168.0.0 to 192.168.255.255

#### What are Public IP Address and Private IP Address

As the router plays a role to manage and further protect its LAN, it interconnects groups of host PCs. Each of them has a private IP address assigned by the built-in DHCP server of the Vigor router. The router itself will also use the default **private IP** address: 192.168.1.1 to communicate with the local hosts. Meanwhile, Vigor router will communicate with other network devices through a **public IP** address. When the data flow passing through, the Network Address Translation (NAT) function of the router will dedicate to translate public/private addresses, and the packets will be delivered to the correct host PC in the local area network. Thus, all the host PCs can share a common Internet connection.

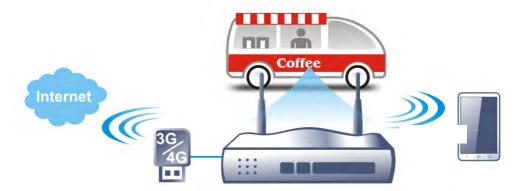
#### **Get Your Public IP Address from ISP**

In ADSL deployment, the PPP (Point to Point)-style authentication and authorization is required for bridging customer premises equipment (CPE). Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) connects a network of hosts via an access device to a remote access concentrator or aggregation concentrator. This implementation provides users with significant ease of use. Meanwhile it provides access control, billing, and type of service according to user requirement.

When a router begins to connect to your ISP, a serial of discovery process will occur to ask for a connection. Then a session will be created. Your user ID and password is authenticated via **PAP** or **CHAP** with **RADIUS** authentication system. And your IP address, DNS server, and other related information will usually be assigned by your ISP.

#### **Network Connection by 3G/4G USB Modem**

For 3G/4G mobile communication through Access Point is popular more and more, Vigor2920 adds the function of 3G/4G network connection for such purpose. By connecting 3G/4G USB Modem to the USB port of Vigor2920, it can support HSDPA/UMTS/EDGE/GPRS/GSM and the future 3G/4G standard (HSUPA, etc). Vigor2920n/Vn with 3G/4G USB Modem allows you to receive 3G/4G signals at any place such as your car or certain location holding outdoor activity and share the bandwidth for using by more people. Users can use four LAN ports on the router to access Internet. Also, they can access Internet via 802.11n wireless function of Vigor2920/Vn, and enjoy the powerful firewall, bandwidth management, VPN features of Vigor2920n/Vn series.



After connecting into the router, 3G/4G USB Modem will be regarded as the third WAN port. However, the original Ethernet WAN1/WAN2 still can be used and Load-Balance can be done in the router. Besides, 3G/4G USB Modem in WAN3 also can be used as backup device. Therefore, when WAN1/WAN2 is not available, the router will use 3.5G for supporting



automatically. The supported 3G USB Modem will be listed on Draytek web site. Please visit www.draytek.com for more detailed information.

#### **Network Connection by IPv6**

Due to the shortage of IPv4 address, more and more countries use IPv6 to solve the problem. However, to continually use the original rich resources of IPv4, both IPv6 and IPv4 networks shall communicate for each other via intercommunication mechanism to complete the shifting job from IPv4 to IPv6 gradually. At present, there are three common types of intercommunication mechanisms:

#### Dual Stack

The user can use both IPv4 and IPv6 techniques at the same time. That means adding an IPv6 stack on the origin network layer to let the host own the communication capability of IPv4 and IPv6.

#### Tunnel

Both IPv6 hosts can communication for each other via existing IPv4 network environment. The IPv6 packets will be encapsulated with the header of IPv4 first. Later, the packets will be transformed and judged by IPv4 router. Once the packets arrive the border between IPv4 and IPv6, the header of IPv4 on the packets will be removed. Then, the packets with IPv6 address will be forwarded to the destination of IPv6 network.

#### Translation

Such feature is active only for the user who uses IPv4 to communicate with other user using IPv4 service.

Before configuring the settings on Vigor2920, you need to know which connection type that your IPv6 service used.

**Note**: For the IPv6 service, you have to configure WAN/LAN settings before using the service.

Below shows the menu items for WAN.



#### 4.1.2 General Setup

This section will introduce some general settings of Internet and explain the connection modes for WAN1. WAN2 and WAN3 in details.

This router supports multiple-WAN function. It allows users to access Internet and combine the bandwidth of the multiple-WAN to speed up the transmission through the network. Each WAN port can connect to different ISPs even if the ISPs use different technology to provide telecommunication service (such as Cable modem). If any connection problem occurred on one of the ISP connections, all the traffic will be guided and switched to the normal communication port for proper operation. Please configure WAN1, WAN2 and WAN3 settings.

This webpage allows you to set general setup for WAN1, WAN2 and WAN3 respectively.

Note: In default, WAN1 is enabled. WAN2 is optional.





Note:Line Speed only used for load balance mode: according to Line Speed



#### Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Load Balance Mode	This option is available for multiple-WAN for getting enough bandwidth for each WAN port. If you know the practical bandwidth for your WAN interface, please choose the setting of <b>According to Line Speed</b> . Otherwise, please choose <b>Auto Weight</b> to let the router reach the best load balance.	
	Load Balance Mode:  Auto Weight  Auto Weight  According to Line Speed	
	<b>IP Based</b> - The same source / destination IP pair will select the same WAN interface as policy. It is the default setting.	
	Session Based- All of the WAN interfaces will be used (as out-going WAN) for passing through new sessions to get better transmission speed. Though good speed test result for throughput might be reached; however, some web site may not open smoothly, especially the site need authentication, e.g., FTP.	
	If you have no strong demand about speed test result, keep default settings as IP based.	
Index	Click the WAN interface link under Index to access into the WAN configuration page.	
Enable	V means such WAN interface is enabled and ready to be used.	
Physical Mode / Type	Display the physical mode and physical type of such WAN interface.	
Line Speed	Display the downstream and upstream rate of such WAN interface.	
Active Mode	Display whether such WAN interface is connected and allows to access into Internet always, or such WAN interface will be treated as backup WAN interface.	

Note: In default, each WAN port is enabled.



#### **Detailed Settings for WAN1/WAN2 Interface (via Ethernet)**

Be aware that WAN2 is fixed with physical mode of Giga Ethernet.

#### WAN >> General Setup

#### WAN 1 Enable: Yes 💌 Display Name: Physical Mode: Ethernet Physical Type: Auto negotiation Line Speed(Kbps): DownLink UpLink VLAN Tag insertion: Disable 💌 (0~4095) Tag value: Priority: $(0 \sim 7)$ Active Mode: Backup 🔽 🛮 Load Balance: 🗹 ■ WAN 1 ■ WAN 2 ■ WAN 3 Backup Type When any of selected WAN disconnect (Only if acting as backup for OWhen all of selected WAN disconnect multiple WAN):

Note:Line Speed only used for load balance mode: according to Line Speed



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Enable	Choose <b>Yes</b> to invoke the settings for this WAN interface. Choose <b>No</b> to disable the settings for this WAN interface.	
Display Name	Type the description for such WAN interface.	
Physical Mode	Display the physical mode of such WAN interface.	
Physical Type	You can change the physical type for WAN2 or choose <b>Auto negotiation</b> for determined by the system.	
	Auto negotiation  Auto negotiation  10M half duplex 10M full duplex 100M half duplex 100M full duplex	
Line Speed	Type the real line speed for downloading and uploading for such WAN interface. The unit is kbps.	
<b>VLAN Tag insertion</b>	Enable – Enable the function of VLAN with tag.	
	The router will add specific VLAN number to all packets on the WAN while sending them out.	
	Please type the tag value and specify the priority for the packets sending by WAN1.	



	Di II Di II d C di CMAN di
	<b>Disable</b> – Disable the function of VLAN with tag.
	<b>Tag value</b> – Type the value as the VLAN ID number. The range is form 0 to 4095.
	<b>Priority</b> – Type the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.
Active Mode	Choose <b>Always On</b> to make the WAN1 connection being activated always.
	Always On Always On Backup
	<b>Load Balance</b> : Check this box to enable <b>auto</b> load balance function for such WAN interface.
	When the data traffic is large, the WAN interface with the function enabled will balance the data transmission automatically among all of the WAN interfaces in connection status.
Backup Type	If you choose <b>Backup</b> as the <b>Active Mode</b> , Backup WAN will be changed into <b>Backup Type</b> . You have to specify which role the WAN interface should play if you want to backup multiple WANs. However, ignore this setting if you want to backup a single WAN.
	Active Mode: Backup   WAN 1 □ WAN 2 □ WAN 3
	Backup Type (Only if acting as backup for multiple WAN):   • When any of selected WAN disconnect • When all of selected WAN disconnect
	When any of selected WAN disconnect – Such backup WAN will be activated when any master WAN interface disconnects.
	When all of selected WAN disconnect – Such backup WAN will be activated only when all master WAN interfaces disconnect.

After finished the above settings, click  $\boldsymbol{O}\boldsymbol{K}$  to save the settings.

#### **Detailed Settings for WAN3 Interface (via USB)**

To use 3G/4G network connection through 3G/4G USB Modem, please configure **WAN3** interface.

#### WAN >> General Setup WAN 3 Enable: Yes 💌 Display Name: Physical Mode: USB Line Speed(Kbps): DownLink UpLink Load Balance: 🗹 Active Mode: ■WAN 1 ■ WAN 2 ■ WAN 3 Backup Type (Only if acting as backup for multiple WAN): When any of selected WAN disconnect O When all of selected WAN disconnect Note:Line Speed only used for load balance mode: according to Line Speed OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Choose <b>Yes</b> to invoke the settings for this WAN interface. Choose <b>No</b> to disable the settings for this WAN interface.
Display Name	Type the description for such WAN interface.
Physical Mode	Display the physical mode of such WAN interface.
Physical Type	In such WAN interface, no type can be selected.
Line Speed	Type the line speed for downloading and uploading for such WAN interface. The unit is kbps.
Active Mode	Choose Always On to make such WAN connection being activated always.  Always On Backup  Load Balance: Check this box to enable auto load balance function for such WAN interface.  When the data traffic is large, the WAN interface with the function enabled will balance the data transmission automatically among all of the WAN interfaces in connection status.
Backup Type	If you choose <b>Backup</b> as the <b>Active Mode</b> , Backup WAN will be changed into <b>Backup Type</b> . You have to specify which role the WAN interface should play if you want to backup multiple WANs. However, ignore this setting if you want to backup a single WAN.





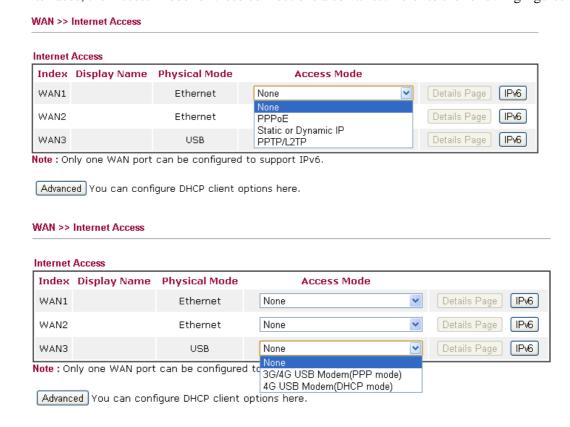
When any of selected WAN disconnect – Such backup WAN will be activated when any master WAN interface disconnects.

When all of selected WAN disconnect – Such backup WAN will be activated only when all master WAN interfaces disconnect.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the settings.

#### **4.1.3 Internet Access**

For the router supports multi-WAN function, the users can set different WAN settings (for WAN1/WAN2/WAN3) for Internet Access. Due to different Physical Mode for WAN interfaces, the Access Mode for these connections also varies. Refer to the following figures



Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Index	Display the WAN interface.	
Display Name	It shows the name of the WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 that entered in general setup.	
Physical Mode	It shows the physical connection for WAN1(Ethernet)/WAN2 (Ethernet) /WAN3 (3G/4G USB Modem) according to the real network connection.	
Access Mode	Use the drop down list to choose a proper access mode. The details page of that mode will be popped up. If not, click Details Page for accessing the page to configure the settings.	
Details Page	This button will open different web page according to the access mode that you choose in WAN interface.	
IPv6	This button will open different web page (based on Physical Mode) to setup IPv6 Internet Access Mode for WAN interface.  If IPv6 service is active on this WAN interface, the color of "IPv6" will become green.	
Advanced	This button allows you to configure DHCP client options.  DHCP packets can be processed by adding option number and data information when such function is enabled and configured.  WAN> Internet Access  DHCP Client Options Status	



under WAN>>Multi-VLAN.

**Option Number** – Type a number for such function.

**Note:** If you choose to configure option 61 here, the detailed settings in WAN>>Interface Access will be overwritten.

**DataType** – Choose the type (ASCII or Hex or IP address) for the data to be stored.

**Data** – Type the content of the data to be processed by the function of DHCP option.

#### **Details Page for PPPoE in WAN1/WAN2**

To choose PPPoE as the accessing protocol of the internet, please select **PPPoE** from the **Internet Access** menu. The following web page will be shown.

#### WAN >> Internet Access

WAN 1		
PPPoE Client Mode	PPP/MP Setup	
⊙ Enable ○ Disable	PPP Authentication	PAP or CHAP
ISP Access Setup Service Name (Optional)	Idle Timeout  IP Address Assignment Mer	-1 second(s) thod (IPCP)
Username	WAN IP Alias  Fixed IP: ○ Yes ⊙ No	(Dynamic IP)
Password	Fixed IP Address	
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:	Default MAC Address     Specify a MAC Address	-
WAN Connection Detection	MAC Address:	
Mode ARP Detect ▼	00 -50 -7F :CD -07	49
Ping IP		
TTL:		
MTU 1442 (Max: 1492)		
PPPoE Pass-through		
☐ For Wired LAN		
For Wireless LAN		

Note: 1.If WAN is Backup mode, Idle Timeout can be set up, else Idle Timeout will be -1.

2.(Optional) Required for some ISPs. Leave blank if in doubt because the connection request might be denied if "Service Name" is incorrect.



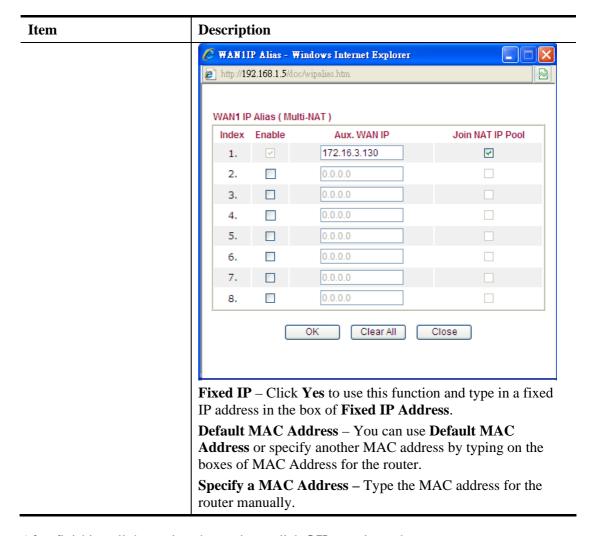
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
PPPoE Client Mode	Click <b>Enable</b> for activating this function. If you click <b>Disable</b> , this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
ISP Access Setup	Enter your allocated username, password and authentication



Item	Description
	parameters according to the information provided by your ISP.
	<b>Username</b> – Type in the username provided by ISP in this field.
	<b>Password</b> – Type in the password provided by ISP in this field.
	Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application – Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.
	<b>Mode</b> – Choose <b>ARP Detect</b> or <b>Ping Detect</b> for the system to execute for WAN detection.
	<b>Ping IP</b> – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.
	TTL (Time to Live) – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. The default setting is 1442.
PPPoE Pass-through	The router offers PPPoE dial-up connection. Besides, you also can establish the PPPoE connection directly from local clients to your ISP via the Vigor router. When PPPoA protocol is selected, the PPPoE package transmitted by PC will be transformed into PPPoA package and sent to WAN server. Thus, the PC can access Internet through such direction.  For Wired LAN – If you check this box, PCs on the same network can use another set of PPPoE session (different with the Host PC) to access into Internet.
	For Wireless LAN – If you check this box, PCs on the same wireless network can use another set of PPPoE session (different with the Host PC) to access into Internet.
PPP/MP Setup	PPP Authentication – Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for PPP. If you want to connect to Internet all the time, you can check Always On.
	<b>Idle Timeout</b> – Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.
IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)	Usually ISP dynamically assigns IP address to you each time you connect to it and request. In some case, your ISP provides service to always assign you the same IP address whenever you request. In this case, you can fill in this IP address in the Fixed IP field. Please contact your ISP before you want to use this function.
	WAN IP Alias - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 8 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using.



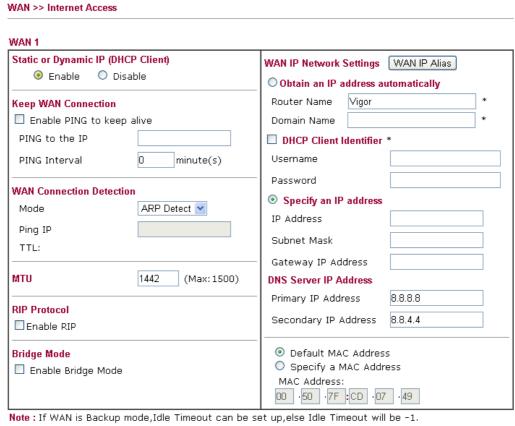


After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

#### **Details Page for Static or Dynamic IP in WAN1/WAN2**

For static IP mode, you usually receive a fixed public IP address or a public subnet, namely multiple public IP addresses from your ISP service providers. In most cases, a Cable service provider will offer a fixed public IP. If you have a public subnet, you could assign an IP address or many IP address to the WAN interface.

To use Static or Dynamic IP as the accessing protocol of the internet, please choose Static or **Dynamic IP** mode from **Internet Access** menu. The following web page will be shown.





Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Static or Dynamic IP (DHCP Client)	Click <b>Enable</b> for activating this function. If you click <b>Disable</b> , this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
<b>Keep WAN Connection</b>	Normally, this function is designed for Dynamic IP environments because some ISPs will drop connections if there is no traffic within certain periods of time. Check <b>Enable PING to keep alive</b> box to activate this function.
	<b>PING to the IP</b> - If you enable the PING function, please specify the IP address for the system to PING it for keeping alive.
	<b>PING Interval</b> - Type the interval for the system to execute the PING operation.



<sup>\*:</sup> Required for some ISPs

Item	Description		
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.  Mode – Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection.  Ping IP – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.  TTL (Time to Live) – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.		
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. The default setting is 1442.		
RIP Protocol	Routing Information Protocol is abbreviated as RIP(RFC1058) specifying how routers exchange routing tables information. Click <b>Enable RIP</b> for activating this function.		
Bridge Mode	If you check this box to invoke the function, the router will work as a bridge.		
WAN IP Network Settings	This group allows you to obtain an IP address automatically and allows you type in IP address manually.		
	would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 8 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using.  WANTIP Alias - Windows Internet Explorer  http://192.168.1.5/doc/wipalias.htm		
	WAN1 IP Alias ( Multi-NAT )		
	Index Enable Aux. WAN IP Join NAT IP Pool		
	1.		
	2. 0.0.0.0 0 3. 0.0.0.0		
	4.		
	5. 0.0.0.0		
	6. 🗆 0.0.0.0		
	7. 🔲 0.0.0.0		
	8. 0.0.0.0		
	OK Clear All Close		
	Obtain an IP address automatically – Click this button to obtain the IP address automatically if you want to use Dynamic IP mode.  Pouter Name: Type in the router name provided by ISP.		
	obtain the IP address automatically if you want to use		

Item	Description
	and password as the DHCP client identifier for some ISP.
	• <b>Username:</b> Type a name as username. The maximum length of the user name you can set is 63 characters.
	• <b>Password:</b> Type a password. The maximum length of the password you can set is 62 characters.
	<b>Specify an IP address</b> – Click this radio button to specify some data if you want to use <b>Static IP</b> mode.
	• IP Address: Type the IP address.
	• Subnet Mask: Type the subnet mask.
	• Gateway IP Address: Type the gateway IP address.
	<b>DNS Server IP Address</b> - Type in the primary IP address for the router if you want to use <b>Static IP</b> mode. If necessary, type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.
	<b>Default MAC Address</b> : Click this radio button to use default MAC address for the router.
	<b>Specify a MAC Address</b> : Some Cable service providers specify a specific MAC address for access authentication. In such cases you need to click the <b>Specify a MAC Address</b> and Type the MAC address in the MAC Address field.

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to activate them.

#### **Details Page for PPTP/L2TP in WAN1/WAN2**

To use **PPTP/L2TP** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please choose **PPTP/L2TP** from **Internet Access** menu. The following web page will be shown.

#### WAN >> Internet Access

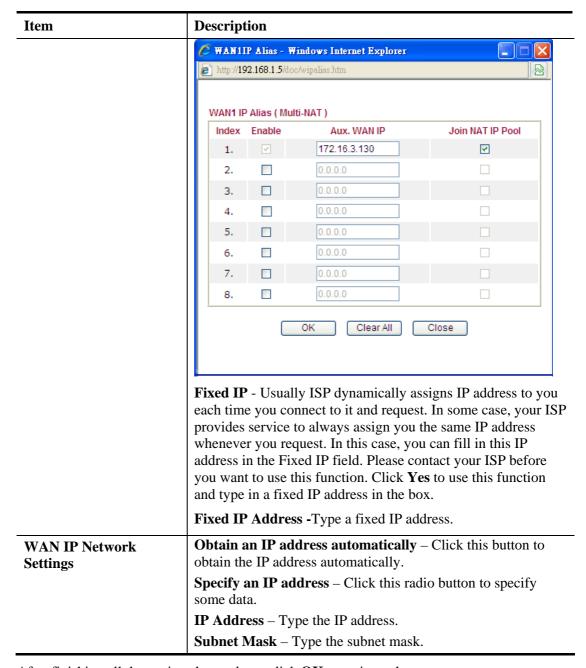
WAN 1	
PPTP/L2TP Client Mode	PPP Setup
○Enable PPTP ○Enable L2TP ⊙ Disable	PPP Authentication PAP or CHAP
Server Address	Idle Timeout 1 second(s)
Specify Gateway IP Address	IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)
172.16.3.1	WAN IP Alias
ISP Access Setup	Fixed IP: O Yes  No (Dynamic IP)
Username	Fixed IP Address
	WAN IP Network Settings
Password	Obtain an IP address automatically
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:	Specify an IP address
=>,,,	IP Address 172.16.3.130
MTU 1442 (Max:1460)	Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Note: If WAN is Backup mode, Idle Timeout can be set up, else Idle Timeout will be -1.





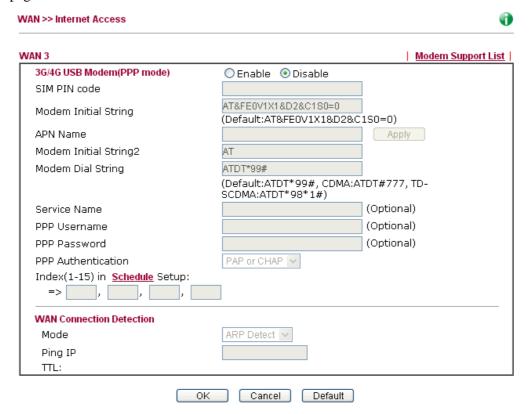
Item	Description
PPTP/L2TP Client Mode	<b>Enable PPTP-</b> Click this radio button to enable a PPTP client to establish a tunnel to a DSL modem on the WAN interface.
	Enable L2TP - Click this radio button to enable a L2TP client to establish a tunnel to a DSL modem on the WAN interface.  Disable – Click this radio button to close the connection through PPTP or L2TP.
	<b>Server Address</b> - Specify the IP address of the PPTP/L2TP server if you enable PPTP/L2TP client mode.
	<b>Specify Gateway IP Address</b> – Specify the gateway IP address for DHCP server.
ISP Access Setup	<b>Username</b> -Type in the username provided by ISP in this field.
	<b>Password</b> -Type in the password provided by ISP in this field.
	Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application – Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. The default setting is 1442.
PPP Setup	PPP Authentication - Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for PPP.
	<b>Idle Timeout</b> - Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.
IP Address Assignment Method(IPCP)	<b>Fixed IP</b> - Usually ISP dynamically assigns IP address to you each time you connect to it and request. In some case, your ISP provides service to always assign you the same IP address whenever you request. In this case, you can fill in this IP address in the Fixed IP field. Please contact your ISP before you want to use this function. Click <b>Yes</b> to use this function and type in a fixed IP address in the box.
	WAN IP Alias - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 8 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using.



After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

#### Details Page for 3G/4G USB Modem (PPP Mode) in WAN3

To use **PPP** (for 3G USB Modem) as the accessing protocol of the internet, please choose **Internet Access** from **WAN** menu. Then, select **PPP** mode for WAN3. The following web page will be shown.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
3G/4G USB Modem (PPP mode)	Enable / Disable - Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
	<b>SIM PIN code -</b> Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet.
	Modem Initial String - Such value is used to initialize USB modem. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP.
	<b>APN Name -</b> APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs. Type the name and click <b>Apply</b> .
	Modem Initial String2 - The initial string 1 is shared with APN. In some cases, user may need another initial AT command to restrict 3G band or do any special settings.
	Modem Dial String - Such value is used to dial through USB mode. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP.
	<b>PPP Username -</b> Type the PPP username (optional).
	<b>PPP Password -</b> Type the PPP password (optional).

	<b>PPP Authentication</b> - Select <b>PAP only</b> or <b>PAP or CHAP</b> for PPP.
	Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in <b>Application</b> >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.
	<b>Mode</b> – Choose <b>ARP Detect</b> or <b>Ping Detect</b> for the system to execute for WAN detection.
	<b>Ping IP</b> – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.
	TTL (Time to Live) – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to activate them.

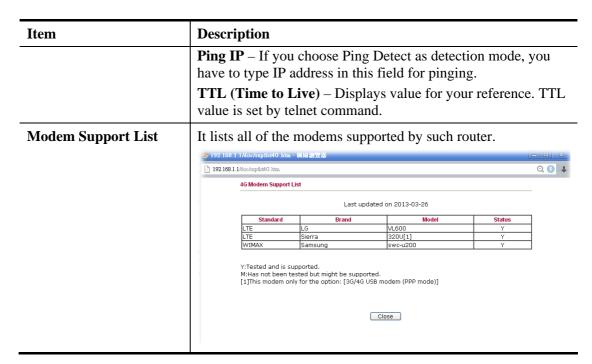


## Details Page for 4G USB Modem (DHCP Client) in WAN3

To use **4G Wimax /LTE** for accessing the internet, please choose **Internet Access** from **WAN** menu. Then, select **4G USB Modem (DHCP Client)** mode for WAN3. The following web page will be shown.

13	Modern Support
4G USB Modem(DHCP mode)	◯ Enable ⊙ Disable
SIM PIN code	
Network Mode	4G/3G/2G (Default:4G/3G/2G)
APN Name	
MTU	1380 (Default: 1380)
LTE software version	
LTE hardware version	
WAN Connection Detection	
Mode	ARP Detect 💌
Ping IP	
TTL:	

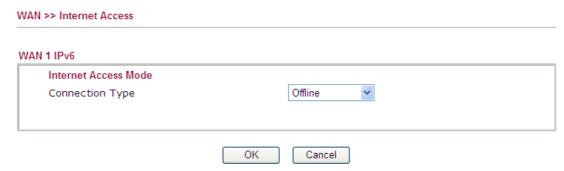
Item	Description
4G USB Modem (DHCP mode)	Click <b>Enable</b> for activating this function. If you click <b>Disable</b> , this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.
SIM PIN code	Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet.
Network Mode	Force Vigor router to connect Internet with the mode specified here. If you choose 4G/3G/2G as network mode, the router will choose a suitable one according to the actual wireless signal automatically.
	4G/3G/2G
APN Name	APN means Access Point Name which is provided and required by some ISPs.
MTU	It means Max Transmit Unit for packet. The default setting is 1380.
LTE software version	Display the software version of LTE.
LTE hardware version	Display the firmware version of LTE.
WAN Connection Detection	Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.
	<b>Mode</b> – Choose <b>ARP Detect</b> or <b>Ping Detect</b> for the system to execute for WAN detection.



After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

#### Details Page for IPv6 – Offline in WAN1/WAN2/WAN3

When **Offline** is selected, the IPv6 connection will be disabled. Take WAN1 IPv6 as an example.



### Details Page for IPv6 - PPP in WAN1/WAN2

During the procedure of IPv4 PPPoE connection, we can get the IPv6 Link Local Address between the gateway and Vigor router through IPv6CP. Later, use DHCPv6 or Accept RA to acquire the IPv6 prefix address (such as: 2001:B010:7300:200::/64) offered by the ISP. In addition, PCs under LAN also can have the public IPv6 address for Internet access by means of the generated prefix.

No need to type any other information for PPP mode.

AN PP INTERIOR ACCESS		
N 1 IPv6		
Internet Access Mode		
Connection Type	PPP 💌	
Note : IPv4 WAN setting shou	ıld be PPPoE client.	
	OK Cancel	

Below shows an example for successful IPv6 connection based on PPPoE mode.





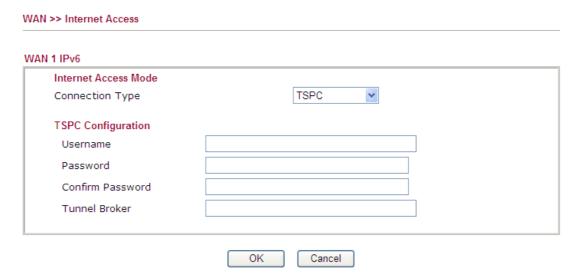
**Note**: At present, the **IPv6 prefix** can be acquired via the PPPoE mode connection which is available for the areas such as Taiwan (hinet), the Netherlands, Australia and UK.

## Details Page for IPv6 – TSPC in WAN1/WAN2/WAN3

Tunnel setup protocol client (TSPC) is an application which could help you to connect to IPv6 network easily.

Please make sure your IPv4 WAN connection is OK and apply one free account from hexago (<a href="http://gogonet.gogo6.com/page/freenet6-account">http://gogonet.gogo6.com/page/freenet6-account</a> ) before you try to use TSPC for network connection. TSPC would connect to tunnel broker and requests a tunnel according to the specifications inside the configuration file. It gets a public IPv6 IP address and an IPv6 prefix from the tunnel broker and then monitors the state of the tunnel in background.

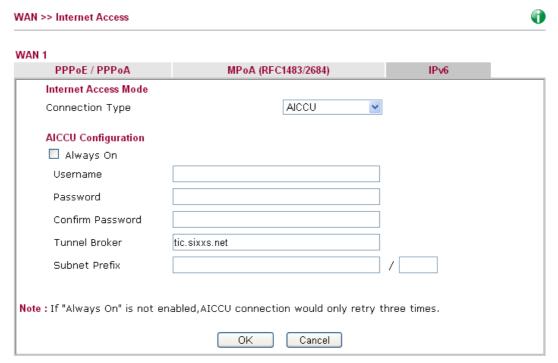
After getting the IPv6 prefix and starting router advertisement daemon (RADVD), the PC behind this router can directly connect to IPv6 the Internet.



Item	Description
Username	Type the name obtained from the broker.
Password	Type the password assigned with the user name.
Confirm Password	Type the password again to make the confirmation.
Tunnel Broker	Type the address for the tunnel broker IP, FQDN or an optional port number.



# Details Page for IPv6 - AICCU in WAN1/WAN2/WAN3



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Always On	Check this box to keep the network connection always.
Username	Type the name obtained from the broker. Please apply new account at <a href="http://www.sixxs.net/">http://www.sixxs.net/</a> . It is suggested for you to apply another username and password.
Password	Type the password assigned with the user name.
Confirm Password	Type the password again to make the confirmation.
Tunnel Broker	Type the address for the tunnel broker IP, FQDN or an optional port number.
Subnet Prefix	Type the subnet prefix address getting from service provider

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

### Details Page for IPv6 – DHCPv6 Client in WAN1/WAN2

DHCPv6 client mode would use DHCPv6 protocol to obtain IPv6 address from server.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Identify Association</b>	Choose <b>Prefix Delegation</b> or <b>Non-temporary Address</b> as the identify association.
IAID	Type a number as IAID.

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

### Details Page for IPv6 – Static IPv6 in WAN1/WAN2

This type allows you to setup static IPv6 address for WAN interface.

>> Internet Access	
1 IPv6	
Internet Access Mode	
Connection Type	Static IPv6
Static IPv6 Address configuration	
IPv6 Address	/ Prefix Length
	/ Add Delete
Current IPv6 Address Table	
Index IPv6 Address/Prefix Length	Scope
Static IPv6 Gateway configuration	
IPv6 Gateway Address	
::	
	_



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Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Static IPv6 Address configuration	<ul> <li>IPv6 Address – Type the IPv6 Static IP Address.</li> <li>Prefix Length – Type the fixed value for prefix length.</li> <li>Add – Click it to add a new entry.</li> <li>Delete – Click it to remove an existed entry.</li> </ul>
Current IPv6 Address Table	Display current interface IPv6 address.
Static IPv6 Gateway Configuration	IPv6 Gateway Address - Type your IPv6 gateway address here.

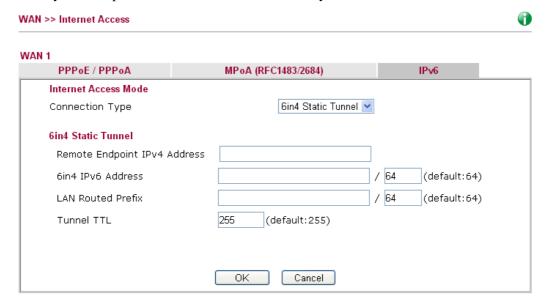
After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### Details Page for IPv6 - 6in4 Static Tunnel in WAN1/WAN2

This type allows you to setup 6in4 Static Tunnel for WAN interface.

Such mode allows the router to access IPv6 network through IPv4 network.

However, 6in4 offers a prefix outside of 2002::0/16. So, you can use a fixed endpoint rather than any cast endpoint. The mode has more reliability.



Item	Description
Remote Endpoint IPv4 Address	Type the static IPv4 address for the remote server.
6in4 IPv6 Address	Type the static IPv6 address for IPv4 tunnel with the value for prefix length.
LAN Routed Prefix	Type the static IPv6 address for LAN routing with the value for prefix length.
Tunnel TTL	Type the number for the data lifetime in tunnel.

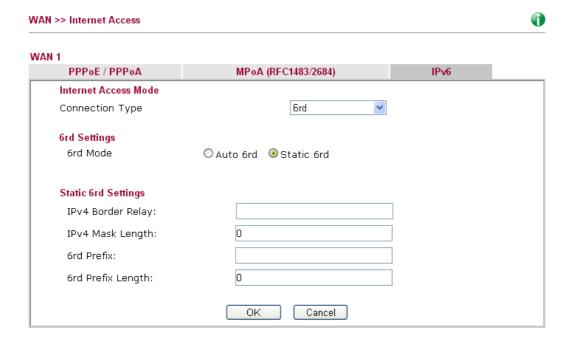
After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save the settings.

Below shows an example for successful IPv6 connection based on 6in4 Static Tunnel mode.

#### Online Status **Physical Connection** System Uptime: 0day 0:4:16 IPv4 IPv6 LAN Status IP Address 2001:4DD0:FF00:83E4:21D:AAFF:FE83:11B4/64 (Global) FE80::21D:AAFF:FE83:11B4/64 (Link) TX Packets **RX Packets** TX Bytes **RX Bytes** 1244 6815 WAN1 IPv6 Status Enable Mode **Up Time** 6in4 Static Tunnel Yes 0:04:07 Gateway IP 2001:4DD0:FF10:83E4::2131/64 (Global) FE80::C0A8:651D/128 (Link) TX Packets **RX Packets** TX Bytes **RX Bytes** 3 26 211 2302

## Details Page for IPv6 - 6rd in WAN1/WAN2

This type allows you to setup 6rd for WAN interface.



Item	Description
6rd Mode	Auto 6rd – Retrieve 6rd prefix automatically from 6rd service provider. The IPv4 WAN must be set as "DHCP".  Static 6rd - Set 6rd options manually.
IPv4 Border Relay	Type the IPv4 addresses of the 6rd Border Relay for a given 6rd domain.



IPv4 Mask Length	Type a number of high-order bits that are identical across all CE IPv4 addresses within a given 6rd domain.  It may be any value between 0 and 32.
6rd Prefix	Type the 6rd IPv6 address.
6rd Prefix Length	Type the IPv6 prefix length for the 6rd IPv6 prefix in number of bits.

After finished the above settings, click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the settings.

Below shows an example for successful IPv6 connection based on 6rd mode.

#### Online Status

Physical Connection IPv4				System Uptime: 0day 0:9:15
			IPv6	All the state of t
LAN Status				
IP Address				
	55:1D00:21D:AAFF FF:FE83:11B4/64 (		obal)	
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
15	113	1354	18040	
WAN1 IPv6 Status	5			
Enable	Mode	<b>Up Time</b>		
Yes	6rd	0:09:06		
IP			Gateway IP	
(Global)	55:1D01:21D:AAFF	FE83:11B5/128		
TX Packets	RX Packets	TX Bytes	RX Bytes	
13	29	967	2620	

### 4.1.4 Multi-VLAN

This router allows you to create multi-VLAN for different purposes of data transferring. Simply go to **WAN** and select **Multi-VLAN**.

#### General

The system allows you to set up to eight channels for multi-VLAN.

WAN >> Multi-VLAN

Gener	al	Bridge		
Channel	Enable		Add Tag	Priority
1.			0	0 🕶
2.			0	0 🕶
3.			0	0 🕶
4.			0	0 🕶
5.		WAN	0	0 🕶
6.		WAN	0	0 🕶
7.		WAN	0	0 🕶
8.			0	0 🕶

Note: 1. Tag value must be set between 1  $\sim$  4095 and unique for each channel.

- 2. Only one channel can be untagged (equal to 0) at a time.
  - 3. Channel 1 and channel 2 are reserved for NAT/Route application.
  - 4. Channel 5 to channel 8 can be used for Router-borne application.



Available settings are explained as follows:

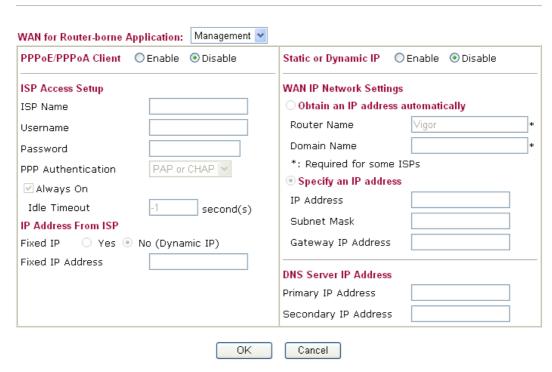
Item	Description
Channel	Display the number of each channel.
Enable	Check this box to enable that channel. The channels that you enabled here will be shown in the <b>Multi-VLAN</b> channel drop down list on the web page of <b>Internet Access</b> . Though you can enable eight channels in this page, yet only one channel can be chosen on the web page of <b>Internet Access</b> .
Add Tag	To identify the usage of VLAN, check this box to invoke this setting. And type the number for VLAN ID (number).
Priority	To add the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

### WAN link for Channel 5, 6 and 7

They are provided for router-borne application such as **TR-069**. The settings must be applied and obtained from your ISP. For your special request, please contact with your ISP and then click WAN link of Channel 5, 6 or 7 to configure your router.





Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
WAN for Router-borne Application	Choose the router service for channel 5, 6 or 7.  Management - It can be specified for general management		
	(Web configuration/telnet/TR069). If you choose Management, the configuration for this VLAN will be effective for Web configuration/telnet/TR-069.		
	<b>VoIP</b> - It can be specified for VoIP only. If you choose VoIP, the configuration for this VLAN will be effective for VoIP data transmitting and receiving.		
	<b>IPTV</b> - Packets from IGMP proxy will be sent out from such WAN interface. Therefore, the setting for IGMP shall be configured with <b>PVC</b> in the page of <b>Application&gt;&gt;IGMP</b> .		
	Management  Management  VoIP  IPTV		

For other settings, refer to **Details Page for PPPoE in WAN1.** 

### **Bridge**

General page lets you set the first channel. As to set the third channel, please click the **Bridge** tab to open **Bridge** configuration page.



#### WAN >> Multi-VLAN

Gener	al	Bridg	je			
Channel	Enable	P1	P2	Р3	P4	Transport VLAN
1.						
2.						
3.						
4.						
5.						
6.						
7.						
8.						

Note: P1 is reserved for Nat/Route use.

The Transport VLAN checkbox setting will allow port-based bridge packets to keep their VLAN headers when sent to LAN ports.



Available settings are explained as follows:

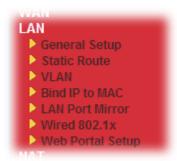
Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable that channel. Only channel 3 to 8 can be set in this page, for channel 1 to 2 are reserved for NAT using.
P1 to P4	It means the LAN port 1 to 4. Check the box to designate the LAN port for channel 3 to 8.
Transport VLAN	Check the box to make the packets keeping their VLAN headers when being sent to the LAN port(s).

Click **Clear** to remove all the configurations in this page if you do not satisfy it. When you finish the configuration, please click OK to save and exit this page.



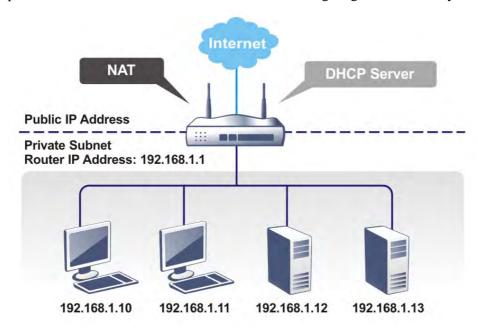
#### **4.2 LAN**

Local Area Network (LAN) is a group of subnets regulated and ruled by router. The design of network structure is related to what type of public IP addresses coming from your ISP.

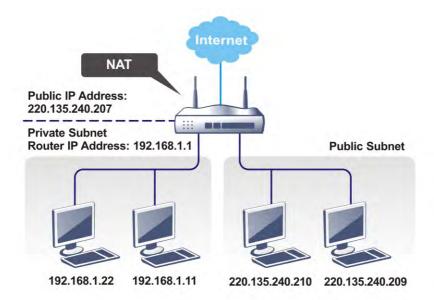


### 4.2.1 Basics of LAN

The most generic function of Vigor router is NAT. It creates a private subnet of your own. As mentioned previously, the router will talk to other public hosts on the Internet by using public IP address and talking to local hosts by using its private IP address. What NAT does is to translate the packets from public IP address to private IP address to forward the right packets to the right host and vice versa. Besides, Vigor router has a built-in DHCP server that assigns private IP address to each local host. See the following diagram for a briefly understanding.



In some special case, you may have a public IP subnet from your ISP such as 220.135.240.0/24. This means that you can set up a public subnet or call second subnet that each host is equipped with a public IP address. As a part of the public subnet, the Vigor router will serve for IP routing to help hosts in the public subnet to communicate with other public hosts or servers outside. Therefore, the router should be set as the gateway for public hosts.



### What is Routing Information Protocol (RIP)

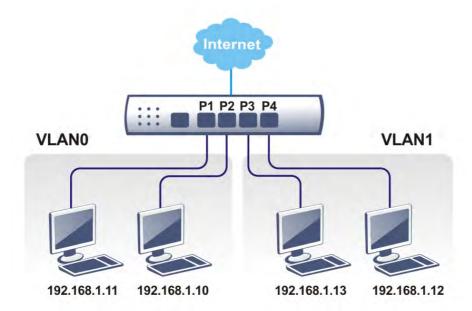
Vigor router will exchange routing information with neighboring routers using the RIP to accomplish IP routing. This allows users to change the information of the router such as IP address and the routers will automatically inform for each other.

#### **What is Static Route**

When you have several subnets in your LAN, sometimes a more effective and quicker way for connection is the **Static routes** function rather than other method. You may simply set rules to forward data from one specified subnet to another specified subnet without the presence of RIP

#### What are Virtual LANs and Rate Control

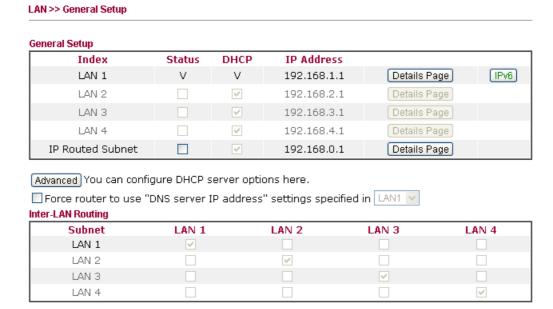
You can group local hosts by physical ports and create up to 4 virtual LANs. To manage the communication between different groups, please set up rules in Virtual LAN (VLAN) function and the rate of each.



### 4.2.2 General Setup

This page provides you the general settings for LAN. Click **LAN** to open the LAN settings page and choose **General Setup**.

There are four subnets provided by the router which allow users to divide groups into different subnets (LAN1 – LAN4). In addition, different subnets can link for each other by configuring **Inter-LAN Routing**. At present, LAN1 setting is fixed with NAT mode only. LAN2 – LAN4 can be operated under **NAT** or **Route** mode. IP Routed Subnet can be operated under Route mode.



Note: LAN 2/3/4 are available when VLAN is enabled.

OK

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description	
General Setup	Allow to configure settings for each subnet respectively.	
	<b>Index -</b> Display all of the LAN items.	
	Status- Basically, LAN1 status is enabled in default. LAN2, LAN3, LAN4 and IP Routed Subnet can be observed by checking the box of Status.	
	<b>DHCP-</b> LAN1 is configured with DHCP in default. If required, please check the DHCP box for each LAN.	
	IP Address - Display the IP address for each LAN item. Such information is set in default and you can not modify it.	
	Details Page - Click it to access into the setting page. Each LAN will have different LAN configuration page. Each LAN must be configured in different subnet.	
	<b>IPv6</b> – Click it to access into the settings page of IPv6.	
Force router to use "DNS server IP address" settings as specified in	Force Vigor router to use DNS servers configured in LAN1/LAN2/LAN3/LAN4 instead of DNS servers given by the Internet Access server (PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP or DHCP server).	

Inter-LAN Routing	Check the box to link two or more different subnets (LAN and LAN).
	and LAIV).

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$  to save the configuration.

To configure LAN 1 ~ LAN 4, or IP Routed Subnet, simply click **Details Page** to open the settings page.

### **Details Page for LAN1**

LAN1 is the default configuration for basic host connection.

LAN >> General Setup



Item	Description
Network Configuration	<b>IP Address</b> - Type in IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.1.1).
	<b>Subnet Mask</b> - Type in an address code that determines the size of the network. (Default: 255.255.255.0/ 24)
	RIP Protocol Control - Disable deactivates the RIP protocol. It will lead to a stoppage of the exchange of routing information between routers. (Default) Enable can activate the RIP protocol.
DHCP Server Configuration	DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. The router by factory default acts a DHCP server for your network so it automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. It is highly recommended that you leave the router enabled as a DHCP server if you do not have a DHCP server for your network.
	<b>Enable Server -</b> Let the router assign IP address to every host in the LAN.
	<b>Disable Server</b> –If your LAN has another DHCP server, please click it to disable the DHCP server of this device. However, If you LAN does not have any DHCP server, you



Item	Description	
	can manually assign IP address to every host in the LAN.	
	<b>Enable Relay Agent</b> –Specify which subnet that DHCP server is located the relay agent should redirect the DHCP request to.	
	<b>Start IP Address</b> - Type a value of the IP address pool for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. If the 1 IP address of your router is 192.168.1.1, the starting IP addresses must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.25	
	<b>IP Pool Counts -</b> Type the maximum number of PCs that you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The default is 50 and the maximum is 253.	
	<b>Gateway IP Address -</b> Type a value of the gateway IP address for this subnet. The value is usually as same as the 1st IP address of the router, which means the router is the default gateway.	
	<b>Lease Time</b> – Type the time to determine how long the IP address assigned by DHCP server can be used.	
	Clear DHCP lease for inactive clients periodically — Whenever a DHCP client requests an IP address from the LAN DHCP server, the server will give out an IP to this client for a certain amount of time (e.g., 1 day). However, even if this client only uses the IP for say 5 minutes, the server still "reserves" 1 day for that client. Because a DHCP server only has a limited number of IPs to lease to its DHCP clients, soon enough all the IPs will be used out and then no one will be able to get any IPs from this server anymore. Therefore, this feature is used to get the IP back from inactive clients (i.e. doesn't use the IP but the server still reserves the IP for him).	
DNS Server IP Address	DNS stands for Domain Name System. Every Internet host must have a unique IP address, also they may have a human-friendly, easy to remember name such as www.yahoo.com. The DNS server converts the user-friendly name into its equivalent IP address.	
	Primary IP Address - You can specify the primary DNS server IP address here. The Router will assign the specified DNS server IP instead of the ISP offered DNS server IP to LAN DHCP clients.	
	<b>Secondary IP Address -</b> You can specify the secondary DNS server IP address here. Router will assign the specified DNS server IP instead of the ISP offered DNS server IP to LAN DHCP clients.	
	The default DNS Server IP address can be found via Online Status:	
	System Status         System Uptime: 71:47:46           LAN Status         Primary DNS: 194.109.6.66         Secondary DNS: 168.95.1.1           IP Address         TX Packets         RX Packets           192.168.1.1         347390         214004	
	If both DNS Primary IP and Secondary IP Address fields are left empty, the router will assign the DNS server IP obtained from ISP (which can be found in Online Status page) to LAN DHCP clients.	

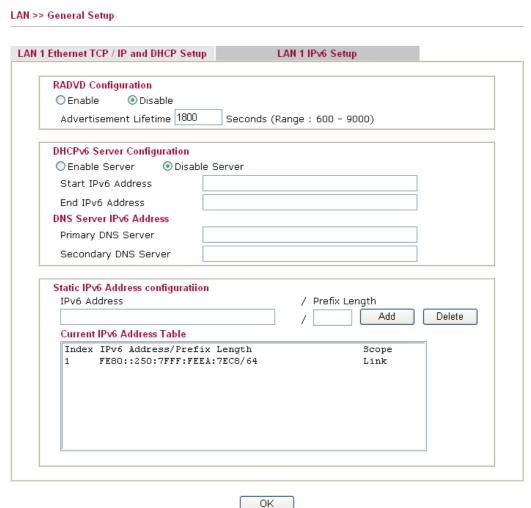


Item	Description	
	If you want to use the router as a DNS proxy server, you have to input router's LAN IP into the Primary or Secondary DNS server IP fields manually.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

### Details Page for LAN1 - IPv6 Setup

There are two configuration pages for LAN1, Ethernet TCP/IP and DHCP Setup (based on IPv4) and IPv6 Setup. Click the tab for each type and refer to the following explanations for detailed information. Below shows the settings page for IPv6.



It provides 2 daemons for LAN side IPv6 address configuration. One is **RADVD**(stateless) and the other is **DHCPv6 Server** (Stateful).

Item	Description
RADVD Configuration	Enable – Click it to enable RADVD server. The router advertisement daemon (radvd) sends Router Advertisement messages, specified by RFC 2461, to a local Ethernet LAN periodically and when requested by a node sending a Router Solicitation message. These messages are required for IPv6



	stateless auto-configuration.	
	<b>Disable</b> – Click it to disable RADVD server.	
	Advertisement Lifetime - The lifetime associated with the default router in units of seconds. It's used to control the lifetime of the prefix. The maximum value corresponds to 18.2 hours. A lifetime of 0 indicates that the router is not a default router and should not appear on the default router list.	
DHCPv6 Server Configuration	<b>Enable Server</b> –Click it to enable DHCPv6 server. DHCPv6 Server could assign IPv6 address to PC according to the Start/End IPv6 address configuration.	
	<b>Disable Server</b> –Click it to disable DHCPv6 server.	
	<b>Start IPv6 Address</b> / <b>End IPv6 Address</b> – Type the start and end address for IPv6 server.	
DNS Server IPv6 Address	<b>Primary DNS Sever</b> – Type the IPv6 address for Primary DNS server.	
	<b>Secondary DNS Server</b> –Type another IPv6 address for DNS server if required.	
Static IPv6 Address	IPv6 Address –Type static IPv6 address for LAN.	
configuration	<b>Prefix Length</b> – Type the fixed value for prefix length.	
	Add – Click it to add a new entry.	
	<b>Delete</b> – Click it to remove an existed entry.	
Current IPv6 Address Table	Display current used IPv6 addresses.	

### **Details Page for LAN2/LAN3/LAN4**

Details Page for LAN2 to LAN4 will be available only when VLAN settings for LAN2 to LAN4 are configured and activated.

#### LAN >> General Setup

#### Lan 2 Ethernet TCP / IP and DHCP Setup **Network Configuration** DHCP Server Configuration ● Enable Server ○ Disable Server For NAT Usage OFor Routing Usage Enable Relay Agent IP Address 192.168.2.1 Start IP Address 192.168.2.10 Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0 IP Pool Counts 100 Gateway IP Address 192.168.2.1 259200 (s) Lease Time ☑ Clear DHCP lease for inactive clients periodically. DNS Server IP Address Primary IP Address Secondary IP Address

OK

Item	Description
<b>Network Configuration</b>	Click <b>Enable</b> to enable such configuration.

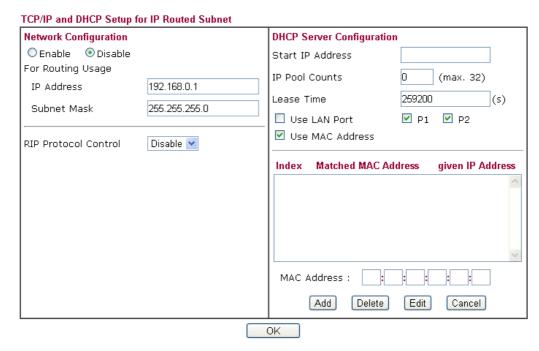
Item	Description
	Click <b>Disable</b> to disable such configuration.
	<b>For NAT Usage</b> - Click this radio button to invoke NAT function.
	<b>For Routing Usage</b> - Click this radio button to invoke this function.
	<b>IP Address</b> - Type in private IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.1.1).
	<b>Subnet Mask</b> - Type in an address code that determines the size of the network. (Default: 255.255.255.0/ 24)
DHCP Server Configuration	DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. The router by factory default acts a DHCP server for your network so it automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. It is highly recommended that you leave the router enabled as a DHCP server if you do not have a DHCP server for your network.
	If you want to use another DHCP server in the network other than the Vigor Router's, you can let Relay Agent help you to redirect the DHCP request to the specified location.
	<b>Enable Server -</b> Let the router assign IP address to every host in the LAN.
	<b>Disable Server</b> – Let you manually assign IP address to every host in the LAN.
	<b>Enable Relay Agent</b> –Specify which subnet that DHCP server is located the relay agent should redirect the DHCP request to.
	<b>DHCP Server IP Address</b> – Type the IP address of the DHCP Server.
	<b>Start IP Address -</b> Type a value of the IP address pool for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. If the 1st IP address of your router is 192.168.1.1, the starting IP address must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.
	<b>IP Pool Counts -</b> Type the maximum number of PCs that you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The default is 50 and the maximum is 253.
	<b>Gateway IP Address -</b> Type a value of the gateway IP address for the DHCP server. The value is usually as same as the 1st IP address of the router, which means the router is the default gateway.
	<b>Lease Time</b> – Type the time to determine how long the IP address assigned by DHCP server can be used.
	Clear DHCP lease for inactive clients periodically — Whenever a DHCP client requests an IP address from the LAN DHCP server, the server will give out an IP to this client for a certain amount of time (e.g., 1 day). However, even if this client only uses the IP for say 5 minutes, the server still "reserves" 1 day for that client. Because a DHCP server only
	has a limited number of IPs to lease to its DHCP clients, soon enough all the IPs will be used out and then no one will be able to get any IPs from this server anymore. Therefore, this feature is used to get the IP back from inactive clients (i.e. doesn't use

Item	Description	
	the IP but the server still reserves the IP for him).	
DNS Server Configuration	DNS stands for Domain Name System. Every Internet host must have a unique IP address, also they may have a human-friendly, easy to remember name such as www.yahoo.com. The DNS server converts the user-friendly name into its equivalent IP address.	
	<b>Primary IP Address -</b> You must specify a DNS server IP address here because your ISP should provide you with usually more than one DNS Server. If your ISP does not provide it, the router will automatically apply default DNS Server IP address: 194.109.6.66 to this field.	
	Secondary IP Address - You can specify secondary DNS server IP address here because your ISP often provides you more than one DNS Server. If your ISP does not provide it, the router will automatically apply default secondary DNS Server IP address: 194.98.0.1 to this field.  The default DNS Server IP address can be found via Online Status:	
	System Status  LAN Status  Primary DNS: 194.109.6.66  Secondary DNS: 168.95.1.1  If both the Primary IP and Secondary IP Address fields are left empty, the router will use the DNS server assigned by ISP. If not, the router will assign its own IP address to local users as a DNS proxy server.  Force router to use address for DNS- Force Vigor router to use DNS servers in this page instead of DNS servers given by the Internet Access server (PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP or DHCP server).	

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

## **Details Page for IP Routed Subnet**

LAN >> General Setup



Item	Description
<b>Network Configuration</b>	Enable/Disable - Click Enable to enable such configuration; click Disable to disable such configuration.
	<b>IP Address -</b> Type in IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.0.1).
	<b>Subnet Mask -</b> Type in an address code that determines the size of the network. (Default: 255.255.255.0/ 24)
	RIP Protocol Control –
	<b>Disable -</b> Deactivate the RIP protocol. It will lead to a stoppage of the exchange of routing information between routers. (Default)
	<b>Enable</b> – Activate the RIP protocol.
DHCP Server Configuration	DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. The router by factory default acts a DHCP server for your network so it automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. It is highly recommended that you leave the router enabled as a DHCP server if you do not have a DHCP server for your network.
	If you want to use another DHCP server in the network other than the Vigor Router's, you can let Relay Agent help you to redirect the DHCP request to the specified location.
	<b>Start IP Address -</b> Type a value of the IP address pool for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. If the 1st IP address of your router is 192.168.1.1, the starting IP address must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than

192.168.1.254.

**IP Pool Counts -** Type the maximum number of PCs that you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The default is 50 and the maximum is 253.

**Use LAN Port** – Specify an IP for IP Route Subnet. If it is enabled, DHCP server will assign IP address automatically for the clients coming from P1 and/or P2. Please check the box of P1 and P2.

**Use MAC Address -** Check such box to specify MAC address.

**MAC Address:** Type the MAC Address of the host one by one and click **Add** to create a list of hosts to be assigned, deleted or edited IP address from above pool. Set a list of MAC Address for 2<sup>nd</sup> DHCP server will help router to assign the correct IP address of the correct subnet to the correct host. So those hosts in 2<sup>nd</sup> subnet won't get an IP address belonging to 1<sup>st</sup> subnet.

**Add** – Type the MAC address in the boxes and click this button to add.

**Delete** – Click it to delete the selected MAC address.

**Edit** – Click it to edit the selected MAC address.

**Cancel** – Click it to cancel the job of adding, deleting and editing.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

#### 4.2.3 Static Route

Go to **LAN** to open setting page and choose **Static Route**. The router offers IPv4 and IPv6 for you to configure the static route. Both protocols bring different web pages.

#### Static Route for IPv4

LAN >> Static Route Setup

IPv	4 IPv6		Set	to Factory Default   View R	touting Table
Index	Destination Address	Status	Index	Destination Address	Status
<u>1.</u>	???	?	<u>6.</u>	???	?
<u>2.</u>	???	?	<u>7.</u>	???	?
<u>3.</u>	???	?	<u>8.</u>	???	?
<u>4.</u>	???	?	<u>9.</u>	???	?
<u>5.</u>	???	?	<u>10.</u>	???	?

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive, ? --- Empty

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
<b>Viewing Routing Table</b>	Displays the routing table for your reference.

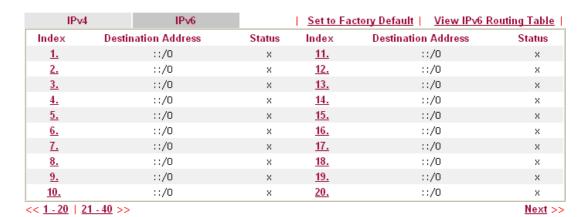


	Diagnostics >> View Routing Table	
	Current Running Routing Table   Key: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default, ~ - private	Refresh
Index	The number (1 to 10) under Index allows you page to set up static route.	to open next
<b>Destination Address</b>	Displays the destination address of the static i	route.
Status	Displays the status of the static route.	

### Static Route for IPv6

You can set up to 40 profiles for IPv6 static route. Click the IPv6 tab to open the following page:

LAN >> Static Route Setup



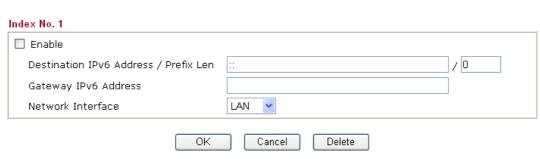
Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive, ? --- Empty

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Index	The number (1 to 40) under Index allows you to open next page to set up static route.
<b>Destination Address</b>	Displays the destination address of the static route.
Status	Displays the status of the static route.
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
Viewing IPv6 Routing Table	Displays the routing table for your reference.

Click any underline of index number to get the following page.





Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Click it to enable this profile.
Destination IPv6 Address / Prefix Len	Type the IP address with the prefix length for this entry.
Gateway IPv6 Address	Type the gateway address for this entry.
Network Interface	Use the drop down list to specify an interface for this static route.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

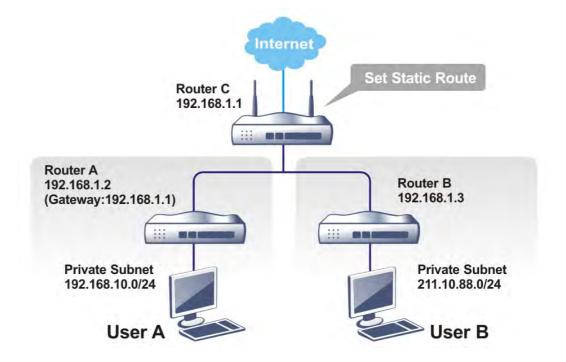
### Add Static Routes to Private and Public Networks (based on IPv4)

Here is an example of setting Static Route in Main Router so that user A and B locating in different subnet can talk to each other via the router. Assuming the Internet access has been configured and the router works properly:

- use the Main Router to surf the Internet.
- create a private subnet 192.168.10.0 using an internal Router A (192.168.1.2)
- create a public subnet 211.100.88.0 via an internal Router B (192.168.1.3).
- have set Main Router 192.168.1.1 as the default gateway for the Router A 192.168.1.2.

Before setting Static Route, user A cannot talk to user B for Router A can only forward recognized packets to its default gateway Main Router.

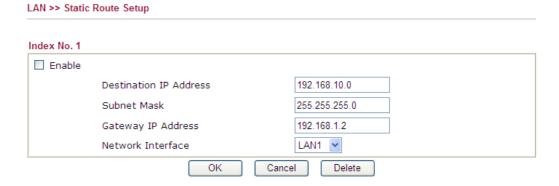




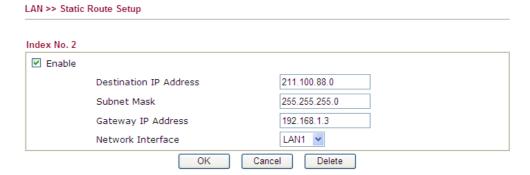
1. Go to **LAN** page and click **General Setup**, select 1st Subnet as the **RIP Protocol Control.** Then click the **OK** button.

**Note:** There are two reasons that we have to apply RIP Protocol Control on 1st Subnet. The first is that the LAN interface can exchange RIP packets with the neighboring routers via the 1st subnet (192.168.1.0/24). The second is that those hosts on the internal private subnets (ex. 192.168.10.0/24) can access the Internet via the router, and continuously exchange of IP routing information with different subnets.

2. Click the **LAN - Static Route** and click on the **Index Number 1.** Check the **Enable** box. Please add a static route as shown below, which regulates all packets destined to 192.168.10.0 will be forwarded to 192.168.1.2. Click **OK**.

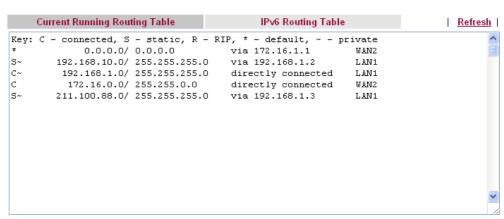


3. Return to **Static Route Setup** page. Click on another **Index Number** to add another static route as show below, which regulates all packets destined to 211.100.88.0 will be forwarded to 192.168.1.3.



4. Go to **Diagnostics** and choose **Routing Table** to verify current routing table.

Diagnostics >> View Routing Table



Note: WAN5, WAN6, WAN7 are router-borne WANs.

#### **4.2.4 VLAN**

Virtual LAN function provides you a very convenient way to manage hosts by grouping them based on the physical port. You can also manage the in/out rate of each port. Go to **LAN** page and select **VLAN**. The following page will appear. Click **Enable** to invoke VLAN function.

#### **Tagged VLAN**

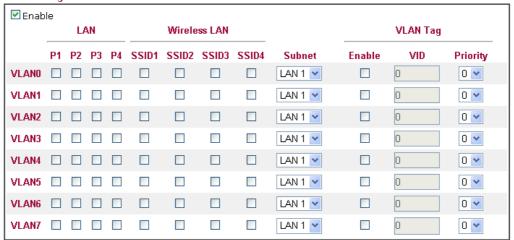
The tagged VLANs (802.1q) can also mark data with a VLAN identifier. This identifier can be carried through an onward Ethernet switch to specific ports. The specific VLAN clients can also pick up this identifier as it passes to the LAN. Users can set the priorities for LAN-side QoS and can assign each of the VLANs to each of the different IP subnets that the router may also be operating in order to provide even more isolation. This functionality is **tag-based multi-subnet**.

#### Port-Based VLAN

Relative to tag-based VLAN which groups clients with an identifier, port-based VLAN uses physical ports to separate the clients into different VLAN group.

#### LAN >> VLAN Configuration

#### **VLAN Configuration**



- Permit untagged device in P1 to access router
- 1. For each VLAN row, if enable is checked for the VLAN Tag then the corresponding VID will be applied to wired LAN traffic.
- 2. Wireless LAN traffic is always untagged, but will still be a member of the VLAN group selected.
- 3. Each VID must be unique.



**Note:** Such page will be different slightly in accordance with the type of the router you have and settings in this page only applied to LAN port but not WAN port.

Item	Description
LAN	<b>P1 – P4</b> – Check the LAN port(s) to be grouped under the selected VLAN.
Wireless LAN	SSID1 – SSID4 – Check the SSID box (es) for the wireless clients to be grouped under the selected VLAN.



Subnet	Choose one of them to make the selected VLAN mapping to the specified subnet only. For example, LAN1 is specified for VLAN0. It means that PCs grouped under VLAN0 can get the IP address (es) that specified by the subnet.
VLAN Tag	Enable – Enable the function of VLAN with tag.  The router will add specific VLAN number to all packets on the LAN while sending them out.  Please type the tag value and specify the priority for the packets sending by LAN.  Disable – Disable the function of VLAN with tag.  VID – Type the value as the VLAN ID number. The range is form 0 to 4095.
	<b>Priority</b> – Type the packet priority number for such VLAN. The range is from 0 to 7.
Permit untagged device in P1 to access router	It can help users to communicate with the router still even though configuring wrong VLAN tag setting. For Vigor router has one LAN physical port only, it is recommended to enable the management port (LAN 1) to ensure the data transmission is unimpeded.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Vigor2830 series features a hugely flexible VLAN system. In its simplest form, each of the Gigabit LAN ports can be isolated from each other, for example to feed different companies or departments but keeping their local traffic completely separated.

### Configuring port-based VLAN for wireless and non-wireless clients

- 1. All the wire network clients are categorized to group VLAN0 in subnet 192.168.1.0/24 (LAN1).
- 2. All the wireless network clients are categorized to group VLAN1 in subnet 192.168.2.0/24 (LAN2).
- 3. Open **LAN>>VLAN Configuration**. Check the boxes according to the statement in step 1 and Step 2.



#### LAN >> VLAN Configuration

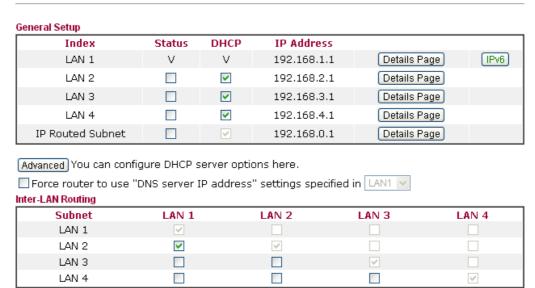
#### VLAN Configuration **☑** Enable LAN Wireless LAN **VLAN Tag** P1 P2 P3 P4 SSID1 SSID2 SSID3 SSID4 Subnet Enable VID Priority VLAN0 ~ **V ~** ~ LAN 1 🔻 0 🕶 V 0 🕶 VLAN1 V V V LAN 2 💌 0 VLAN2 LAN 3 🔻 0 0 🕶 0 VLAN3 LAN 1 🕶 0 🕶 0 0 🕶 LAN 1 💌 0 0 🕶 VLAN5 LAN 1 💌 LAN 1 🔽 0 0 🕶 VLAN6 VLAN7 LAN 1 🔽 0 0 🗸

- Permit untagged device in P1 to access router
- 1. For each VLAN row, if enable is checked for the VLAN Tag then the corresponding VID will be applied to wired LAN traffic.
- $2. \ Wireless \ LAN \ traffic is \ always \ untagged, but \ will \ still \ be \ a \ member \ of \ the \ VLAN \ group \ selected.$
- 3. Each VID must be unique.

OK Clear Cancel

- 4. Click **OK**.
- Open LAN>>General Setup. If you want to let the clients in both groups communicate
  with each other, simply activate Inter-LAN Routing by checking the box between
  LAN1 and LAN2.

LAN >> General Setup



Note: LAN 2/3/4 are available when VLAN is enabled.

OK

Vigor router supports up to six private IP subnets on LAN. Each can be independent (isolated) or common (able to communicate with each other). This is ideal for departmental or multi-occupancy applications.

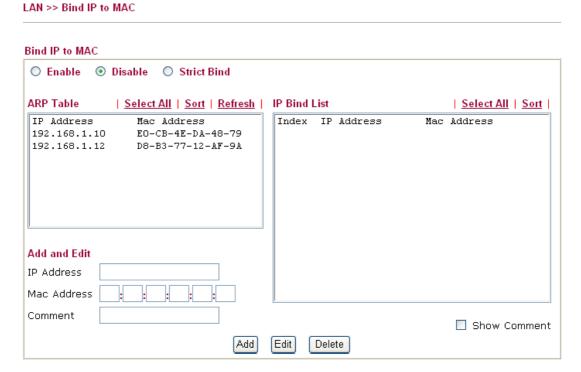
**Note:** As for the VLAN applications, refer to "Appendix I: VLAN Application on Vigor Router" for more detailed information.



#### 4.2.5 Bind IP to MAC

This function is used to bind the IP and MAC address in LAN to have a strengthening control in network. When this function is enabled, all the assigned IP and MAC address binding together cannot be changed. If you modified the binding IP or MAC address, it might cause you not access into the Internet.

Click **LAN** and click **Bind IP to MAC** to open the setup page.



Note: IP-MAC binding presets DHCP Allocations.

If you select Strict Bind, unspecified LAN clients cannot access the Internet.

OK

Item	Description
Enable	Click this radio button to invoke this function. However, IP/MAC which is not listed in IP Bind List also can connect to Internet.
Disable	Click this radio button to disable this function. All the settings on this page will be invalid.
Strict Bind	Click this radio button to block the connection of the IP/MAC which is not listed in IP Bind List.
ARP Table	This table is the LAN ARP table of this router. The information for IP and MAC will be displayed in this field. Each pair of IP and MAC address listed in ARP table can be selected and added to IP Bind List by clicking <b>Add</b> below.
Select All	Click this link to select all the items in the ARP table.
Sort	Reorder the table based on the IP address.



Refresh	Refresh the ARP table listed below to obtain the newest ARP table information.
Add and Edit	<ul> <li>IP Address - Type the IP address that will be used for the specified MAC address.</li> <li>Mac Address - Type the MAC address that is used to bind with the assigned IP address.</li> <li>Comment - Type a brief description for such list.</li> </ul>
IP Bind List	It displays a list for the IP bind to MAC information.
Add	It allows you to add the one you choose from the ARP table or the IP/MAC address typed in <b>Add and Edit</b> to the table of <b>IP Bind List</b> .
Edit	It allows you to edit and modify the selected IP address and MAC address that you create before.
Delete	You can remove any item listed in <b>IP Bind List</b> . Simply click and select the one, and click <b>Delete</b> . The selected item will be removed from the <b>IP Bind List</b> .

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

**Note:** Before you select **Strict Bind**, you have to bind one set of IP/MAC address for one PC. If not, no one of the PCs can access into Internet. And the web user interface of the router might not be accessed.

#### 4.2.6 LAN Port Mirror

LAN port mirror can be applied for the users in LAN. Generally speaking, this function copies traffic from one or more specific ports to a target port. This mechanism helps manager track the network errors or abnormal packets transmission without interrupting the flow of data access the network. By the way, user can apply this function to monitor all traffics which user needs to check.

There are some advantages supported in this feature. First, it is more economical without other detecting equipments to be set up. Second, it may be able to view traffic on one or more ports within a VLAN at the same time. Third, it can transfer all data traffics to be mirrored to one analyzer connect to the mirroring port. Last, it is more convenient and easy to configure in user's interface.

#### LAN >> LAN Port Mirror LAN Port Mirror Port Mirror: O Enable O Disable Mirror port: O P2 ○ P3 OP4 Mirrored port: □ P3 □ P1 P2 P4 Note :The selected mirror port will only serve debug purposes and should not be used as a part of the LAN. OK



Item	Description
Port Mirror	Check <b>Enable</b> to activate this function. Or, check <b>Disable</b> to close this function.
Mirror Port	Select a port to view traffic sent from mirrored ports.
Mirrored port	Select which ports are necessary to be mirrored.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

#### 4.2.7 Wired 802.1x

IEEE 802.1x is an IEEE Standard for port-based Network Access Control (PNAC). It is part of the IEEE 802.1 group of networking protocols. It provides an authentication mechanism for the device that is attached to a LAN or WLAN.

Wired 802.1x provides authentication for one network device on each LAN port. The RADIUS Server settings must be configured before enabling 802.1x because the EAP (Extensible Authentication Protocol) Authenticator relies on the RADIUS Server in its authentication process. Each LAN port with Wired 802.1x configured will only forward 802.1x packets and block all other packets until the authentication has successfully completed.



Please note that 802.1x enabled LAN ports will support EAPOL authentication for one network device only. Therefore,802.1x enabled LAN ports will have issues when connecting to a L2 switch.If you want 802.1x support for multiple network devices, please disable 802.1x here and configure 802.1x on the connecting switch. This feature supports PEAP and EAP-TLS.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Check the box to enable LAN 802.1x function.
802.1x ports	After enabling the function, simply specify the LAN port(s) to apply such function.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.



### 4.2.8 Web Portal Setup

This page allows you to configure a profile with specified URL for accessing into or display a message when a wireless/LAN user connects to Internet through this router. No matter what the purpose of the wireless/LAN client is, he/she will be forced into the URL configured here while trying to access into the Internet or the desired web page through this router. That is, a company which wants to have an advertisement for its products to users can specify the URL in this page to reach its goal.

LAN >> Web Portal Setup

#### Web Portal Table:

Profile	Status	Interface	
<u>1.</u>	Disable	None	Preview
<u>2.</u>	Disable	None	Preview
<u>3.</u>	Disable	None	Preview
<u>4.</u>	Disable	None	Preview

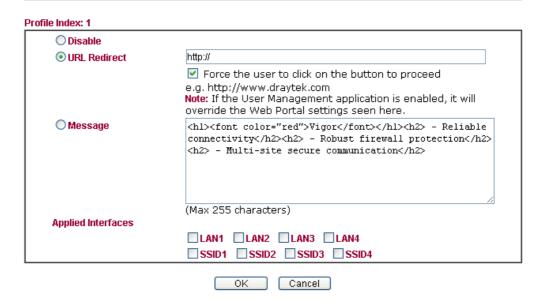
Note: Internet access must be enabled while webpage redirection is about to enable.

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile	Display the number link which allows you to configure the profile.
Status	Display the content (Disable, URL Redirect or Message) of the profile.
Interface	Display the applied interfaced of the profile.
Preview	Open a preview window according to the configured settings.

To configure the profile, click any index number link to open the following page.

LAN >> Web Portal Setup





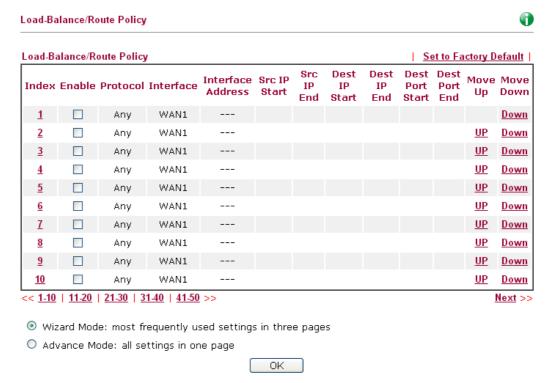
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Disable	Click this button to close this function.
URL Redirect	Any user who wants to access into Internet through this router will be redirected to the URL specified here first. It is a useful method for the purpose of advertisement. For example, force the wireless user(s) in hotel to access into the web page that the hotel wants the user(s) to visit.
	Force the user to click on the button to proceed – Check the box to force the user clicking on a special button to proceed the operation of web redirection.
Message	Type words or sentences here. The message will be displayed on the screen for several seconds when the wireless users access into the web page through the router.
<b>Applied Interfaces</b>	Check the box (es) representing different interfaces to be applied by such profile.
	The advantage is that each LAN (1/2/3/4) interface <b>and/or</b> each SSID (1/2/3/4) for wireless network can be applied with different web portal separately.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## 4.3 Load-Balance /Route Policy

**Load-Balance** / **Route Policy** (Cisco called it "policy-based routing") is a feature where a set of rules or "policies" are defined first. Then, if there comes a packet that matches any one of the "policies", it will be directed to the specified interface.





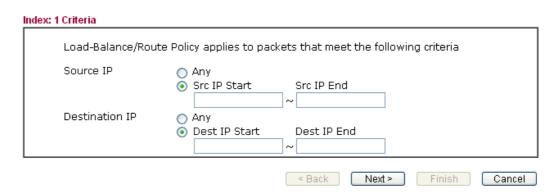
Item	Description		
Index	Click the number of index to access into the configuration web page.		
Enable	Check this box to enable this policy.		
Protocol	Display the protocol used for this policy.		
Interface	Display the interface to send packets to once the policy is matched.		
<b>Interface Address</b>	Display the WAN IP or WAN IP alias address which is used as source IP of the outgoing packets.		
Src IP Start	Displays the IP address for the start of the source IP.		
Src IP End	Displays the IP address for the end of the source IP.		
Dest IP Start	Displays the IP address for the start of the destination IP.		
<b>Dest IP End</b>	Displays the IP address for the end of the destination IP.		
Dest Port Start	Displays the IP address for the start of the destination port.		
<b>Dest Port End</b>	Displays the IP address for the end of the destination port.		
Move UP/Move Down	Use <b>Up</b> or <b>Down</b> link to move the order of the policy.		
Wizard Mode	This mode will guide you to configure the common settings with several pages.		
Advance Mode	This mode allows you to modify all the settings in one page.		

Click **Index 1** to access into the following page for configuring load-balance policy. Here we choose **Advance Mode** as an example.

To use Wizard Mode, simple do the following steps:

- 1. Click the Wizard Mode radio button.
- 2. Click **Index 1**. The setting page will appear as follows:

Load-Balance/Route Policy



Item	Description		
Source IP	<b>Any</b> – Any IP can be treated as the source IP.		



	<b>Src IP Start -</b> Type the source IP start for the specified WAN interface.		
	<b>Src IP End -</b> Type the source IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the source IPs inside the LAN will be passed through the WAN interface.		
<b>Destination IP</b>	<b>Any</b> – Any IP can be treated as the destination IP. <b>Dest IP Start-</b> Type the destination IP start for the specified WAN interface.		
	<b>Dest IP End -</b> Type the destination IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the destination IPs will be passed through the WAN interface.		

3. Click **Next** to get the following page.

#### Load-Balance/Route Policy

# Index: 1 Interface Load-Balance/Route Policy directs the packets to the interface below Interface WAN1 LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 IP Routed Subnet WAN1

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Interface	Use the drop down list to choose a WAN or LAN interface or VPN profile. Packets match with the above criteria will be transferred to the interface chosen here.	

4. After specifying the interface, click **Next** to get the following page.

#### Load-Balance/Route Policy

#### Index: 1 NAT or Routing

Based on the settings in the previous pages, we guess you want to have: Force NAT

The current setting is:

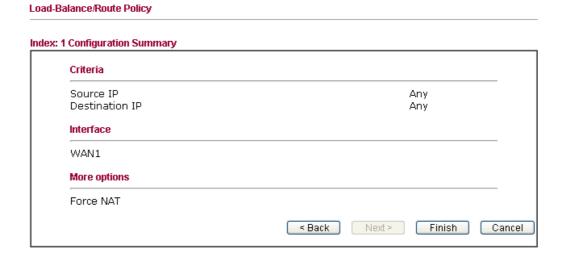




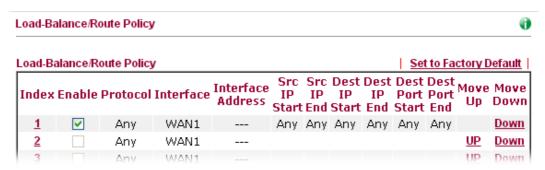
Item	Description	
	It determines which mechanism that the router will use to forward the packet to WAN.	



5. After choosing the mechanism, click **Next** to get the summary page for reference.



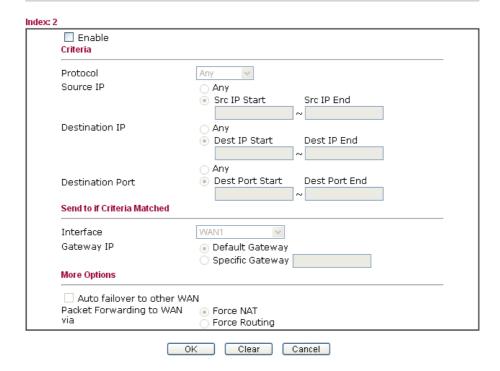
6. If there is no error, click **Finish** to complete wizard setting.



To use Advance Mode, do the following steps:

- 1. Click the **Advance Mode** radio button.
- 2. Click **Index 1** to access into the following page.

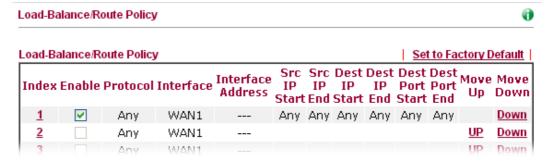
#### Load-Balance/Route Policy



Item	Description		
Enable	Check this box to enable this policy.		
Protocol	Use the drop-down menu to choose a proper protocol for the WAN interface.		
	any TCP UDP TCP/UDP ICMP		
Source IP	<b>Any</b> – Any IP can be treated as the source IP.		
	<b>Src IP Start -</b> Type the source IP start for the specified WAN interface.		
	<b>Src IP End -</b> Type the source IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the source IPs inside the LAN will be passed through the WAN interface.		
<b>Destination IP</b>	<b>Any</b> – Any IP can be treated as the destination IP.		
	<b>Dest IP Start-</b> Type the destination IP start for the specified WAN interface.		
	<b>Dest IP End -</b> Type the destination IP end for the specified WAN interface. If this field is blank, it means that all the destination IPs will be passed through the WAN interface.		

<b>Destination Port</b>	Any – Any port number can be treated as the destination port.  Dest Port Start - Type the destination port start for the destination IP.  Dest Port End - Type the destination port end for the destination IP. If this field is blank, it means that all the	
	destination ports will be passed through the WAN interface.	
Send to if criteria matched	Interface – Use the drop down list to choose a WAN or LAN interface or VPN profile. Packets match with the above criteria will be transferred to the interface chosen here.  Gateway IP – Specific gateway is used only when you want to forward the packets to the desired gateway.  Usually, Default Gateway is selected in default.	
More options	Auto Failover To The Other WAN – Check this button to lead the data passing through other WAN automatically when the selected WAN interface is down.  Packet Forwarding to WAN via – Choose Force NAT or Force Routing.	

3. When you finish the configuration, please click **OK** to save and exit this page.



#### **4.4 NAT**

Usually, the router serves as an NAT (Network Address Translation) router. NAT is a mechanism that one or more private IP addresses can be mapped into a single public one. Public IP address is usually assigned by your ISP, for which you may get charged. Private IP addresses are recognized only among internal hosts.

When the outgoing packets destined to some public server on the Internet reach the NAT router, the router will change its source address into the public IP address of the router, select the available public port, and then forward it. At the same time, the router shall list an entry in a table to memorize this address/port-mapping relationship. When the public server response, the incoming traffic, of course, is destined to the router's public IP address and the router will do the inversion based on its table. Therefore, the internal host can communicate with external host smoothly.

The benefit of the NAT includes:

Save cost on applying public IP address and apply efficient usage of IP address.
 NAT allows the internal IP addresses of local hosts to be translated into one public IP address, thus you can have only one IP address on behalf of the entire internal hosts.



• Enhance security of the internal network by obscuring the IP address. There are many attacks aiming victims based on the IP address. Since the attacker cannot be aware of any private IP addresses, the NAT function can protect the internal network.

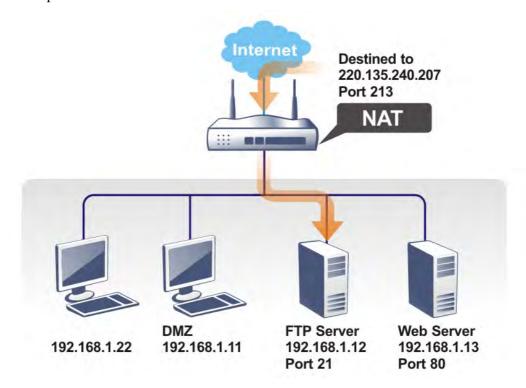
On NAT page, you will see the private IP address defined in RFC-1918. Usually we use the 192.168.1.0/24 subnet for the router. As stated before, the NAT facility can map one or more IP addresses and/or service ports into different specified services. In other words, the NAT function can be achieved by using port mapping methods.

Below shows the menu items for NAT.



#### 4.4.1 Port Redirection

Port Redirection is usually set up for server related service inside the local network (LAN), such as web servers, FTP servers, E-mail servers etc. Most of the case, you need a public IP address for each server and this public IP address/domain name are recognized by all users. Since the server is actually located inside the LAN, the network well protected by NAT of the router, and identified by its private IP address/port, the goal of Port Redirection function is to forward all access request with public IP address from external users to the mapping private IP address/port of the server.



The port redirection can only apply to incoming traffic.

To use this function, please go to **NAT** page and choose **Port Redirection** web page. The **Port Redirection Table** provides 20 port-mapping entries for the internal hosts.



#### NAT >> Port Redirection

Port Redirection			Set to Factor	Set to Factory Default		
Index	Service Name	WAN Interface	Protocol	Public Port	Private IP	Status
<u>1.</u>		All				×
<u>2.</u>		All				×
<u>3.</u>		All				×
<u>4.</u>		All				×
<u>5.</u>		All				×
<u>6.</u>		All				×
<u>7.</u>		All				×
<u>8.</u>		All				×
<u>9.</u>		All				×
<u>10.</u>		All				×
<< <u>1-10</u>	<u>11-20</u> >>					Next >>

Note: The configured ports in the  $\underline{\text{Management}}$  webUIs will be used by the router and not be sent to the local computer defined here.

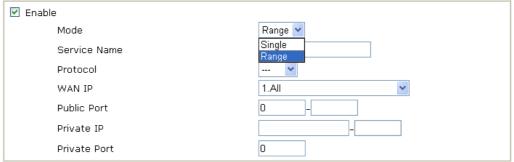
# Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description		
Index	Display the number of the profile.		
Service Name	Display the description of the specific network service.		
WAN Interface	Display the WAN IP address used by the profile.		
Protocol	Display the transport layer protocol (TCP or UDP).		
Public Port	Display the port number which will be redirected to the specified <b>Private IP and Port</b> of the internal host.		
Private IP	Display the IP address of the internal host providing the service.		
Status	Display if the profile is enabled (v) or not (x).		

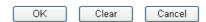
Press any number under Index to access into next page for configuring port redirection.



#### Index No. 1



Note: In "Range" Mode the End IP will be calculated automatically once the Public Port and Start IP have been entered.



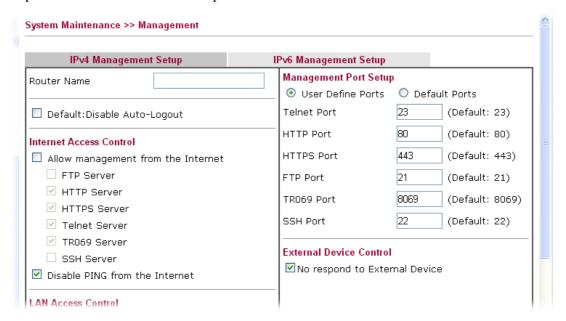
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description		
Enable	Check this box to enable such port redirection setting.		
Mode	Two options (Single and Range) are provided here for you to choose. To set a range for the specific service, select <b>Range</b> . In Range mode, if the public port (start port and end port) and the starting IP of private IP had been entered, the system will calculate and display the ending IP of private IP automatically.		
Service Name	Type the description of the specific network service.		
Protocol	Select the transport layer protocol (TCP or UDP).		
WAN IP	Select the WAN IP used for port redirection. There are eight WAN IP alias that can be selected and used for port redirection. The default setting is <b>All</b> which means all the incoming data from any port will be redirected to specified range of IP address and port.		
Public Port	Specify which port can be redirected to the specified <b>Private IP and Port</b> of the internal host. If you choose <b>Range</b> as the port redirection mode, you will see two boxes on this field. Simply type the required number on the first box. The second one will be assigned automatically later.		
Private IP	Specify the private IP address of the internal host providing the service. If you choose <b>Range</b> as the port redirection mode, you will see two boxes on this field. Type a complete IP address in the first box (as the starting point) and the fourth digits in the second box (as the end point).		
Private Port	Specify the private port number of the service offered by the internal host.		

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

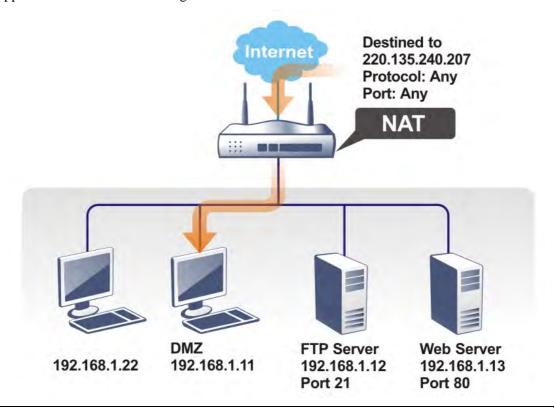
Note that the router has its own built-in services (servers) such as Telnet, HTTP and FTP etc. Since the common port numbers of these services (servers) are all the same, you may need to reset the router in order to avoid confliction.

For example, the built-in web user interface in the router is with default port 80, which may conflict with the web server in the local network, http://192.168.1.13:80. Therefore, you need to **change the router's http port to any one other than the default port 80** to avoid conflict, such as 8080. This can be set in the **System Maintenance** >>**Management Setup**. You then will access the admin screen of by suffixing the IP address with 8080, e.g., http://192.168.1.1:8080 instead of port 80.



#### 4.4.2 DMZ Host

As mentioned above, **Port Redirection** can redirect incoming TCP/UDP or other traffic on particular ports to the specific private IP address/port of host in the LAN. However, other IP protocols, for example Protocols 50 (ESP) and 51 (AH), do not travel on a fixed port. Vigor router provides a facility **DMZ Host** that maps ALL unsolicited data on any protocol to a single host in the LAN. Regular web surfing and other such Internet activities from other clients will continue to work without inappropriate interruption. **DMZ Host** allows a defined internal user to be totally exposed to the Internet, which usually helps some special applications such as Netmeeting or Internet Games etc.

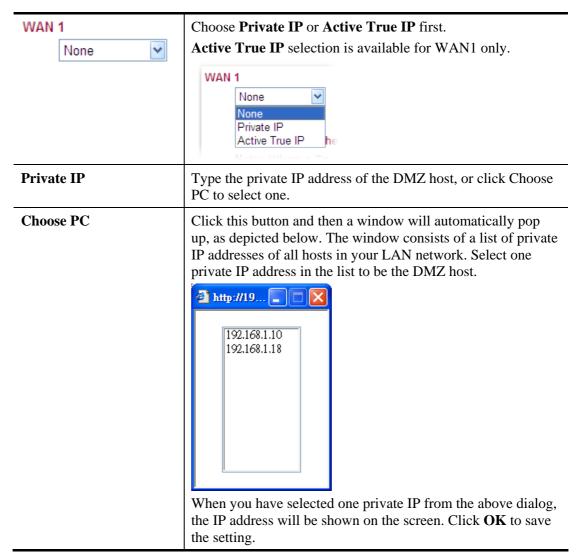


The security properties of NAT are somewhat bypassed if you set up DMZ host. We suggest you to add additional filter rules or a secondary firewall.

#### Click **DMZ Host** to open the following page:

# DMZ Host Setup WAN1 WAN2 WAN3 WAN 1 None Private IP MAC Address of the True IP DMZ Host Note: When a True-IP DMZ host is turned on, it will force the router's WAN connection to be always on.

Item	Description



DMZ Host for WAN2 and WAN3 is slightly different with WAN1. **Active True IP** selection is available for WAN1 only. See the following figure.

See the following figure.

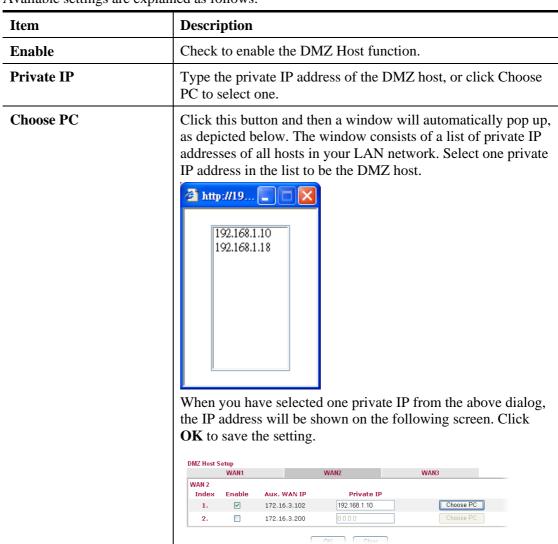


If you previously have set up **WAN Alias** for **PPPoE** or **Static or Dynamic IP** mode in WAN2 interface, you will find them in **Aux. WAN IP** for your selection.





Available settings are explained as follows:



After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# 4.4.3 Open Ports

**Open Ports** allows you to open a range of ports for the traffic of special applications.

Common application of Open Ports includes P2P application (e.g., BT, KaZaA, Gnutella, WinMX, eMule and others), Internet Camera etc. Ensure that you keep the application involved up-to-date to avoid falling victim to any security exploits.

Click **Open Ports** to open the following page:

NAT >> Open Ports

Open Ports Setup	)		Set to Fa	ctory Default
Index	Comment	WAN Interface	Local IP Address	Status
<u>1.</u>				×
<u>2.</u>				×
<u>3.</u>				×
<u>4.</u>				×
<u>5.</u>				×
<u>6.</u>				×
<u>7.</u>				×
<u>8.</u>				×
<u>9.</u>				×
<u>10.</u>				×
cc 1.10 ± 11.20 s				Novt ss

<< <u>1.10</u> | <u>11.20</u> >> <u>Next</u> >>

#### Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Index	Indicate the relative number for the particular entry that you want to offer service in a local host. You should click the appropriate index number to edit or clear the corresponding entry.	
Comment	Specify the name for the defined network service.	
WAN Interface	Display the WAN interface of the profile.	
Local IP Address	Display the private IP address of the local host offering the service.	
Status	Display the state for the corresponding entry. X or V is to represent the <b>Inactive</b> or <b>Active</b> state.	

To add or edit port settings, click one index number on the page. The index entry setup page will pop up. In each index entry, you can specify 20 port ranges for diverse services.



Index No. 1 ☑ Enable Open Ports P2P Comment WAN1 💌 WAN Interface 192.168.1.10 Choose PC Local Computer Protocol Start Port End Port Protocol Start Port End Port TCP 🔽 4500 4700 0 1. 6. 0 0 2. UDP 🔽 4500 4700 7. 0 0 0 **v** 0 0 3. 8. 0 0 -----0 0 4. 9. 5. 0 0 10. **v** 0 0 ΟK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
<b>Enable Open Ports</b>	Check to enable this entry.	
Comment	Make a name for the defined network application/service.	
WAN Interface	Specify the WAN interface that will be used for this entry.	
<b>Local Computer</b>	Type the private IP address of the local host or click <b>Choose PC</b> to select one.	
	Choose PC - Click this button and, subsequently, a window having a list of private IP addresses of local hosts will automatically pop up. Select the appropriate IP address of the local host in the list.	
Protocol	Specify the transport layer protocol. It could be <b>TCP</b> , <b>UDP</b> , or (none) for selection.	
Start Port	Specify the starting port number of the service offered by the local host.	
End Port	Specify the ending port number of the service offered by the local host.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

# 4.4.4 Port Triggering

Port Triggering is a variation of open ports function.

The key difference between "open port" and "port triggering" is:

- Once the OK button is clicked and the configuration has taken effect, "open port" keeps the ports opened forever.
- Once the OK button is clicked and the configuration has taken effect, "port triggering" will only attempt to open the ports once the triggering conditions are met.
- The duration that these ports are opened depends on the type of protocol used. The "default" durations are shown below and these duration values can be modified via telnet commands.

TCP: 86400 sec.
UDP: 180 sec.
IGMP: 10 sec.
TCP WWW: 60 sec.
TCP SYN: 60 sec.

#### NAT >> Port Triggering

Port Trig	gering				Set to Factory I	Default
Index	Comment	Triggering Protocol	Triggering Port	<b>Incoming Protocol</b>	Incoming Port	Status
<u>1.</u>						x
<u>2.</u>						x
<u>3.</u>						X
<u>4.</u>						x
<u>5.</u>						X
<u>6.</u>						x
<u>7.</u>						x
<u>8.</u>						x
<u>9.</u>						x
<u>10.</u>						x
<< <u>1-10</u>	<u>  11-20</u> >>					Next >>

Item	Description	
Comment	Display the text which memorizes the application of this rule.	
Triggering Protocol	Display the protocol of the triggering packets.	
Triggering Port	Display the port of the triggering packets.	
<b>Incoming Protocol</b>	Display the protocol for the incoming data of such triggering profile.	
<b>Incoming Port</b>	Display the port for the incoming data of such triggering profile.	
Status	Display if the rule is active or de-active.	

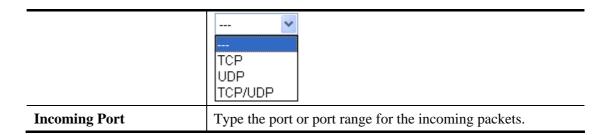


Click the index number link to open the configuration page.

# NAT >> Port Triggering



Item	Description	
Enable	Check to enable this entry.	
Service	Choose the <b>predefined</b> service to apply for such trigger profile.  User Defined  Value Defined  Real Player  QuickTime  WMP  IRC  AIM Talk  ICQ  PalTalk  BitTorrent	
Comment	Type the text to memorize the application of this rule.	
Triggering Protocol	Select the protocol (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP) for such triggering profile.  TCP UDP TCP/UDP	
<b>Triggering Port</b>	Type the port or port range for such trigger profile.	
Incoming Protocol	When the triggering packets received, it is expected the incoming packets will use the selected protocol. Select the protocol (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP) for the incoming data of such triggering profile.	



After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.



#### 4.5 Firewall

### 4.5.1 Basics for Firewall

While the broadband users demand more bandwidth for multimedia, interactive applications, or distance learning, security has been always the most concerned. The firewall of the Vigor router helps to protect your local network against attack from unauthorized outsiders. It also restricts users in the local network from accessing the Internet. Furthermore, it can filter out specific packets that trigger the router to build an unwanted outgoing connection.

#### **Firewall Facilities**

The users on the LAN are provided with secured protection by the following firewall facilities:

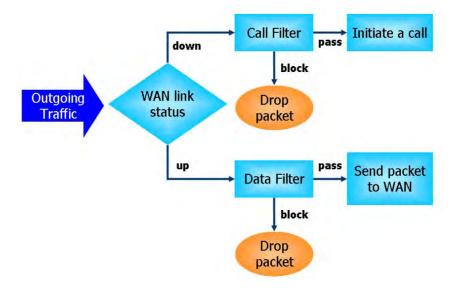
- User-configurable IP filter (Call Filter/ Data Filter).
- Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI): tracks packets and denies unsolicited incoming data
- Selectable Denial of Service (DoS) /Distributed DoS (DDoS) attacks protection

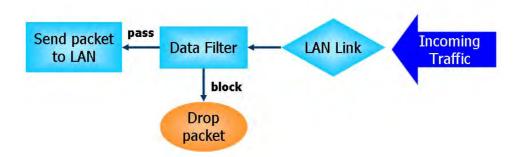
#### **IP Filters**

Depending on whether there is an existing Internet connection, or in other words "the WAN link status is up or down", the IP filter architecture categorizes traffic into two: **Call Filter** and **Data Filter**.

- Call Filter When there is no existing Internet connection, Call Filter is applied to all traffic, all of which should be outgoing. It will check packets according to the filter rules. If legal, the packet will pass. Then the router shall "initiate a call" to build the Internet connection and send the packet to Internet.
- Data Filter When there is an existing Internet connection, Data Filter is applied to
  incoming and outgoing traffic. It will check packets according to the filter rules. If legal,
  the packet will pass the router.

The following illustrations are flow charts explaining how router will treat incoming traffic and outgoing traffic respectively.





# Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI)

Stateful inspection is a firewall architecture that works at the network layer. Unlike legacy static packet filtering, which examines a packet based on the information in its header, stateful inspection builds up a state machine to track each connection traversing all interfaces of the firewall and makes sure they are valid. The stateful firewall of Vigor router not just examine the header information also monitor the state of the connection.

# **Denial of Service (DoS) Defense**

The **DoS Defense** functionality helps you to detect and mitigate the DoS attack. The attacks are usually categorized into two types, the flooding-type attacks and the vulnerability attacks. The flooding-type attacks will attempt to exhaust all your system's resource while the vulnerability attacks will try to paralyze the system by offending the vulnerabilities of the protocol or operation system.

The **DoS Defense** function enables the Vigor router to inspect every incoming packet based on the attack signature database. Any malicious packet that might duplicate itself to paralyze the host in the secure LAN will be strictly blocked and a Syslog message will be sent as warning, if you set up Syslog server.

Also the Vigor router monitors the traffic. Any abnormal traffic flow violating the pre-defined parameter, such as the number of thresholds, is identified as an attack and the Vigor router will activate its defense mechanism to mitigate in a real-time manner.

The below shows the attack types that DoS/DDoS defense function can detect:

1. SYN flood attack

2. UDP flood attack

3. ICMP flood attack

4. Port Scan attack

5. IP options

6. Land attack

7. Smurf attack

8. Trace route

9. SYN fragment

10. Fraggle attack

11. TCP flag scan

12. Tear drop attack

13. Ping of Death attack

14. ICMP fragment

15. Unassigned Numbers

Below shows the menu items for Firewall.

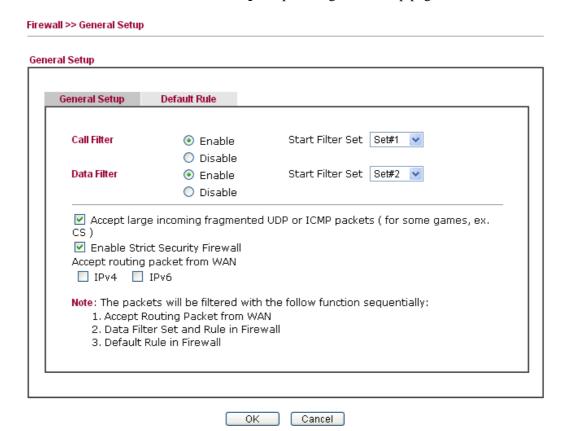




# 4.5.2 General Setup

General Setup allows you to adjust settings of IP Filter and common options. Here you can enable or disable the **Call Filter** or **Data Filter**. Under some circumstance, your filter set can be linked to work in a serial manner. So here you assign the **Start Filter Set** only. Also you can configure the **Log Flag** settings, **Apply IP filter to VPN incoming packets**, and **Accept incoming fragmented UDP packets**.

Click **Firewall** and click **General Setup** to open the general setup page.



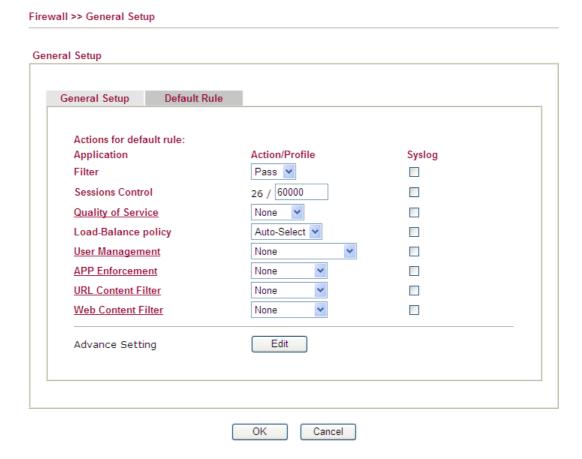
Item	Description
Call Filter	Check <b>Enable</b> to activate the Call Filter function. Assign a start filter set for the Call Filter.
Data Filter	Check <b>Enable</b> to activate the Data Filter function. Assign a start filter set for the Data Filter.
Accept large incoming	Some on-line games (for example: Half Life) will use lots of fragmented UDP packets to transfer game data. Instinctively as a secure firewall, Vigor router will reject these fragmented packets to prevent attack unless you enable "Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP Packets". By checking this box, you can play these kinds of on-line games. If security concern is in higher priority, you cannot enable "Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP Packets".
Enable Strict Security Firewall	For the sake of security, the router will execute strict security checking for data transmission.  Such feature is enabled in default. All the packets, while transmitting through Vigor router, will be filtered by firewall.

	If the firewall system (e.g., content filter server) does not make any response (pass or block) for these packets, then the router's firewall will block the packets directly.
Accept routing packet from WAN	Usually, IPv6 network sessions/traffic from WAN to LAN will be blocked by IPv6 firewall to prevent remote client accessing into the PCs on LAN in default.
	<b>IPv6</b> - Check the box to make the packets (routed from WAN to LAN) via IPv6 being accepted by such router. It is effective only for the packets routed but not for packets translated by NAT.
	<b>IPv4</b> - Check the box to make the incoming packets via IPv4 being accepted by such router. It is effective only for the packets routed but not for packets translated by NAT.

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

# **Default Rule Page**

Such page allows you to choose filtering profiles including QoS, Load-Balance policy, WCF, APP Enforcement, URL Content Filter for data transmission via Vigor router.

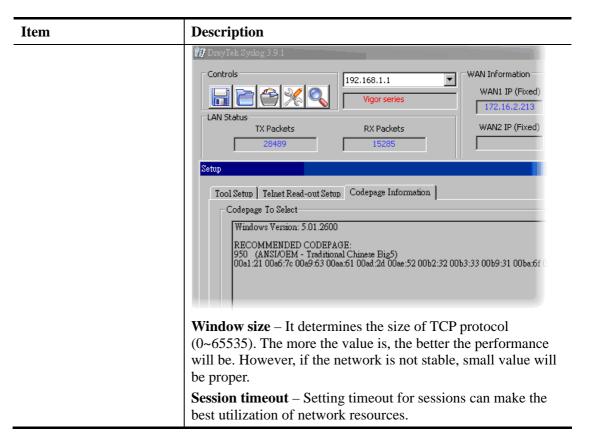


Item	Description
Filter	Select <b>Pass</b> or <b>Block</b> for the packets that do not match with the filter rules.



Item	Description		
	Filter Pass Pass Block		
Sessions Control	The number typed here is the total sessions of the packets that do not match the filter rule configured in this page. The default setting is 60000.		
Quality of Service	Choose one of the QoS rules to be applied as firewall rule. For detailed information of setting QoS, please refer to the related section later.  None Class 1 Class 2 Class 3 Default		
<b>Load-Balance Policy</b>	Choose the WAN interface for applying Load-Balance Policy.  Auto-Select WAN1 WAN2 WAN3		
User Management	Such item is available only when Rule-Based is selected in User Management>>General Setup. The general firewall rule will be applied to the user/user group/all users specified here.  None    None		
APP Enforcement	Select an <b>APP Enforcement</b> profile for global IM/P2P application blocking. If there is no profile for you to select, please choose [ <b>Create New</b> ] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. All the hosts in LAN must follow the standard configured in the <b>APP Enforcement</b> profile selected here. For detailed information, refer to the section of <b>APP Enforcement</b> profile setup. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for IM/P2P by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section <b>Syslog/Mail Alert</b> for more detailed information.		
URL Content Filter	Select one of the <b>URL Content Filter</b> profile settings (created in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; URL Content Filter</b> ) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for choosing in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; URL</b>		

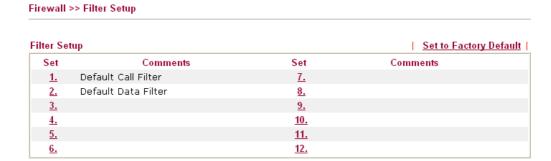
Item	Description		
	Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for URL Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.		
Web Content Filter	Select one of the <b>Web Content Filter</b> profile settings (created in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; Web Content Filter</b> ) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for anti-virus in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; Web Content Filter</b> web page first. Or choose [ <b>Create New</b> ] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for <b>Web Content Filter</b> by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section <b>Syslog/Mail Alert</b> for more detailed information.		
Advance Setting	Click Edit to open the following window. However, it is strongly recommended to use the default settings here.  Firewall >> General Setup  Advance Setting Codepage ANSI(1252)-Latin I Window size: Session timeout:  ANSI 1252 ANSI 1252 ANSI 1252 ANSI 1252 Autin I. If you do not choose any codepage, no decoding job of URL will be processed. Please use the drop-down list to choose a codepage.  If you do not have any idea of choosing suitable codepage, please open Syslog. From Codepage Information of Setup dialog, you will see the recommended codepage listed on the dialog box.		



After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# 4.5.3 Filter Setup

Click Firewall and click Filter Setup to open the setup page.



To edit or add a filter, click on the set number to edit the individual set. The following page will be shown. Each filter set contains up to 7 rules. Click on the rule number button to edit each rule. Check **Active** to enable the rule.





Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Filter Rule	Click a button numbered $(1 \sim 7)$ to edit the filter rule. Click the button will open Edit Filter Rule web page. For the detailed information, refer to the following page.	
Active	Enable or disable the filter rule.	
Comment	Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length is 23–character long.	
Move Up/Down	Use <b>Up</b> or <b>Down</b> link to move the order of the filter rules.	
Next Filter Set	Set the link to the next filter set to be executed after the current filter run. Do not make a loop with many filter sets.	

To edit Filter Rule, click the Filter Rule index button to Type the Filter Rule setup page.

#### Filter Set 1 Rule 1 Check to enable the Filter Rule Comments: Block NetBios Index(1-15) in **Schedule** Setup: Clear sessions when schedule ON: Enable LAN/RT//PN -> WAN ٧ Direction: Edit Source IP: Any Destination IP: Edit Any Edit Service Type: TCP/UDP, Port: from 137~139 to undefined Fragments: Don't Care Application Action/Profile Syslog Filter: Block Immediately Branch to Other Filter Set: None Sessions Control 0 / 60000 MAC Bind IP Non-Strict 🕶 None Quality of Service Load-Balance policy Auto-Select 🕶 <u>User Management</u> None APP Enforcement: None **URL Content Filter**: None None Web Content Filter:

Edit

ΟK

# Available settings are explained as follows:

Advance Setting

Item	Description
Check to enable the Filter Rule	Check this box to enable the filter rule.
Comments	Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length is 14-character long.
Index(1-15)	Set PCs on LAN to work at certain time interval only. You may choose up to 4 schedules out of the 15 schedules pre-defined in <b>Applications</b> >> <b>Schedule</b> setup. The default setting of this field is blank and the function will always work.
Clear sessions when schedule ON	Check this box to clear all the sessions when the schedule is configured and specified above.
Direction	Set the direction of packet flow. It is for <b>Data Filter</b> only. For the <b>Call Filter</b> , this setting is not available since <b>Call Filter</b> is only applied to outgoing traffic.

Clear

Cancel



Item	Description
	LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN  LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN  WAN -> LAN/RT/VPN  LAN/RT/VPN -> LAN/RT/VPN  Note: RT means routing domain for 2nd subnet.
Source/Destination IP	Click <b>Edit</b> to access into the following dialog to choose the source/destination IP or IP ranges.
	To set the IP address manually, please choose Any Address/Single Address/Range Address/Subnet Address as the Address Type and Objects or IPv6 Object None or IPv6 Obje
Service Type	Click <b>Edit</b> to access into the following dialog to choose a suitable service type.



Item	Description
	3 Service Type Edit - Microsoft Internet Explorer
	Sandra Tuna Edit
	Service Type Edit  Service Type Group and Objects ✓
	Protocol TCP/UDP 💌
	Source Port
	Service Group None V
	or <u>Service Object</u> or Service Object  None
	1-SIP or Service Object 2-RTP
	OK Close
	To set the service type manually, please choose <b>User defined</b>
	as the Service Type and type them in this dialog. In addition, if
	you want to use the service type from defined groups or
	objects, please choose <b>Group and Objects</b> as the Service
	Type.
	User defined 💌
	User defined
	Group and Objects
	<b>Protocol</b> - Specify the protocol(s) which this filter rule will
	apply to.  Source/Destination Port –
	(=) – when the first and last value are the same, it indicates one port; when the first and last values are different, it indicates a
	range for the port and available for this service type.
	(!=) – when the first and last value are the same, it indicates
	all the ports except the port defined here; when the first
	and last values are different, it indicates that all the ports
	except the range defined here are available for this service
	type.
	(>) – the port number greater than this value is available.
	(<) – the port number less than this value is available for this
	profile.
	<b>Service Group/Object</b> - Use the drop down list to choose the one that you want.
Eug gan ou ta	Specify the action for fragmented packets. And it is used for
Fragments	Data Filter only.
	<b>Don't care</b> -No action will be taken towards fragmented
	packets.
	<i>Unfragmented</i> -Apply the rule to unfragmented packets.
	Fragmented - Apply the rule to fragmented packets.
	<b>Too Short</b> - Apply the rule only to packets that are too short to
	contain a complete header.
Filter	Specifies the action to be taken when packets match the rule.
	Block Immediately - Packets matching the rule will be
	dropped immediately.



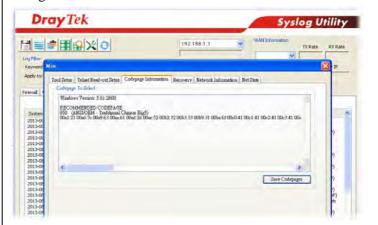
Item	Description
	Pass Immediately - Packets matching the rule will be passed immediately.  Block If No Further Match - A packet matching the rule, and that does not match further rules, will be dropped.
	Pass If No Further Match - A packet matching the rule, and that does not match further rules, will be passed through.
Branch to other Filter Set	If the packet matches the filter rule, the next filter rule will branch to the specified filter set. Select next filter rule to branch from the drop-down menu. Be aware that the router will apply the specified filter rule for ever and will not return to previous filter rule any more.
Sessions Control	The number typed here is the total sessions of the packets that do not match the filter rule configured in this page. The default setting is 60000.
MAC Bind IP	Strict - Make the MAC address and IP address settings configured in IP Object for Source IP and Destination IP be bound for applying such filter rule.  No-Strict - no limitation.
Quality of Service	Choose one of the QoS rules to be applied as firewall rule. For detailed information of setting QoS, please refer to the related section later.  None Class 1 Class 2 Class 3 Default
Load-Balance policy	Choose the WAN interface for applying Load-Balance Policy.
User Management	Such item is available only when Rule-Based is selected in User Management>>General Setup. The general firewall rule will be applied to the user/user group/all users specified here.  None  None User Object [Create New User] User Group [Create New Group] ALL  Note: When there is no user profile or group profile existed, Create New User or Create New Group item will appear for you to click to create a new one.
APP Enforcement	Select an <b>APP Enforcement</b> profile for global IM/P2P application blocking. If there is no profile for you to select, please choose [ <b>Create New</b> ] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. All the hosts in LAN must follow the standard configured in the <b>APP Enforcement</b> profile selected here. For detailed information, refer to the section of



Item	Description
	APP Enforcement profile setup. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for IM/P2P by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.
URL Content Filter	Select one of the URL Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> URL Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for choosing in CSM>> URL Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for URL Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.
Web Content Filter	Select one of the <b>Web Content Filter</b> profile settings (created in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; Web Content Filter</b> ) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for anti-virus in <b>CSM&gt;&gt; Web Content Filter</b> web page first. Or choose [ <b>Create New</b> ] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for <b>Web Content Filter</b> by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section <b>Syslog/Mail Alert</b> for more detailed information.
Advance Setting	Click <b>Edit</b> to open the following window. However, it is <b>strongly recommended</b> to use the default settings here.  168.1.1/doc/ipfedradv.htm - 視情測算器  168.1.1/doc/ipfedradv.htm Q ( )
	Filter Set 1 Rule 1  Advance Setting Codepage Window size: 65535 Session timeout: DrayTek Banner:  OK Close  Codepage - This function is used to compare the characters among different languages. Choose correct codepage can help the system obtaining correct ASCII after decoding data from URL and enhance the correctness of URL Content Filter. The default value for this setting is ANSI 1252 Latin I. If you do not choose any codepage, no decoding job of URL will be processed. Please use the drop-down list to choose a codepage. If you do not have any idea of choosing suitable codepage, please open Syslog. From Codepage Information of Setup dialog, you will see the recommended codepage listed on the

**Item** Description

dialog box.



**Window size** – It determines the size of TCP protocol (0~65535). The more the value is, the better the performance will be. However, if the network is not stable, small value will be proper.

**Session timeout**—Setting timeout for sessions can make the best utilization of network resources. However, Queue timeout is configured for TCP protocol only; session timeout is configured for the data flow which matched with the firewall rule.

**DrayTek Banner** – Please uncheck this box and the following screen will not be shown for the unreachable web page. The default setting is Enabled.



**Strict Security Checking** - All the packets, while transmitting through Vigor router, will be filtered by firewall settings configured by Vigor router. When the resource is inadequate, the packets will be blocked if Strict Security Checking is enabled. If Strict Security Checking is not enabled, then the packets will pass through the router.

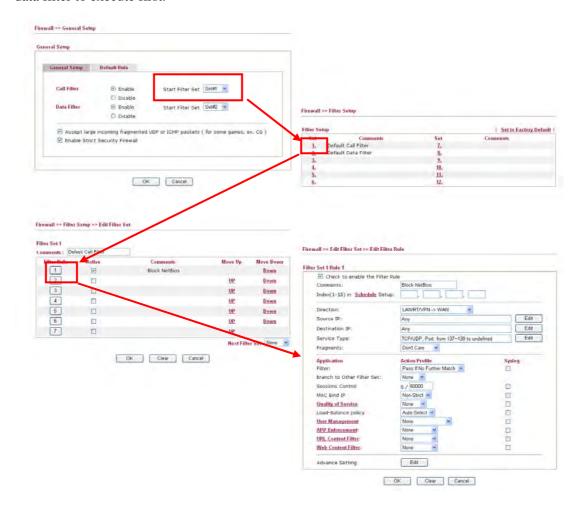
*APP Enforcement* – Check this box to execute the critical checking for all the files transferred via IM/P2P.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.



# **Example**

As stated before, all the traffic will be separated and arbitrated using on of two IP filters: call filter or data filter. You may preset 12 call filters and data filters in **Filter Setup** and even link them in a serial manner. Each filter set is composed by 7 filter rules, which can be further defined. After that, in **General Setup** you may specify one set for call filter and one set for data filter to execute first.



#### 4.5.4 DoS Defense

As a sub-functionality of IP Filter/Firewall, there are 15 types of detect/ defense function in the **DoS Defense** setup. The DoS Defense functionality is disabled for default.

Click **Firewall** and click **DoS Defense** to open the setup page.

#### Firewall >> DoS defense Setup

#### DoS defense Setup Enable DoS Defense Select All packets / sec Enable SYN flood defense Threshold 2000 Timeout sec 10 ☐ Enable UDP flood defense Threshold 2000 packets / sec Timeout 10 Threshold 250 packets / sec Enable ICMP flood defense Timeout 10 sec packets / sec Threshold 2000 Enable Port Scan detection Block IP options Block TCP flag scan Block Land ☐ Block Tear Drop Block Smurf Block Ping of Death Block trace route Block ICMP fragment Block SYN fragment Block Unassigned Numbers Block Fraggle Attack Clear All Cancel OK

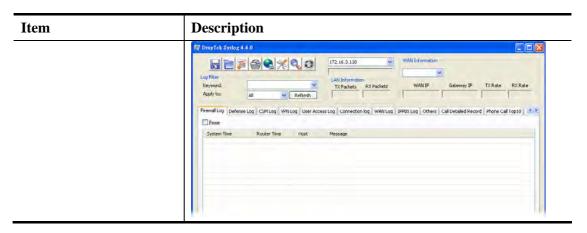
Item	Description
<b>Enable Dos Defense</b>	Check the box to activate the DoS Defense Functionality.
Select All	Click this button to select all the items listed below.
Enable SYN flood defense	Check the box to activate the SYN flood defense function. Once detecting the Threshold of the TCP SYN packets from the Internet has exceeded the defined value, the Vigor router will start to randomly discard the subsequent TCP SYN packets for a period defined in Timeout. The goal for this is prevent the TCP SYN packets' attempt to exhaust the limited-resource of Vigor router.
	By default, the threshold and timeout values are set to 2000 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 2000 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event" and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.
Enable UDP flood	Check the box to activate the UDP flood defense function. Once detecting the Threshold of the UDP packets from the Internet



Item	Description
defense	has exceeded the defined value, the Vigor router will start to randomly discard the subsequent UDP packets for a period defined in Timeout.
	The default setting for threshold and timeout are 2000 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 2000 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event" and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.
Enable ICMP flood defense	Check the box to activate the ICMP flood defense function.  Similar to the UDP flood defense function, once if the Threshold of ICMP packets from Internet has exceeded the defined value, the router will discard the ICMP echo requests coming from the Internet.  The default setting for threshold and timeout are 250 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 250 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event" and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.
Enable Port Scan detection	Port Scan attacks the Vigor router by sending lots of packets to many ports in an attempt to find ignorant services would respond. Check the box to activate the Port Scan detection. Whenever detecting this malicious exploration behavior by monitoring the port-scanning Threshold rate, the Vigor router will send out a warning.
	By default, the Vigor router sets the threshold as 2000 packets per second. That means, when 2000 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event".
Block IP options	Check the box to activate the Block IP options function. The Vigor router will ignore any IP packets with IP option field in the datagram header. The reason for limitation is IP option appears to be a vulnerability of the security for the LAN because it will carry significant information, such as security, TCC (closed user group) parameters, a series of Internet addresses, routing messagesetc. An eavesdropper outside might learn the details of your private networks.
Block Land	Check the box to enforce the Vigor router to defense the Land attacks. The Land attack combines the SYN attack technology with IP spoofing. A Land attack occurs when an attacker sends spoofed SYN packets with the identical source and destination addresses, as well as the port number to victims.
Block Smurf	Check the box to activate the Block Smurf function. The Vigor router will ignore any broadcasting ICMP echo request.
Block trace router	Check the box to enforce the Vigor router not to forward any trace route packets.
Block SYN fragment	Check the box to activate the Block SYN fragment function. The Vigor router will drop any packets having SYN flag and more fragment bit set.
Block Fraggle Attack	Check the box to activate the Block fraggle Attack function. Any broadcast UDP packets received from the Internet is blocked.

Item	Description
	Activating the DoS/DDoS defense functionality might block some legal packets. For example, when you activate the fraggle attack defense, all broadcast UDP packets coming from the Internet are blocked. Therefore, the RIP packets from the Internet might be dropped.
Block TCP flag scan	Check the box to activate the Block TCP flag scan function. Any TCP packet with anomaly flag setting is dropped. Those scanning activities include <i>no flag scan</i> , FIN without ACK scan, SYN FINscan, Xmas scan and full Xmas scan.
Block Tear Drop	Check the box to activate the Block Tear Drop function. Many machines may crash when receiving ICMP datagrams (packets) that exceed the maximum length. To avoid this type of attack, the Vigor router is designed to be capable of discarding any fragmented ICMP packets with a length greater than 1024 octets.
Block Ping of Death	Check the box to activate the Block Ping of Death function. This attack involves the perpetrator sending overlapping packets to the target hosts so that those target hosts will hang once they re-construct the packets. The Vigor routers will block any packets realizing this attacking activity.
<b>Block ICMP Fragment</b>	Check the box to activate the Block ICMP fragment function. Any ICMP packets with more fragment bit set are dropped.
Block Unassigned Numbers	Check the box to activate the Block Unknown Protocol function. Individual IP packet has a protocol field in the datagram header to indicate the protocol type running over the upper layer. However, the protocol types greater than 100 are reserved and undefined at this time. Therefore, the router should have ability to detect and reject this kind of packets.
Warning Messages	We provide Syslog function for user to retrieve message from Vigor router. The user, as a Syslog Server, shall receive the report sending from Vigor router which is a Syslog Client.  All the warning messages related to <b>DoS Defense</b> will be sent to user and user can review it through Syslog daemon. Look for the keyword <b>DoS</b> in the message, followed by a name to indicate what kind of attacks is detected.  System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert Setup  Server IP Address Destination Port Enable Server IP Address Destination Port Enable Syslog message:  Firewall Log VPN Log User Access Log Password Enable E-Mail Alert:  DoS Attack VIM-P2P  OK Clear Cancel

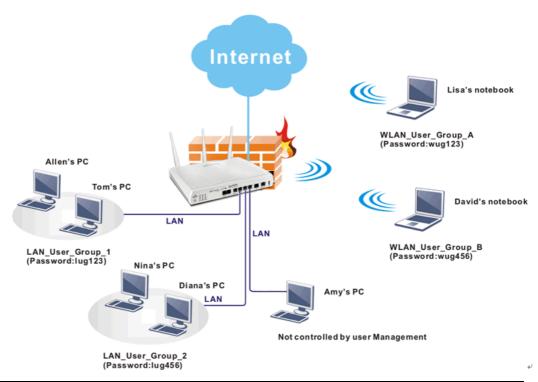




After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# 4.6 User Management

User Management is a security feature which disallows any IP traffic (except DHCP-related packets) from a particular host until that host has correctly supplied a valid username and password. Instead of managing with IP address/MAC address, User Management function manages hosts with user account. Network administrator can give different firewall policies or rules for different hosts with different User Management accounts. This is more flexible and convenient for network management. Not only offering the basic checking for Internet access, User Management also provides additional firewall rules, e.g. CSM checking for protecting hosts.



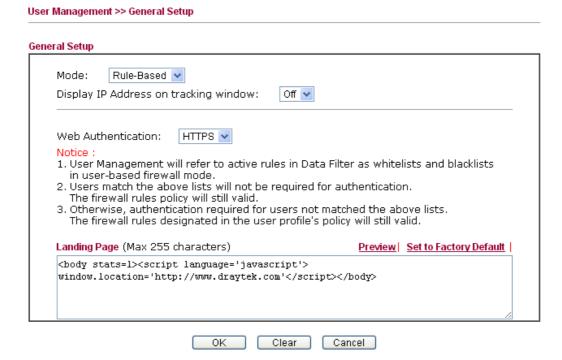
**Note**: Filter rules configured under Firewall usually are applied to the host (the one that the router installed) only. With user management, the rules can be applied to every user connected to the router with customized profiles.

**Note**: If **Transparency Mode** is selected in **Firewall>>General Setup**, User Management cannot be used any more. Please uncheck Transparency Mode first if you want to utilize user management to handle users in LAN, WAN or WLAN.



## 4.6.1 General Setup

General Setup can determine the standard (rule-based or user-based) for the users controlled by User Management. The mode (standard) selected here will influence the contents of the filter rule(s) applied to every user.



Item	Description
Mode	There are two modes offered here for you to choose. Each mode will bring different filtering effect to the users involved.
	User-Based - If you choose such mode, the router will apply the filter rules configured in User Management>>User Profile to the users.
	Rule-Based —If you choose such mode, the router will apply the filter rules configured in Firewall>>General Setup and Filter Rule to the users.
Display IP Address on tracking window	On – The IP address of the user accessing into Vigor router/Internet will be displayed on the tracking window.
Web Authentication	Choose <b>HTTP</b> or <b>HTTPS</b> as the protocol used by users to log into the web page.



	HTTPS HTTPS cti
Landing Page	Type the information to be displayed on the first web page when the LAN user accessing into Internet via such router.

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## 4.6.2 User Profile

This page allows you to set customized profiles (up to 200) which will be applied for users controlled under **User Management**. Simply open **User Management>>User Profile**.

User Management >> User Profile

Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<u>1.</u>	admin	<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>	System Reservation	<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>	LAN_User_Group_1	<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>	WLAN_User_Group_A	<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>	WLAN_User_Group_B	<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

To set the user profile, please click any index number link to open the following page. Notice that profile 1 (**admin**) and profile 2 (**System Reservation**) are factory default settings. Profile 2 is reserved for future use.

Click any index number to open the following configuration page:

## Profile Index 3

Enable this account		
User Name		
Password		
Confirm Password		
Idle Timeout	10	min(s) 0:Unlimited
Max User Login	0	0:Unlimited
External Server Authentication	None 💌	
Log	None 💌	
Pop Browser Tracking Window	<b>✓</b>	
Authentication	✓ Web ✓ Alert To	ool 🗹 Telnet
<u>Landing Page</u>		
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:	,,	,
Enable Time Quota 0	min. +-0	min.
Enable Data Quota 0	MB 🕶 🔭 0	мв
Reset quota to default when so	heduling time expired	 
Enable Default Time Quo	ta 0 min. Def	fault Data Quota 0 MB
Reset quota to default when so	ta 0 min. Def	

Item	Description
<b>Enable this account</b>	Check this box to enable such user profile.
User Name	Type a name for such user profile (e.g., LAN_User_Group_1, WLAN_User_Group_A, WLAN_User_Group_B, etc). When a user tries to access Internet through this router, an authentication step must be performed first. The user has to type the User Name specified here to pass the authentication. When the user passes the authentication, he/she can access Internet via this router. However the accessing operation will be restricted with the conditions configured in this user profile.
Password	Type a password for such profile (e.g., <i>lug123</i> , <i>wug123</i> , <i>wug456</i> , etc). When a user tries to access Internet through this router, an authentication step must be performed first. The user has to type the password specified here to pass the authentication. When the user passes the authentication, he/she can access Internet via this router with the limitation configured in this user profile.
Confirm Password	Type the password again for confirmation.
Idle Timeout	If the user is idle over the limitation of the timer, the <b>network connection will be stopped for such user.</b> By default, the Idle Timeout is set to 10 minutes.



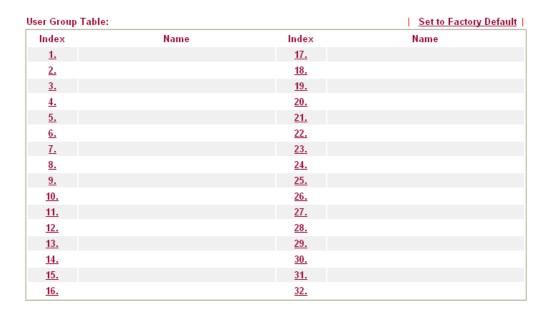
Item	Description
Max User Login	Such profile can be used by many users. You can set the limitation for the number of users accessing Internet with the conditions of such profile. The default setting is 0 which means no limitation in the number of users.
External Service Authentication	The router will authenticate the dial-in user by itself or by external service such as LDAP server or Radius server. If LDAP or Radius is selected here, it is not necessary to configure the password setting above.  None  None  LDAP  Radius
Log	Time of login/log out, block/unblock for the user(s) can be sent to and displayed in Syslog. Please choose any one of the log items to take down relational records for the user(s).  None  None  Login  Event  All
Pop Browser Tracking Window	If such function is enabled, a pop up window will be displayed on the screen with time remaining for connection if Idle Timeout is set. However, the system will update the time periodically to keep the connection always on. Thus, Idle Timeout will not interrupt the network connection.
Authentication	Any user (from LAN side or WLAN side) tries to connect to Internet via Vigor router must be authenticated by the router first. There are three ways offered by the router for the user to choose for authentication.  Web – If it is selected, the use can type the URL of the router from any browser. Then, a login window will be popped up and ask the user to type the user name and password for authentication. If succeed, a Welcome Message (configured in User Management >> General Setup) will be displayed. After authentication, the destination URL (if requested by the user) will be guided automatically by the router.  Alert Tool – If it is selected, the user can open Alert Tool and type the user name and password for authentication. A window with remaining time of connection for such user will be displayed. Next, the user can access Internet through any browser on Windows. Note that Alert Tool can be downloaded from DrayTek web site.  Telnet – If it is selected, the user can use Telnet command to perform the authentication job.
Landing Page	When a user tries to access into the web user interface of Vigor2920 series with the user name and password specified in this profile, he/she will be lead into the web page configured in Landing Page field in <b>User Management&gt;&gt;General Setup</b> .

Item	Description	
	Check this box to enable such function.	
Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup	You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in <b>Application</b> >> <b>Schedule</b> web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.	
Enable Time Quota	Time quota means the total connection time allowed by the router for the user with such profile. Check the box to enable the function of time quota. The first box displays the remaining time of the network connection. The second box allows to type the number of time (unit is minute) which is available for the user (using such profile) to access Internet.  - Click this box to set and increase the time quota for such profile.  - Click this box to decrease the time quota for such profile.	
	Note: A dialog will be popped up to notify how many time remained when a user accesses into Internet through Vigor router successfully.  Internet Access  Michael, you are now connected.  Time remaining online:  00:32:41  Time used: 01:12:54.  Uogout  When the time is up, all the connection jobs including network, IM, social media, facebook and etc. will be terminated.	
Enable Data Quota	Data Quota means the total amount for data transmission allowed for the user. The unit is MB.  + Click this box to set and increase the data quota for such profile.  - Click this box to decrease the data quota for such profile.	
Reset quota to default when scheduling time expired	Set default time quota and data quota for such profile. When the scheduling time is up, the router will use the default quota settings automatically.  Enable – Check it to use the default setting for time quota and data quota.  Default Time Quota – Type the value for the time manually.  Default Data Quota – Type the value for the data manually.	

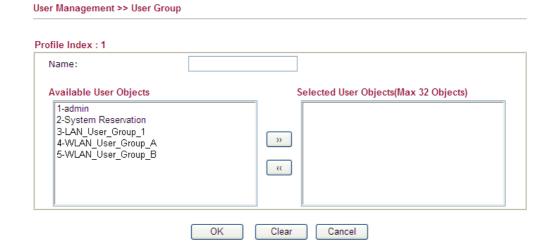
After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

## 4.6.3 User Group

This page allows you to bind several user profiles into one group. These groups will be used in **Firewall>>General Setup** as part of filter rules.



Please click any index number link to open the following page.



Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this user group.
Available User Objects	You can gather user profiles (objects) from <b>User Profile</b> page within one user group. All the available user objects that you have created will be shown in this box. Notice that user object, Admin and Dial-In User are factory settings. User defined profiles will be numbered with 3, 4, 5 and so on.
Selected User Objects	Click button to add the selected user objects in this box.

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

## 4.6.4 User Online Status

This page displays the user(s) connected to the router and refreshes the connection status in an interval of several seconds.



Note: Please click "IP Address" to view all online users.

Total Number: 1

Item	Description
Refresh Seconds	Use the drop down list to choose the time interval of refreshing data flow that will be done by the system automatically.
	Refresh Seconds: 10 v 10 15 30
Refresh	Click this link to refresh this page manually.
Index	Display the number of the data flow.
Active User	Display the users which connect to Vigor router currently. You can click the link under the username to open the user profile setting page for that user.
IP Address	Display the IP address of the device.
Last Login Time	Display the login time that such user connects to the router last time.
<b>Expired Time</b>	Display the expired time of the network connection for the user.
Idle Time	Display the idle timeout setting for such profile.
Action	Block - can prevent specified user accessing into Internet.
	Unblock – the user will be blocked.
	<b>Logout</b> – the user will be logged out forcefully.



## 4.7 Objects Settings

For IPs in a range and service ports in a limited range usually will be applied in configuring router's settings, therefore we can define them with *objects* and bind them with *groups* for using conveniently. Later, we can select that object/group that can apply it. For example, all the IPs in the same department can be defined with an IP object (a range of IP address).



## 4.7.1 IP Object

You can set up to 192 sets of IP Objects with different conditions.

## Objects Setting >> IP Object

IP Object Profiles:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	
<< <u>1.32</u>   <u>33.64</u>   <u>65</u>	5 <u>-96   97-128   129-160   161</u>	<u>-192</u> >>	Next >>

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

# Objects Setting >> IP Object IP Object Profiles: Index Name Ind 1. 1 2. 1

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Objects Setting >> IP Object

Name:	RD Department
Interface:	Any
Address Type:	Range Address 💌
Mac Address:	00:00:00:00:00
Start IP Address:	192.168.1.65
End IP Address:	192.168.1.69
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0
Invert Selection:	

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
Interface	Choose a proper interface.  Any  Any  LAN/RT/PN  WAN  For example, the <b>Direction</b> setting in <b>Edit Filter Rule</b> will ask you specify IP or IP range for WAN or LAN or any IP address. If you choose LAN as the <b>Interface</b> here, and choose LAN as the direction setting in <b>Edit Filter Rule</b> , then all the IP addresses specified with LAN interface will be opened for you to choose in <b>Edit Filter Rule</b> page.
Address Type	Determine the address type for the IP address. Select <b>Single Address</b> if this object contains one IP address only. Select <b>Range Address</b> if this object contains several IPs within a range.



Item	Description	
	Select <b>Subnet Address</b> if this object contains one subnet for IP address.  Select <b>Any Address</b> if this object contains any IP address.  Select <b>Mac Address</b> if this object contains Mac address.	
	Range Address Any Address Single Address Range Address Subnet Address Mac Address	
MAC Address	Type the MAC address of the network card which will be controlled.	
Start IP Address	Type the start IP address for Single Address type.	
End IP Address	Type the end IP address if the Range Address type is selected.	
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask if the Subnet Address type is selected.	
Invert Selection	If it is checked, all the IP addresses except the ones listed above will be applied later while it is chosen.	

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

## Objects Setting >> IP Object

## IP Object Profiles:

	•	
Index	Name	Index
<u>1.</u>	RD Department	<u>17.</u>
<u>2.</u>	Financial Dept.	<u>18.</u>
<u>3.</u>	HR Department	<u>19.</u>
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>

## **4.7.2 IP Group**

This page allows you to bind several IP objects into one IP group.

## Objects Setting >> IP Group

IP Group Table:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item Description	
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the group profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

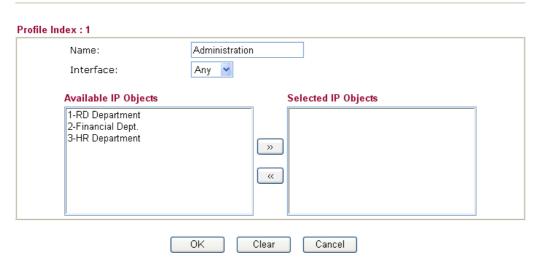
1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

## Objects Setting >> IP Group

## IP Group Table:

Index	Name	Inc
1.		
2.		
3.		

Objects Setting >> IP Group



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.
Interface	Choose WAN, LAN or Any to display all the available IP objects with the specified interface.
Available IP Objects	All the available IP objects with the specified interface chosen above will be shown in this box.
<b>Selected IP Objects</b>	Click >> button to add the selected IP objects in this box.

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Objects Setting >> IP Group



## 4.7.3 IPv6 Object

You can set up to 64 sets of IPv6 Objects with different conditions.

Objects Setting >> IPv6 Object

Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.	
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.	
Name	Display the name of the object profile.	

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

## Objects Setting >> IPv6 Object

## IPv6 Object Profiles:

Index	Name
<u>1.</u>	
<u>2.</u>	
<u>3.</u>	

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

# Profile Index: 1 Name: Address Type: Subnet Address Mac Address: Start IP Address: End IP Address: Prefix Len: Invert Selection: OK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.	
Address Type	Determine the address type for the IPv6 address. Select <b>Single Address</b> if this object contains one IPv6 address only. Select <b>Range Address</b> if this object contains several IPv6s within a range.	
	Select <b>Subnet Address</b> if this object contains one subnet for IPv6 address.	
	Select <b>Any Address</b> if this object contains any IPv6 address.	
	Select Mac Address if this object contains Mac address.	
	Range Address Any Address Single Address Range Address Subnet Address Mac Address	
MAC Address	Type the MAC address of the network card which will be controlled.	
Start IP Address	Type the start IP address for Single Address type.	
End IP Address	Type the end IP address if the Range Address type is selected.	
Subnet Mask	Type the subnet mask if the Subnet Address type is selected.	
Invert Selection	If it is checked, all the IPv6 addresses except the ones listed above will be applied later while it is chosen.	

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

## 4.7.4 IPv6 Group

This page allows you to bind several IPv6 objects into one IPv6 group.

Objects Setting >> IP Group

Pv6 Group Table:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

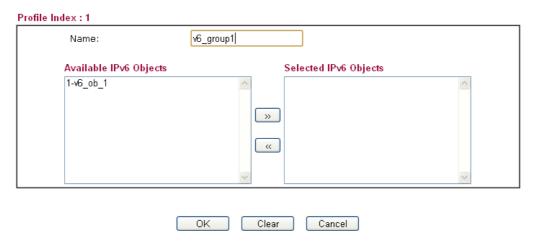
Item	Description	
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.	
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.	
Name	Display the name of the group profile.	

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.



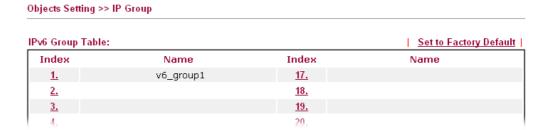
2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Name	Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed.	
Available IPv6 Objects	All the available IPv6 objects with the specified interface chosen above will be shown in this box.	
Selected IPv6 Objects	Click >> button to add the selected IPv6 objects in this box.	

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.



## 4.7.5 Service Type Object

You can set up to 96 sets of Service Type Objects with different conditions.

Objects Setting >> Service Type Object

rvice Type Objec			Set to Factory Defau
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.	
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.	
Name	Display the name of the object profile.	

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

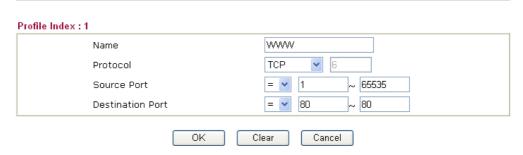
1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

## Objects Setting >> Service Type Object

## Service Type Object Profiles:

Index	Name
<u>1.</u>	
<u>2.</u>	

Objects Setting >> Service Type Object Setup



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Name	Type a name for this profile.  Specify the protocol(s) which this profile will apply to.  TCP Any ICMP IGMP TCP UDP TCP/UDP Other  Source Port and the Destination Port column are available for TCP/UDP protocol. It can be ignored for other protocols. The filter rule will filter out any port number.  (=) – when the first and last value are the same, it indicates one port; when the first and last values are different, it indicates a range for the port and available for this profile.  (!=) – when the first and last value are the same, it indicates all the ports except the port defined here; when the first and last values are different, it indicates that all the ports except the range defined here are available for this service type.  (>) – the port number greater than this value is available for this	
Protocol		
Source/Destination Port		

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## Service Type Object Profiles:

Index	Name
mucx	Nume
<u>1.</u>	SIP
<u>2.</u>	RTP
2	
<u>3.</u>	

## 4.7.6 Service Type Group

This page allows you to bind several service types into one group.

Objects Setting >> Service Type Group

rvice Type Grou	p rable.		<u>Set to Factory Defau</u>
Group	Name	Group	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.	
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.	
Name	Display the name of the group profile.	

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

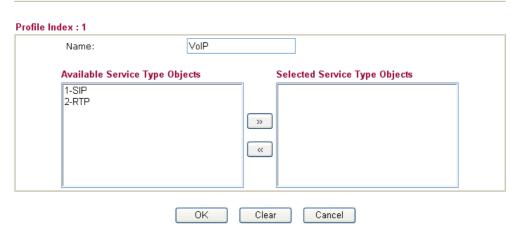
1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Group column for configuration in details.

Objects Setting >> Service Type Group

Service Type Group Table:

Group	Name
<u>1.</u>	
<u>2.</u>	
3.	

Objects Setting >> Service Type Group Setup

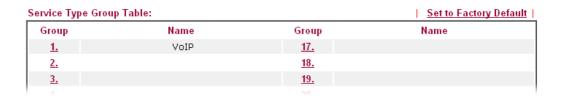


Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Type a name for this profile.  All the available service objects that you have added on Objects Setting>>Service Type Object will be shown in this box.	
Name		
Available Service Type Objects		
Selected Service Type Objects	Click >> button to add the selected IP objects in this box.	

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Objects Setting >> Service Type Group



## 4.7.7 Keyword Object

You can set 200 keyword object profiles for choosing as black /white list in **CSM** >>**URL Web Content Filter Profile.** 

Objects Setting >> Keyword Object

Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.	
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.	
Name	Display the name of the object profile.	

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

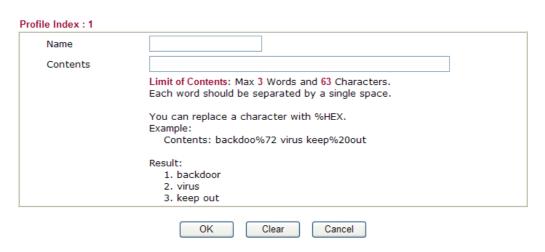
1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

## Objects Setting >> Keyword Object

## Keyword Object Profiles: Index Name 1. 2. 3.

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

## Objects Setting >> Keyword Object Setup



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Name	Type a name for this profile, e.g., game.	
Contents	Type the content for such profile. For example, type <i>gambling</i> as Contents. When you browse the webpage, the page with gambling information will be watched out and be passed/blocked based on the configuration on Firewall settings.	

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

## Objects Setting >> Keyword Object



## 4.7.8 Keyword Group

This page allows you to bind several keyword objects into one group. The keyword groups set here will be chosen as black /white list in **CSM** >>**URL** /**Web Content Filter Profile**.

Objects Setting >> Keyword Group

Keyword Group Tal	ble:		Set to Factory Default
Index	Name	Index	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles.	
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.	
Name	Display the name of the group profile.	

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

## Objects Setting >> Keyword Group

## Keyword Group Table: Index Name 1. 2. 3. 4.

Clear

Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Objects Setting >> Keyword Group

<u>5.</u>

<u>6.</u>

Item	Description	
Name	Type a name for this group.	
Available Keyword Objects	You can gather keyword objects from <b>Keyword Object</b> page within one keyword group. All the available Keyword objects that you have created will be shown in this box.	
Selected Keyword Objects	Click button to add the selected Keyword objects in this box.	

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

OK



<u>21.</u> 22.

## 4.7.9 File Extension Object

This page allows you to set eight profiles which will be applied in **CSM>>URL Content Filter**. All the files with the extension names specified in these profiles will be processed according to the chosen action.

Profile 1 with name of "default" is the default profile, some files with the file extensions specified in this profile will be ignored and not be scanned by Vigor router.

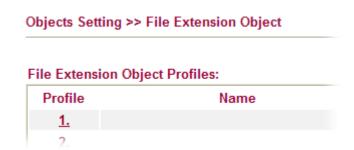
## 

Each item is explained as follows:

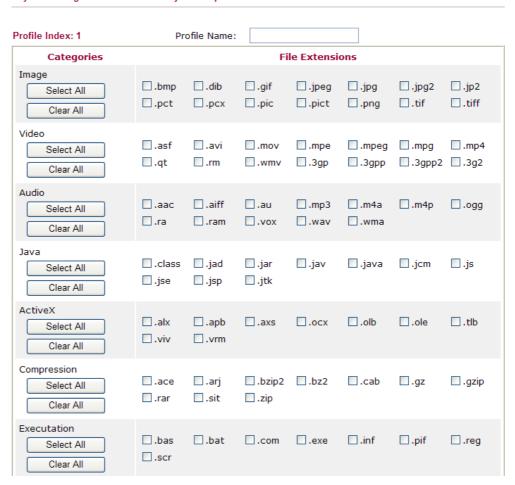
Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Name	Display the name of the object profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Profile column for configuration in details.



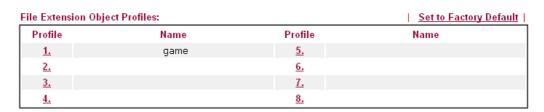
Objects Setting >> File Extension Object Setup



Item	Description	
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type a name for this profile.	

- 3. Type a name for such profile and check all the items of file extension that will be processed in the router.
- 4. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Objects Setting >> File Extension Object



## 4.7.10 SMS/Mail Service Object

## **SMS Service Object**

This page allows you to set ten profiles which will be applied in **Application>>SMS/Mail Alert Service**.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server	<u>Set to Factory Default</u>
Index	Profile Name	SMS Provider
<u>1.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>2.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>3.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>4.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>5.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>6.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>7.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>8.</u>		kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>9.</u>	Custom 1	
<u>10.</u>	Custom 2	

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.	
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.	
Profile Name	Display the name for such SMS profile.	
SMS Provider	Display the service provider which offers SMS service.	

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the **SMS Provider** tab, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server
Index	Profile Name
<u>1.</u>	
<u>2.</u>	
<u>3.</u>	



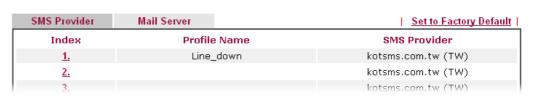
Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object Profile Index: 1 Profile Name Line\_down Service Provider kotsms.com.tw (TVV) × Username line1 .... Password 10 Quota 3 Sending Interval (seconds) ΟK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Profile Name	Type a name for such SMS profile.	
Service Provider	Use the drop down list to specify the service provider which offers SMS service.	
Username	Type a user name that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider.	
Password	Type a password that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider.	
Quota	Type the number (e.g., 5, 10, etc.) of the SMS text message allowed to be sent out by this profile. When WAN interface disconnects frequently, the text message will be sent for several time (e.g., 5, 10, etc.) within the time interval. Once the quota ran out, no SMS will be sent out.	
	<b>Note</b> : The number of the credit can be purchased from the service provider chosen above. One credit equals to one SMS text message on the standard route.	
Sending Interval	To avoid quota being exhausted soon, type time interval for sending the SMS.	

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object



## **Customized SMS Service**

Vigor router offers several SMS service provider to offer the SMS service. However, if your service provider cannot be found from the service provider list, simply use Index 9 and Index 10 to make customized SMS service. The profile name for Index 9 and Index 10 are fixed.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server		<u>Set to Factory Default</u>
Index	Profile	e Name	SMS Provider
<u>1.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>2.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>3.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>4.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>5.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>6.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>7.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>8.</u>			kotsms.com.tw (TW)
<u>9.</u>	Cust	tom 1	
<u>10.</u>	Cust	tom 2	

You can click the number (e.g., #9) under Index column for configuration in details.

## Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

## Profile Index: 9 Custom 1 Profile Name Service Provider Please contact with your SMS provide to get the exact URL String eg:bulksms.vsms.net:5567/eapi/submission/send\_sms/2/2.0?username=###txtUser### &password=###txtPwd###&msisdn=###txtDest###&message=###txtMsg### Password 10 Quota 3 (seconds) Sending Interval Cancel ΟK Clear

Item	Description
Profile Name	Display the name of this profile. It cannot be modified.
Service Provider	Type the website of the service provider.  Type the URL string in the box under the filed of Service Provider. You have to contact your SMS provider to obtain the exact URL string.



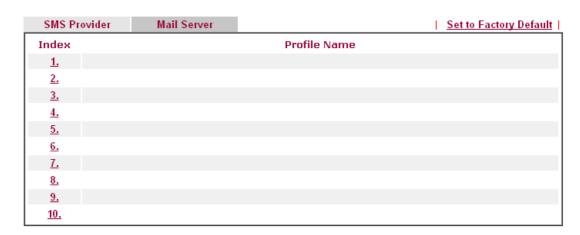
Username	Type a user name that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider.
Password	Type a password that the sender can use to register to selected SMS provider.
Quota	Type the total number of the messages that the router will send out.
Sending Interval	Type the shortest time interval for the system to send SMS.

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## **Mail Service Object**

This page allows you to set ten profiles which will be applied in **Application>>SMS/Mail Alert Service**.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object



Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Profile Name	Display the name for such mail server profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the **Mail Server** tab, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

SMS Provider	Mail Server	
Index		Pro
<u>1.</u>		
<u>2.</u>		
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u>		

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object

Profile Name	Mail_Notify
SMTP Server	192.168.1.98
SMTP Port	25
Sender Address	carrie@draytek.com
Use SSL	
✓ Authentication	
Username	John
Password	12345
Sending Interval	60 (seconds)

Item	Description	
Profile Name	Type a name for such mail service profile.	
SMTP Server	Type the IP address of the mail server.	
SMTP Port	Type the port number for SMTP server.	
Sender Address	Type the e-mail address of the sender.	
Authentication	The mail server must be authenticated with the correct username and password to have the right of sending message out. Check the box to enable the function.  Username – Type a name for authentication.  Password – Type a password for authentication.	
Sending Interval	Define the interval for the system to send the SMS out.	

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

Object Settings >> SMS / Mail Service Object



## 4.7.11 Notification Object

This page allows you to set ten profiles which will be applied in **Application>>SMS/Mail Alert Service**.

You can set an object with different monitoring situation.

Object Settings >> Notification Object

		<u>Set to Factory Default</u>
Index	Profile Name	Settings
<u>1.</u>		
<u>2.</u>		
<u>3.</u>		
<u>4.</u>		
<u>5.</u>		
<u>6.</u>		
<u>7.</u>		
<u>8.</u>		

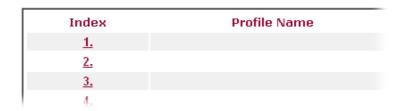
Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings.
Index	Display the profile number that you can configure.
Profile Name	Display the name for such mail server profile.

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Open **Object Setting>>Notification Object**, and click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

Object Settings >> Notification Object



Object Settings >> Notification Object

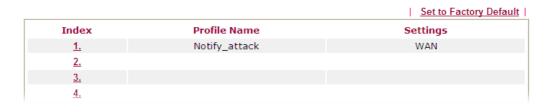


Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type a name for such notification profile.	
Category	Display the types that will be monitored.	
Status	Display the status for the category. You can check the box you want to be monitored.	

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

## Object Settings >> Notification Object



## 4.8 CSM Profile

## **Content Security Management (CSM)**

**CSM** is an abbreviation of **Content Security Management** which is used to control IM/P2P usage, filter the web content and URL content to reach a goal of security management.

## **APP Enforcement Filter**

As the popularity of all kinds of instant messenger application arises, communication cannot become much easier. Nevertheless, while some industry may leverage this as a great tool to connect with their customers, some industry may take reserve attitude in order to reduce employee misusage during office hour or prevent unknown security leak. It is similar situation for corporation towards peer-to-peer applications since file-sharing can be convenient but insecure at the same time. To address these needs, we provide CSM functionality.

## **URL Content Filter**

To provide an appropriate cyberspace to users, Vigor router equips with **URL Content Filter** not only to limit illegal traffic from/to the inappropriate web sites but also prohibit other web feature where malicious code may conceal.

Once a user type in or click on an URL with objectionable keywords, URL keyword blocking facility will decline the HTTP request to that web page thus can limit user's access to the website. You may imagine **URL Content Filter** as a well-trained convenience-store clerk who won't sell adult magazines to teenagers. At office, **URL Content Filter** can also provide a job-related only environment hence to increase the employee work efficiency. How can URL Content Filter work better than traditional firewall in the field of filtering? Because it checks the URL strings or some of HTTP data hiding in the payload of TCP packets while legacy firewall inspects packets based on the fields of TCP/IP headers only.

On the other hand, Vigor router can prevent user from accidentally downloading malicious codes from web pages. It's very common that malicious codes conceal in the executable objects, such as ActiveX, Java Applet, compressed files, and other executable files. Once downloading these types of files from websites, you may risk bringing threat to your system. For example, an ActiveX control object is usually used for providing interactive web feature. If malicious code hides inside, it may occupy user's system.

## Web Content Filter

We all know that the content on the Internet just like other types of media may be inappropriate sometimes. As a responsible parent or employer, you should protect those in your trust against the hazards. With Web filtering service of the Vigor router, you can protect your business from common primary threats, such as productivity, legal liability, network and security threats. For parents, you can protect your children from viewing adult websites or chat rooms.

Once you have activated your Web Filtering service in Vigor router and chosen the categories of website you wish to restrict, each URL address requested (e.g.www.bbc.co.uk) will be checked against our server database. This database is updated as frequent as daily by a global team of Internet researchers. The server will look up the URL and return a category to your router. Your Vigor router will then decide whether to allow access to this site according to the categories you have selected. Please note that this action will not introduce any delay in your Web surfing because each of multiple load balanced database servers can handle millions of requests for categorization.

Note: The priority of URL Content Filter is higher than Web Content Filter.



## 4.8.1 APP Enforcement Profile

You can define policy profiles for IM (Instant Messenger)/P2P (Peer to Peer)/Protocol/Misc application. This page allows you to set 32 profiles for different requirements. The APP Enforcement Profile will be applied in **Default Rule** of **Firewall>>General Setup** for filtering.

CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile

			Set to Factory Defaul
Profile	Name	Profile	Name
<u>1.</u>		<u>17.</u>	
<u>2.</u>		<u>18.</u>	
<u>3.</u>		<u>19.</u>	
<u>4.</u>		<u>20.</u>	
<u>5.</u>		<u>21.</u>	
<u>6.</u>		<u>22.</u>	
<u>7.</u>		<u>23.</u>	
<u>8.</u>		<u>24.</u>	
<u>9.</u>		<u>25.</u>	
<u>10.</u>		<u>26.</u>	
<u>11.</u>		<u>27.</u>	
<u>12.</u>		<u>28.</u>	
<u>13.</u>		<u>29.</u>	
<u>14.</u>		<u>30.</u>	
<u>15.</u>		<u>31.</u>	
<u>16.</u>		<u>32.</u>	

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Profile	Display the number of the profile which allows you to click to set different policy.
Name	Display the name of the APP Enforcement Profile.

Click the number under Index column for settings in detail.

There are four tabs IM, P2P, Protocol and Misc displayed on this page. Each tab will bring out different items that you can choose to disallow people using.

Below shows the items which are categorized under IM.



### CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile Profile Index : 1 Profile Name: P2P **PROTOCOL** OTHERS Select All | Clear All **Support List** Advanced Management Activity / Application MSN YahooIM AIM(<= v5.9)ICQ Login Message File Transfer Game Conference(Video/Voice) Other Activities VoIP IM Application ■ AIM6/7 □iMessge QQ/TM Skype Kubao Jabber/GoogleTalk ☐Gizmo ☐SIP/RTP Paltalk ■ GoogleChat XFire GaduGadu TelTel TeamSpeak Qnext POCO/PP365 AresChat Aliww □ KC 🗌 Lava-Lava ☐ICU2 □iSpQ UC ■ MobileMSN BaiduHi Fetion RaidCall LINE

Web IM ( \* = more than one address)

WebIM ( \* = more than one address)

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Profile Name	Type a name for the CSM profile.	
Select All	Click it to choose all of the items in this page.	
Clear All	Uncheck all the selected boxes.	

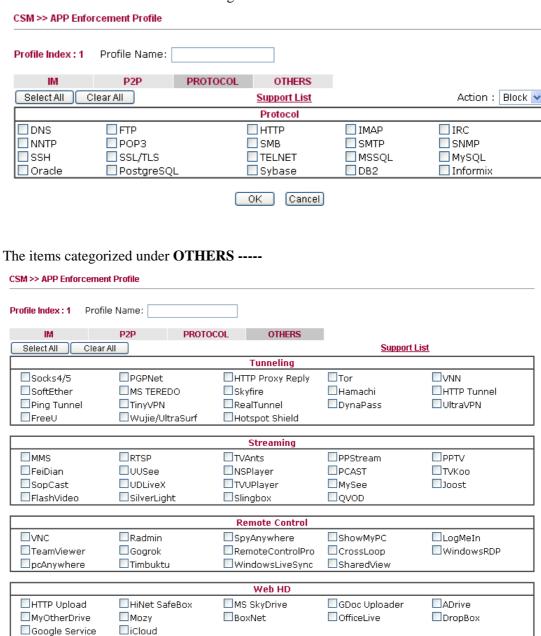
After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

The profiles configured here can be applied in the **Firewall>>General Setup** and **Firewall>>Filter Setup** pages as the standard for the host(s) to follow.

The items categorized under **P2P** -----



## Below shows the items which are categorized under **Protocol** -----



OK Cancel



## 4.8.2 URL Content Filter Profile

To provide an appropriate cyberspace to users, Vigor router equips with **URL Content Filter** not only to limit illegal traffic from/to the inappropriate web sites but also prohibit other web feature where malicious code may conceal.

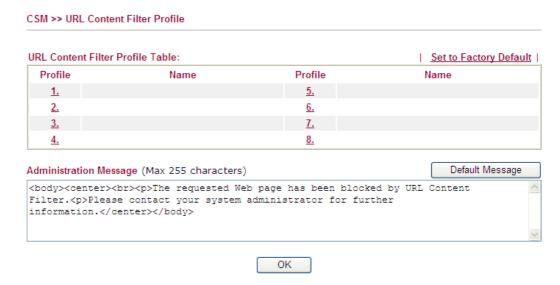
Once a user type in or click on an URL with objectionable keywords, URL keyword blocking facility will decline the HTTP request to that web page thus can limit user's access to the website. You may imagine **URL Content Filter** as a well-trained convenience-store clerk who won't sell adult magazines to teenagers. At office, **URL Content Filter** can also provide a job-related only environment hence to increase the employee work efficiency. How can URL Content Filter work better than traditional firewall in the field of filtering? Because it checks the URL strings or some of HTTP data hiding in the payload of TCP packets while legacy firewall inspects packets based on the fields of TCP/IP headers only.

On the other hand, Vigor router can prevent user from accidentally downloading malicious codes from web pages. It's very common that malicious codes conceal in the executable objects, such as ActiveX, Java Applet, compressed files, and other executable files. Once downloading these types of files from websites, you may risk bringing threat to your system. For example, an ActiveX control object is usually used for providing interactive web feature. If malicious code hides inside, it may occupy user's system.

For example, if you add key words such as "sex", Vigor router will limit web access to web sites or web pages such as "www.sex.com", "www.backdoor.net/images/sex/p\_386.html". Or you may simply specify the full or partial URL such as "www.sex.com" or "sex.com".

Also the Vigor router will discard any request that tries to retrieve the malicious code.

Click **CSM** and click **URL Content Filter Profile** to open the profile setting page.



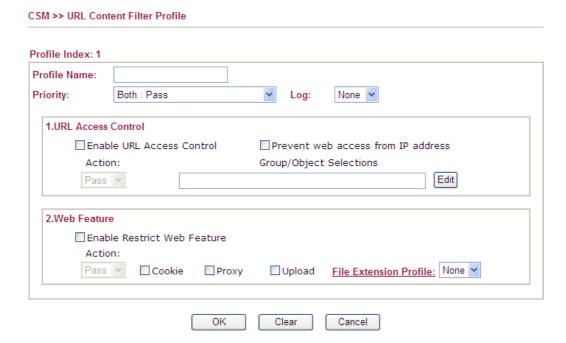
Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles.
Profile	Display the number of the profile which allows you to click to set different policy.
Name	Display the name of the URL Content Filter Profile.



# Administration Message You can type the message manually for your necessity or click this button to get the default message which will be displayed on the field of Administration Message.

You can set eight profiles as URL content filter. Simply click the index number under Profile to open the following web page.



Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	Type a name for the CSM profile.
Priority	It determines the action that this router will apply.
	Both: Pass – The router will let all the packages that match with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below passing through. When you choose this setting, both configuration set in this page for URL Access Control and Web Feature will be inactive.
	Both: Block –The router will block all the packages that match with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below. When you choose this setting, both configuration set in this page for URL Access Control and Web Feature will be inactive.
	Either: URL Access Control First – When all the packages matching with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions executed. For this one, the router will process the packages with the conditions set below for URL first, then Web feature second.
	Either: Web Feature First –When all the packages matching with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions executed. For this one, the router will process the packages with the conditions set below for

Item	Description	
	web feature first, then URL second.	
	Both: Pass  Both: Pass  Both: Block Either: URL Access Control First Either: Web Feature First	
Log	None – There is no log file will be recorded for this profile.  Pass – Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog.  Block – Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog.  All – All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog.  None  Pass  Block	
URL Access Control	Enable URL Access Control - Check the box to activate	
	URL Access Control. Note that the priority for URL Access Control is higher than Restrict Web Feature. If the web content match the setting set in URL Access Control, the router will execute the action specified in this field and ignore the action specified under Restrict Web Feature.  Prevent web access from IP address - Check the box to deny any web surfing activity using IP address, such as http://202.6.3.2. The reason for this is to prevent someone dodges the URL Access Control. You must clear your browser cache first so that the URL content filtering facility operates properly on a web page that you visited before.  Action – This setting is available only when Either: URL Access Control First or Either: Web Feature First is selected. Pass - Allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below.  Block - Restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below.  If the web pages do not match with the keyword set here, it will be processed with reverse action.  Action:  Block  Pass  Block	
	Group/Object Selections – The Vigor router provides several frames for users to define keywords and each frame supports multiple keywords. The keyword could be a noun, a partial noun, or a complete URL string. Multiple keywords within a frame are separated by space, comma, or semicolon. In addition, the maximal length of each frame is 32-character long. After specifying keywords, the Vigor router will decline the connection request to the website whose URL	

### **Item Description** string matched to any user-defined keyword. It should be noticed that the more simplified the blocking keyword list is, the more efficiently the Vigor router performs. Group/Object Edit - Windows Internet Explorer http://192.168.1.1/doc/cfkwgob.htm Object/Group Edit **Keyword Object** None > or Keyword Object or Keyword Object None v or Keyword Object None V or Keyword Object None V or Keyword Object or Keyword Object None N or Keyword Object None > None N or Keyword Group or Keyword Group None > or Keyword Group None > or Keyword Group None N None V or Keyword Group or Keyword Group None N or Keyword Group None V or Keyword Group OK Close **Web Feature** Enable Restrict Web Feature - Check this box to make the keyword being blocked or passed. Action - This setting is available only when Either: URL **Access Control First or Either: Web Feature Firs is** selected. Pass allows accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below. Pass - Allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below. **Block** - Restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below. If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, it will be processed with reverse action. **Cookie** - Check the box to filter out the cookie transmission from inside to outside world to protect the local user's privacy. **Proxy** - Check the box to reject any proxy transmission. To control efficiently the limited-bandwidth usage, it will be of great value to provide the blocking mechanism that filters out the multimedia files downloading from web pages. Upload – Check the box to block the file upload by way of web page. File Extension Profile – Choose one of the profiles that you configured in Object Setting>> File Extension Objects previously for passing or blocking the file downloading.

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.



## 4.8.3 Web Content Filter Profile

There are three ways to activate WCF on vigor router, using **Service Activation Wizard**, by means of **CSM>>Web Content Filter Profile** or via **System Maintenance>>Activation**.

Service Activation Wizard allows you to use trial version WCF directly without accessing into the server (*MyVigor*) located on http://myvigor.draytek.com.

However, if you use the **Web Content Filter Profile** page to activate WCF feature, it is necessary for you to access into the server (**MyVigor**) located on http://myvigor.draytek.com. Therefore, you need to register an account on http://myvigor.draytek.com for using corresponding service. Please refer to section of creating MyVigor account.

**Note:** If you have used **Service Activation Wizard** to activate WCF service, you can skip this section.

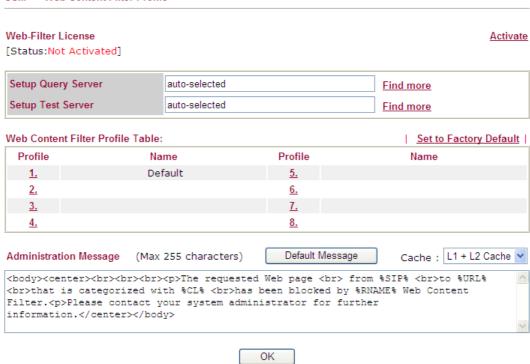
WCF adopts the mechanism developed and offered by certain service provider (e.g., DrayTek). No matter activating WCF feature or getting a new license for web content filter, you have to click **Activate** to satisfy your request. Be aware that service provider matching with Vigor router currently offers a period of time for trial version for users to experiment. If you want to purchase a formal edition, simply contact with the channel partner or your dealer.

Click **CSM** and click **Web Content Filter Profile** to open the profile setting page. The default setting for Setup Query Server /Setup Test Server is **auto-selected**. You can choose another server for your necessity by clicking **Find more** to open http://myvigor.draytek.com for searching another qualified and suitable one.

**Note 1:** Web Content Filter (WCF) is not a built-in service of Vigor router but a service powered by **Commtouch**. If you want to use such service (trial or formal edition), you have to perform the procedure of activation first. For the service of formal edition, please contact with your dealer/distributor for detailed information.

**Note 2**: Commtouch is merged by **Cyren**, and **GlobalView** services will be continued to deliver powerful cloud-based information security solutions! Refer to:

http://www.prnewswire.com/news-releases/commtouch-is-now-cyren-239025151.html

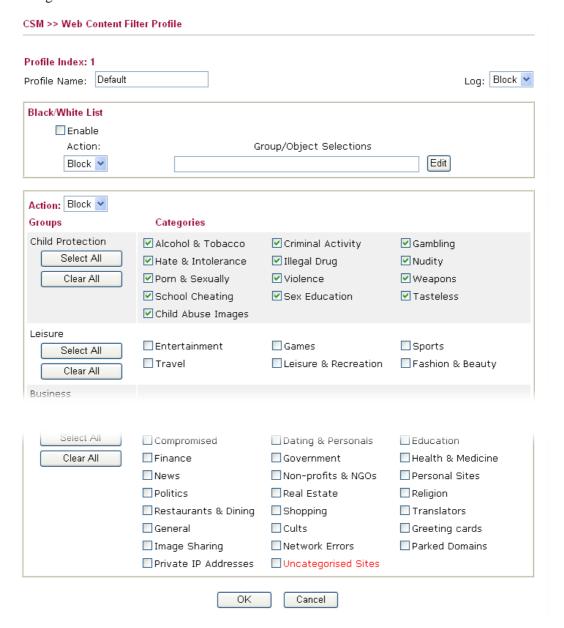


Item	Description
Activate	Click it to access into MyVigor for activating WCF service.
Setup Query Server	It is recommended for you to use the default setting, auto-selected. You need to specify a server for categorize searching when you type URL in browser based on the web content filter profile. Such server is powered by Commtouch.
Setup Test Server	It is recommended for you to use the default setting, auto-selected. Such server is powered by Commtouch (Cyren).
Find more	Click it to open http://myvigor.draytek.com for searching another qualified and suitable server.
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Click this link to retrieve the factory settings.
Default Message	You can type the message manually for your necessity or click this button to get the default message which will be displayed on the field of <b>Administration Message</b> .
Cache	None – the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF precisely, however, the processing rate is normal. Such item can provide the most accurate URL matching.  L1 – the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF. If the URL has been accessed previously, it will be stored in the router to be accessed quickly if required.
	Such item can provide accurate URL matching with faster rate.  L2 – the router will check the URL that the user wants to



Item	Description
	access via WCF. If the data has been accessed previously, the IP addresses of source and destination IDs will be memorized for a short time (about 1 second) in the router. When the user tries to access the same destination ID, the router will check it by comparing the record stored. If it matches, the page will be retrieved quickly. Such item can provide URL matching with the fastest rate.
	L1+L2 Cache – the router will check the URL with fast processing rate combining the feature of L1 and L2.

Eight profiles are provided here as Web content filters. Simply click the index number under Profile to open the following web page. The items listed in Categories will be changed according to the different service providers. If you have and activate another web content filter license, the items will be changed simultaneously. All of the configuration made for web content filter will be deleted automatically. Therefore, please backup your data before you change the web content filter license.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Black/White List	Enable – Activate white/black list function for such profile.  Group/Object Selections – Click Edit to choose the group or object profile as the content of white/black list.
	<b>Pass</b> - <b>allow</b> accessing into the corresponding webpage with the characters listed on <b>Group/Object Selections</b> . If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, they will be processed with the categories listed on the box below.
	Block - restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the characters listed on <b>Group/Object Selections</b> . If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, they will be processed with the categories listed on the box below.
Action	Pass - allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the categories listed on the box below.  Block - restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the categories listed on the box below.  If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, it will be processed with reverse action.
Log	None – There is no log file will be recorded for this profile.  Pass – Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog.  Block – Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog.  All – All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog.  Block  None  Pass  Block  All

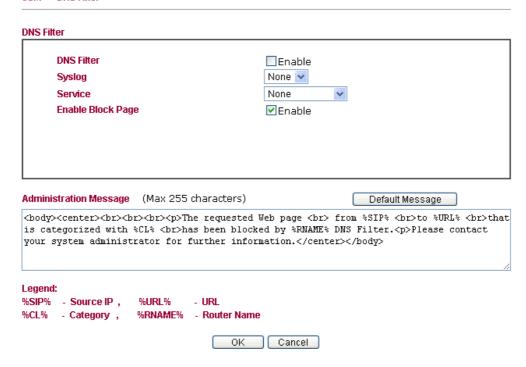
After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

## 4.8.4 DNS Filter

The DNS Filter monitors DNS queries on UDP port 53 and will pass the DNS query information to the WCF to help with categorizing HTTPS URL's.

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**Note:** For DNS filter must use the WCF service profile to filter the packets, therefore WCF license must be activated first. Otherwise, DNS filter does not have any effect on packets.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
DNS Filter	Check Enable to enable such feature.
Syslog	The filtering result can be recorded according to the setting selected for Syslog.
	<b>None</b> – There is no log file will be recorded for this profile.
	<b>Pass</b> – Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog.
	<b>Block</b> – Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog.
	All – All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog.
	Block None Pass Block All
Service	Set the filtering conditions. Specify one of the WCF profiles as Service.
	None None WCF-1 Default
	Choose the WCF profiles to apply DNS filter.
Enable Block Page	Check the box to enable such function.

After finishing all the settings, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

# **4.8.5 APPE Support List**

This page offers the software versions for each applications managed by APP Enforcement Profiles by Vigor router. Click the IM/P2P/PROTOCOL/OTHERS tab to open the information page for different APP type.

CSM >> APPE Support List

This charts lists out the APP Enforcement supported by Vigor routers.

Last update on 2014-07-21

IM	P2P		PROTOCOL	OTHERS	
APP Type	APP Name	Version		Note	
	AIM	5.9			
	AIM	6/7	Only block Login services can not	. If users have alread t be blocked.	ly logged in, AIM
	AliWW	2008			
	Ares	2.0.9			
	BaiduHi	37378			
	Fetion	2010			
	GaduGadu Protocol				
	Google Chat				
	ICQ	7	the same time. I	s are blocked, Voice: In ICQ5 or former ver locked separately.	
	ICU2	8.0.6			
	Jabber Protocol/Google				



# 4.9 Bandwidth Management

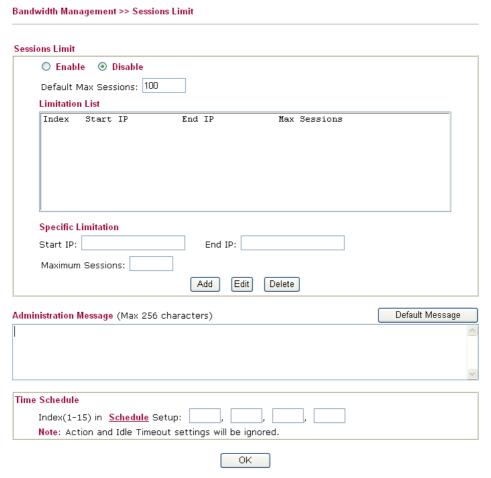
Below shows the menu items for Bandwidth Management.



## 4.9.1 Sessions Limit

A PC with private IP address can access to the Internet via NAT router. The router will generate the records of NAT sessions for such connection. The P2P (Peer to Peer) applications (e.g., BitTorrent) always need many sessions for procession and also they will occupy over resources which might result in important accesses impacted. To solve the problem, you can use limit session to limit the session procession for specified Hosts.

In the **Bandwidth Management** menu, click **Sessions Limit** to open the web page.



To activate the function of limit session, simply click **Enable** and set the default session limit. Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Session Limit	<b>Enable -</b> Click this button to activate the function of limit session.
	<b>Disable</b> - Click this button to close the function of limit

Item	Description
	session.
	<b>Default Max Session -</b> Defines the default session number used for each computer in LAN.
Limitation List	Displays a list of specific limitations that you set on this web page.
<b>Specific Limitation</b>	<b>Start IP-</b> Defines the start IP address for limit session.
	End IP - Defines the end IP address for limit session.
	Maximum Sessions - Defines the available session number for each host in the specific range of IP addresses. If you do not set the session number in this field, the system will use the default session limit for the specific limitation you set for each index.
	<b>Add</b> - Adds the specific session limitation onto the list above.
	<b>Edit -</b> Allows you to edit the settings for the selected limitation.
	<b>Delete -</b> Remove the selected settings existing on the limitation list.
<b>Administration Message</b>	Type the words which will be displayed when reaches the maximum number of Internet sessions permitted.
	Click <b>Default Message</b> to display the default message on the screen.
Time Schedule	Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

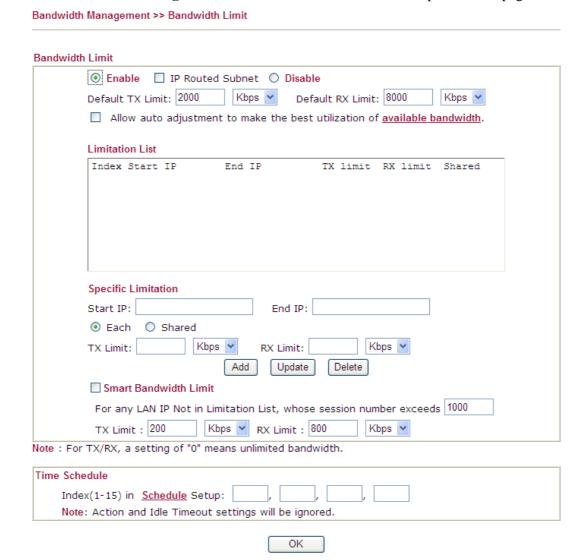
After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.



## 4.9.2 Bandwidth Limit

The downstream or upstream from FTP, HTTP or some P2P applications will occupy large of bandwidth and affect the applications for other programs. Please use Limit Bandwidth to make the bandwidth usage more efficient.

In the **Bandwidth Management** menu, click **Bandwidth Limit** to open the web page.



Item	Description
Bandwidth Limit	<b>Enable</b> - Click this button to activate the function of limit bandwidth.
	IP Routed Subnet - Check this box to apply the bandwidth limit to the second subnet specified in LAN>>General Setup.
	<b>Disable -</b> Click this button to close the function of limit bandwidth.
	<b>Default TX limit -</b> Define the default speed of the upstream for each computer in LAN.
	<b>Default RX limit -</b> Define the default speed of the

	downstream for each computer in LAN.
	Allow auto adjustment···- Check this box to make the best utilization of available bandwidth.
Limitation List	Display a list of specific limitations that you set on this web page.
<b>Specific Limitation</b>	<b>Start IP -</b> Define the start IP address for limit bandwidth.
	<b>End IP -</b> Define the end IP address for limit bandwidth.
	Each /Shared - Select Each to make each IP within the range of Start IP and End IP having the same speed defined in TX limit and RX limit fields; select Shared to make all the IPs within the range of Start IP and End IP share the speed defined in TX limit and RX limit fields.
	<b>TX limit</b> - Define the limitation for the speed of the upstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.
	<b>RX limit</b> - Define the limitation for the speed of the downstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.
	<b>Add</b> - Add the specific speed limitation onto the list above.
	<b>Update -</b> Allow you to edit the settings for the selected limitation.
	<b>Delete -</b> Remove the selected settings existing on the limitation list.
Smart Bandwidth Limit	Check this box to have the bandwidth limit determined by the system automatically.
	<b>TX limit</b> - Define the limitation for the speed of the upstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.
	<b>RX limit</b> - Define the limitation for the speed of the downstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.
Time Schedule	Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in <b>Application</b> >> <b>Schedule</b> web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{O}\mathbf{K}$  to save the configuration.



## 4.9.3 Quality of Service

Deploying QoS (Quality of Service) management to guarantee that all applications receive the service levels required and sufficient bandwidth to meet performance expectations is indeed one important aspect of modern enterprise network.

One reason for QoS is that numerous TCP-based applications tend to continually increase their transmission rate and consume all available bandwidth, which is called TCP slow start. If other applications are not protected by QoS, it will detract much from their performance in the overcrowded network. This is especially essential to those are low tolerant of loss, delay or jitter (delay variation).

Another reason is due to congestions at network intersections where speeds of interconnected circuits mismatch or traffic aggregates, packets will queue up and traffic can be throttled back to a lower speed. If there's no defined priority to specify which packets should be discarded (or in another term "dropped") from an overflowing queue, packets of sensitive applications mentioned above might be the ones to drop off. How this will affect application performance?

There are two components within Primary configuration of QoS deployment:

- Classification: Identifying low-latency or crucial applications and marking them for high-priority service level enforcement throughout the network.
- Scheduling: Based on classification of service level to assign packets to queues and associated service types

The basic QoS implementation in Vigor routers is to classify and schedule packets based on the service type information in the IP header. For instance, to ensure the connection with the headquarter, a teleworker may enforce an index of QoS Control to reserve bandwidth for HTTPS connection while using lots of application at the same time.

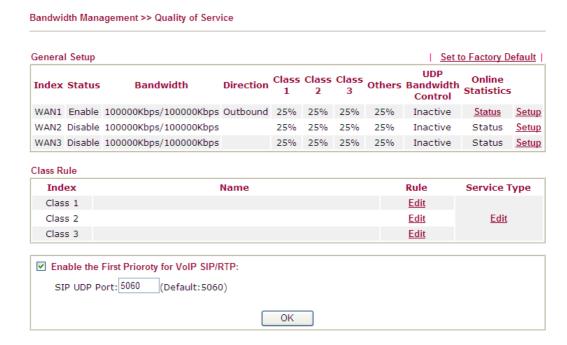
One more larger-scale implementation of QoS network is to apply DSCP (Differentiated Service Code Point) and IP Precedence disciplines at Layer 3. Compared with legacy IP Precedence that uses Type of Service (ToS) field in the IP header to define 8 service classes, DSCP is a successor creating 64 classes possible with backward IP Precedence compatibility. In a QoS-enabled network, or Differentiated Service (DiffServ or DS) framework, a DS domain owner should sign a Service License Agreement (SLA) with other DS domain owners to define the service level provided toward traffic from different domains. Then each DS node in these domains will perform the priority treatment. This is called per-hop-behavior (PHB). The definition of PHB includes Expedited Forwarding (EF), Assured Forwarding (AF), and Best Effort (BE). AF defines the four classes of delivery (or forwarding) classes and three levels of drop precedence in each class.

Vigor routers as edge routers of DS domain shall check the marked DSCP value in the IP header of bypassing traffic, thus to allocate certain amount of resource execute appropriate policing, classification or scheduling. The core routers in the backbone will do the same checking before executing treatments in order to ensure service-level consistency throughout the whole QoS-enabled network.



However, each node may take different attitude toward packets with high priority marking since it may bind with the business deal of SLA among different DS domain owners. It's not easy to achieve deterministic and consistent high-priority QoS traffic throughout the whole network with merely Vigor router's effort.

In the Bandwidth Management menu, click Quality of Service to open the web page.



Item	Description
General Setup	Index - Display the WAN interface number that you can edit.
	<b>Status</b> - Display if the WAN interface is available for such function or not.
	<b>Bandwidth</b> – Display the inbound and outbound bandwidth setting for the WAN interface.
	<b>Direction</b> - Display which direction that such function will influence.
	Class 1/Class 2/Class 3/Others - Display the bandwidth percentage for each class.
	<b>UDP Bandwidth Control</b> – Display the UDP bandwidth control is enabled or not.
	Online Statistics - Display an online statistics for quality of service for your reference
	<b>Setup</b> - Allow to configure general QoS setting for WAN interface.
Class Rule	Index - Display the class number that you can edit.
	Name - Display the name of the class.
	<b>Rule</b> - Allow to configure detailed settings for the selected Class.
	<b>Service Type</b> - Allow to configure detailed settings for the

Item	Description
	service type.
Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP	When this feature is enabled, the VoIP SIP/UDP packets will be sent with highest priority.
	<b>SIP UDP Port</b> - Set a port number used for SIP.

This page displays the QoS settings result of the WAN interface. Click the **Setup** link to access into next page for the general setup of WAN interface. As to class rule, simply click the **Edit** link to access into next for configuration.

You can configure general setup for the WAN interface, edit the Class Rule, and edit the Service Type for the Class Rule for your request.

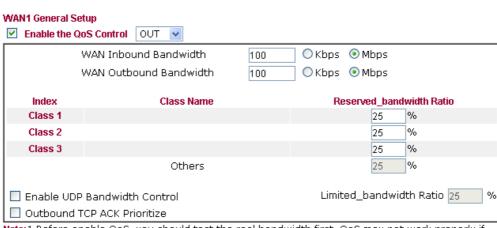
## **Online Statistics**

Display an online statistics for quality of service for your reference. This feature is available only when the Quality of Service for WAN interface is enabled.



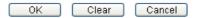
## **General Setup for WAN Interface**

When you click **Setup**, you can configure the bandwidth ratio for QoS of the WAN interface. There are four queues allowed for QoS control. The first three (Class 1 to Class 3) class rules can be adjusted for your necessity. Yet, the last one is reserved for the packets which are not suitable for the user-defined class rules.



Note: 1.Before enable QoS, you should test the real bandwidth first. QoS may not work properly if the bandwidth is not accurate.

 $2. You can do speed test by {\color{red} \underline{\textbf{http://speedtest.net}}} \ \text{or contact with your ISP for speed test program.}$ 



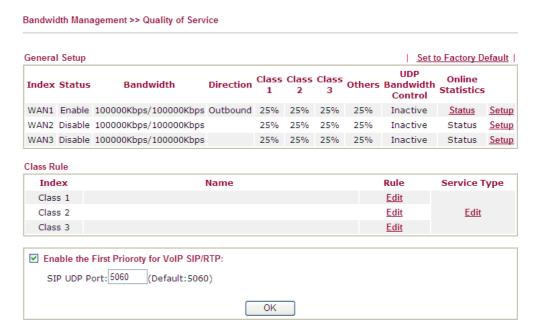
Item	Description
Enable the QoS Control	The factory default for this setting is checked.  Please also define which traffic the QoS Control settings will apply to.  IN- apply to incoming traffic only.  OUT- apply to outgoing traffic only.  BOTH- apply to both incoming and outgoing traffic.  Check this box and click OK, then click Setup link again. You will see the Online Statistics link appearing on this page.
WAN Inbound Bandwidth	It allows you to set the connecting rate of data input for WAN. For example, if your ADSL supports 1M of downstream and 256K upstream, please set 1000kbps for this box. The default value is 10000kbps.
WAN Outbound Bandwidth	It allows you to set the connecting rate of data output for WAN. For example, if your ADSL supports 1M of downstream and 256K upstream, please set 256kbps for this box. The default value is 10000kbps.
	Note: The rate of outbound/inbound must be smaller than the real bandwidth to ensure correct calculation of QoS. It is suggested to set the bandwidth value for inbound/outbound as 80% - 85% of physical network speed provided by ISP to maximize the QoS performance.
Reserved Bandwidth Ratio	It is reserved for the group index in the form of ratio of reserved bandwidth to upstream speed and reserved bandwidth to downstream speed.
Enable UDP Bandwidth Control	Check this and set the limited bandwidth ratio on the right field. This is a protection of TCP application traffic since UDP application traffic such as streaming video will exhaust lots of



Item	Description
	bandwidth.
Outbound TCP ACK Prioritize	The difference in bandwidth between download and upload are great in ADSL2+ environment. For the download speed might be impacted by the uploading TCP ACK, you can check this box to push ACK of upload faster to speed the network traffic.
Limited_bandwidth Ratio	The ratio typed here is reserved for limited bandwidth of UDP application.

## **Edit the Class Rule for QoS**

1. The first three (Class 1 to Class 3) class rules can be adjusted for your necessity. To add, edit or delete the class rule, please click the **Edit** link of that one.



2. After you click the **Edit** link, you will see the following page. Now you can define the name for that Class. In this case, "Test" is used as the name of Class Index #1.



Item	Description
Name	Display the name of such class.

Tag packets as	Check the box to tag the packets with the header selected in the drop down list for this class.
NO	Display the number of the rules defined for such rule.
Status	Display if such rule is enabled (Active) or not.
<b>Local Address</b>	Display the local IP address (on LAN) for the rule.
Remote Address	Display the remote IP address (on LAN/WAN) for the rule.
DiffServ CodePoint	Display the levels of the data for processing with QoS control.
Service Type	Display the service type of the data for processing with QoS control

3. For adding a new rule, click **Add** to open the following page.



Item	Description
ACT	Check this box to invoke these settings.
<b>Ethernet Type</b>	Please specify which protocol (IPv4 or IPv6) will be used for this rule.
<b>Local Address</b>	Click the <b>Edit</b> button to set the local IP address (on LAN) for the rule.
Remote Address	Click the <b>Edit</b> button to set the remote IP address (on LAN/WAN) for the rule.
Edit	It allows you to edit source address information.    http://192.168.1.3/doc/QosIpEdt.htm - Windows Internet Explorer

Item	Description
	address.
	For <b>Single Address</b> , you have to fill in Start IP address.
	For <b>Range Address</b> , you have to fill in Start IP address and End IP address.
	For <b>Subnet Address</b> , you have to fill in Start IP address and Subnet Mask.
DiffServ CodePoint	All the packets of data will be divided with different levels and will be processed according to the level type by the system. Please assign one of the levels of the data for processing with QoS control.
Service Type	It determines the service type of the data for processing with QoS control. It can also be edited. You can choose the predefined service type from the Service Type drop down list. Those types are predefined in factory. Simply choose the one that you want for using by current QoS.

4. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

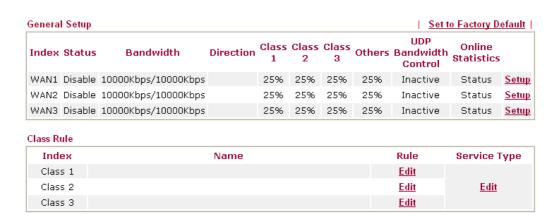
By the way, you can set up to 20 rules for one Class. If you want to edit an existed rule, please select the radio button of that one and click **Edit** to open the rule edit page for modification.



## **Edit the Service Type for Class Rule**

1. To add a new service type, edit or delete an existed service type, please click the **Edit** link under **Service Type** field.

#### Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

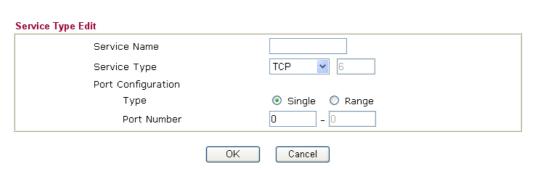


2. After you click the **Edit** link, you will see the following page.



3. For adding a new service type, click **Add** to open the following page.





Item	Description
Service Name	Type in a new service for your request.
Service Type	Choose the type (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP) for the new service.
Port Configuration	Click <b>Single</b> or <b>Range</b> as the <b>Type</b> . If you select Range, you have to type in the starting port number and the end porting number on the boxes below.
	<b>Port Number</b> – Type in the starting port number and the end porting number here if you choose Range as the type.

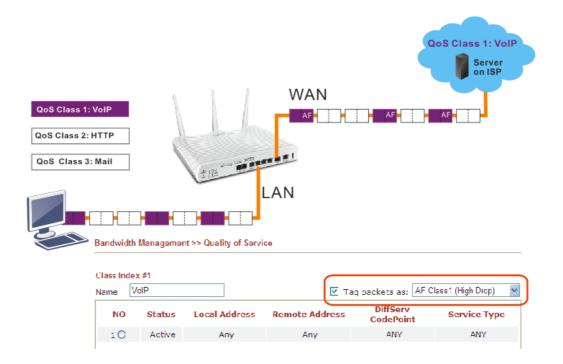


4. By the way, you can set up to 10 service types. If you want to edit/delete an existed service type, please select the radio button of that one and click **Edit/Edit** for modification.

## **Retag the Packets for Identification**

Packets coming from LAN IP can be retagged through QoS setting. When the packets sent out through WAN interface, all of them will be tagged with certain header and that will be easily to be identified by server on ISP.

For example, in the following illustration, the VoIP packets in LAN go into Vigor router without any header. However, when they go forward to the Server on ISP through Vigor router, all of the packets are tagged with AF (configured in Bandwidth >>QoS>>Class) automatically.

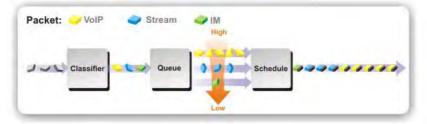


## **4.9.4 APP QoS**

The QoS function is used to do bandwidth management for the services with certain IP or port number. However, there is no effect of bandwidth management on the service such as IM or P2P without fixed IP or port number.

APP QoS employs the function of APP Enforcement to detect several types of software in application layer. By combining the function of QoS, Vigor router can perform the bandwidth management for the application of VoIP, Streaming, IM, P2P and so on.



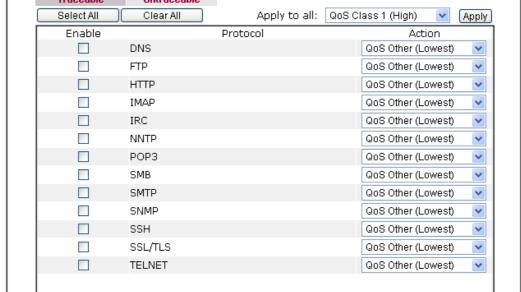


Open **Bandwidth Management>>APP QoS** to display the following page.

Bandwidth Management >> APP QoS

APP QoS

#### Enable Disable Traceable Untraceable Clear All Select All



Note: Please remember to adjust Inbound/Outbound bandwidth of your network in "Quailty of Service'

This will help QoS to work more efficient.



Item	Description
Enable	Click <b>Enable</b> to activate APP QoS function.
	Click <b>Disable</b> to deactivate APP QoS function.



Item	Description
Use Default Setting	The packets will be transmitted with the default settings. That is, VoIP packets will be the first to be sent out and P2P packets will be the last to be sent out.
Action	The APP can be specified with different QoS Class.  QoS Class 1 (High) QoS Class 2 (Medium) QoS Class 3 (Low) QoS Other (Lowest)

## 4.10 Applications

Below shows the menu items for Applications.



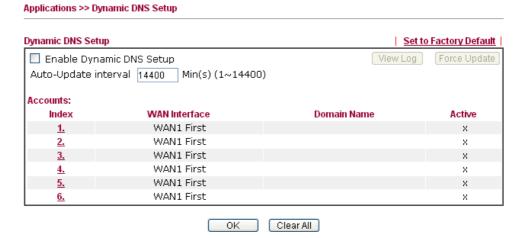
## 4.10.1 Dynamic DNS

The ISP often provides you with a dynamic IP address when you connect to the Internet via your ISP. It means that the public IP address assigned to your router changes each time you access the Internet. The Dynamic DNS feature lets you assign a domain name to a dynamic WAN IP address. It allows the router to update its online WAN IP address mappings on the specified Dynamic DNS server. Once the router is online, you will be able to use the registered domain name to access the router or internal virtual servers from the Internet. It is particularly helpful if you host a web server, FTP server, or other server behind the router.

Before you use the Dynamic DNS feature, you have to apply for free DDNS service to the DDNS service providers. The router provides up to three accounts from three different DDNS service providers. Basically, Vigor routers are compatible with the DDNS services supplied by most popular DDNS service providers such as **www.dyndns.org**, **www.no-ip.com**, **www.dtdns.com**, **www.changeip.com**, **www.dynamic- nameserver.com**. You should visit their websites to register your own domain name for the router.

## **Enable the Function and Add a Dynamic DNS Account**

- 1. Assume you have a registered domain name from the DDNS provider, say *hostname.dyndns.org*, and an account with username: *test* and password: *test*.
- 2. In the DDNS setup menu, check **Enable Dynamic DNS Setup**.



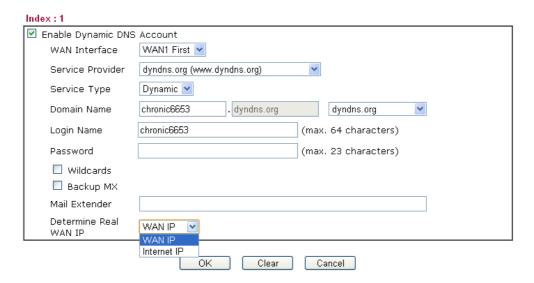
Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.



Item	Description
Enable Dynamic DNS Setup	Check this box to enable DDNS function.
Auto-Update interval	Set the time for the router to perform auto update for DDNS service.
View Log	Display DDNS log status.
Force Update	Force the router updates its information to DDNS server.
Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of DDNS setup to set account(s).
WAN Interface	Display the WAN interface used.
<b>Domain Name</b>	Display the domain name that you set on the setting page of DDNS setup.
Active	Display if this account is active or inactive.

3. Select Index number 1 to add an account for the router. Check **Enable Dynamic DNS Account**, and choose correct Service Provider: dyndns.org, type the registered hostname: *hostname* and domain name suffix: dyndns.org in the **Domain Name** block. The following two blocks should be typed your account Login Name: *test* and Password: *test*.

Applications >> Dynamic DNS Setup >> Dynamic DNS Account Setup



Item	Description
Enable Dynamic DNS Account	Check this box to enable the current account. If you did check the box, you will see a check mark appeared on the Active column of the previous web page in step 2).
WAN Interface	WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 First - While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 as the first channel for such account. If WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead.  WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 Only - While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 as the only channel

Item	Description	
	for such account.	
	WAN1 First WAN1 Only WAN2 First WAN2 Only WAN3 First WAN3 Only	
Service Provider	Select the service provider for the DDNS account.	
Service Type	Select a service type (Dynamic, Custom or Static). If you choose Custom, you can modify the domain that is chosen in the Domain Name field.	
Domain Name	Type in one domain name that you applied previously. Use the drop down list to choose the desired domain.	
Login Name	Type in the login name that you set for applying domain.	
Password	Type in the password that you set for applying domain.	
Wildcard and Backup MX	The Wildcard and Backup MX (Mail Exchange) features are not supported for all Dynamic DNS providers. You could get more detailed information from their websites.	
Mail Extender	If the mail server is defined with another name, please type the name in this area. Such mail server will be used as backup mail exchange.	
Determine Real WAN IP	If a Vigor router is installed behind any NAT router, you can enable such function to locate the real WAN IP.	
	When the WAN IP used by Vigor router is private IP, this function can detect the public IP used by the NAT router and use the detected IP address for DDNS update.	
	There are two methods offered for you to choose: <b>WAN IP</b> - If it is selected and the WAN IP of Vigor router is private, DDNS update will take place right away.	
	Internet IP – If it is selected and the WAN IP of Vigor router is private, it will be converted to public IP before DDNS update takes place.	

4. Click **OK** button to activate the settings. You will see your setting has been saved.

## Disable the Function and Clear all Dynamic DNS Accounts

In the DDNS setup menu, uncheck **Enable Dynamic DNS Setup**, and push **Clear All** button to disable the function and clear all accounts from the router.

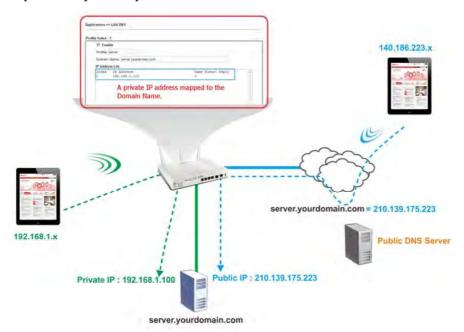
## **Delete a Dynamic DNS Account**

In the DDNS setup menu, click the **Index** number you want to delete and then push **Clear All** button to delete the account.



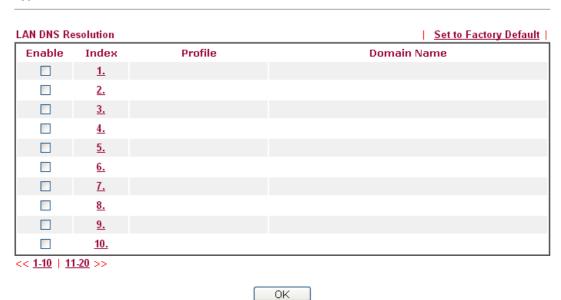
## **4.10.2 LAN DNS**

The LAN DNS lets the network administrators host servers with privacy and security. When the network administrators of your office set up FTP, Mail or Web server inside LAN, you can specify specific private IP address (es) to correspondent servers. Thus, even the remote PC is adopting public DNS as the DNS server, the LAN DNS resolution on Vigor2830 series will respond the specified private IP address.



Open **Application>>LAN DNS** to get the following page:

Applications >> LAN DNS

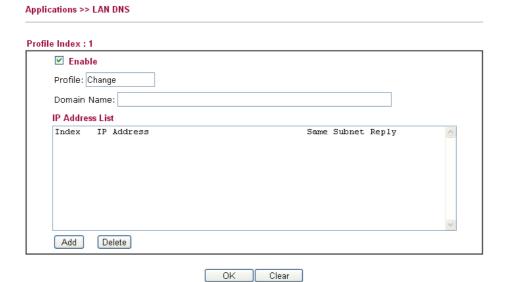


Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.
Enable	Check the box to enable such profile.

Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of schedule.
Profile	Display the name of the profile.
Domain Name	Display the domain name for certain service (e.g., FTP, Mail or Web server) used by such profile.

To add a new LAN DNS profile,

1. Click any index, for example Index No.1.



T.	D 1.0	
Item	Description	
Enable	Check the box to enable such profile.	
Profile	Type a name for such profile.	
Domain Name	Type a domain name (e.g., FTP, Mail or Web server) for such profile.	
IP Address List	Add – Click it to open the following dialog. You have to give an IP address representing the host.    Host's IP Address - Google Chrome   192.168.1.1/doc/landnshost.htm	
	<ul> <li>Only responds Disable it to apply this profile to all of the LAN subnets. Or enable it to apply such profile to the PCs on the same subnet.</li> </ul>	
	<b>Delete</b> – Click it to remove the existed IP address displayed on the IP Address List.	



## 2. Click **OK** button to save the settings.

Note: For the detailed information about LAN DNS application, refer to DrayTek website, http://www.draytek.com.tw/index.php?option=com\_k2&view=item&id=5242&Itemid=293 &lang=en.

## 4.10.3 Schedule

The Vigor router has a built-in real time clock which can update itself manually or automatically by means of Network Time Protocols (NTP). As a result, you can not only schedule the router to dialup to the Internet at a specified time, but also restrict Internet access to certain hours so that users can connect to the Internet only during certain hours, say, business hours. The schedule is also applicable to other functions.

You have to set your time before set schedule. In **System Maintenance>> Time and Date** menu, press **Inquire Time** button to set the Vigor router's clock to current time of your PC. The clock will reset once if you power down or reset the router. There is another way to set up time. You can inquiry an NTP server (a time server) on the Internet to synchronize the router's clock. This method can only be applied when the WAN connection has been built up.

Applications >> Schedule

Schedule:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Status	Index	Status
<u>1.</u>	×	<u>9.</u>	X
<u>2.</u>	×	<u>10.</u>	X
<u>3.</u>	X	<u>11.</u>	X
<u>4.</u>	×	<u>12.</u>	X
<u>5.</u>	x	<u>13.</u>	X
<u>6.</u>	X	<u>14.</u>	×
<u>7.</u>	x	<u>15.</u>	X
<u>8.</u>	×		

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description	
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.	
Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of schedule.	
Status	Display if this schedule setting is active or inactive.	

You can set up to 15 schedules. Then you can apply them to your **Internet Access** or **VPN** and **Remote Access** >> **LAN-to-LAN** settings.

To add a schedule:

3. Click any index, for example Index No.1.

## Applications >> Schedule

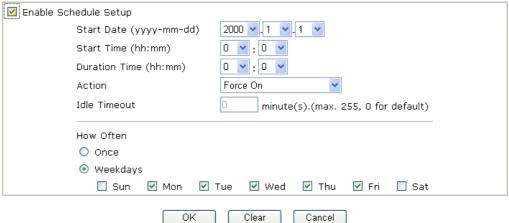
chedule:			Set to Factory Default
Index	Status	Index	Status
<u>1.</u>	Х	<u>9.</u>	X
<u>2.</u>	X	<u>10.</u>	X
<u>3.</u>	x	<u>11.</u>	X
<u>4.</u>	x	<u>12.</u>	x
<u>5.</u>	х	<u>13.</u>	х
<u>6.</u>	x	<u>14.</u>	х
<u>7.</u>	X	<u>15.</u>	Х
<u>8.</u>	×		

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive

4. The detailed settings of the call schedule with index 1 are shown below.

## Applications >> Schedule

# Index No. 1



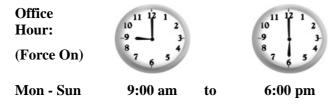
Item	Description	
Enable Schedule Setup	Check to enable the schedule.	
Start Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	Specify the starting date of the schedule.	
Start Time (hh:mm)	Specify the starting time of the schedule.	
Duration Time (hh:mm)	Specify the duration (or period) for the schedule.	
Action	Specify which action Call Schedule should apply during the period of the schedule.	
	Force On -Force the connection to be always on.	
	Force Down -Force the connection to be always down.	
	<b>Enable Dial-On-Demand -</b> Specify the connection to be dial-on-demand and the value of idle timeout should be specified in <b>Idle Timeout</b> field.	
	<b>Disable Dial-On-Demand -</b> Specify the connection to be up	

Item	Description	
	when it has traffic on the line. Once there is no traffic over idle timeout, the connection will be down and never up again during the schedule.	
Idle Timeout	Specify the duration (or period) for the schedule.  How often -Specify how often the schedule will be applied Once -The schedule will be applied just once Weekdays -Specify which days in one week should perform the schedule.	

5. Click **OK** to save the settings.

## **Example**

Suppose you want to control the PPPoE Internet access connection to be always on (Force On) from 9:00 to 18:00 for whole week. Other time the Internet access connection should be disconnected (Force Down).

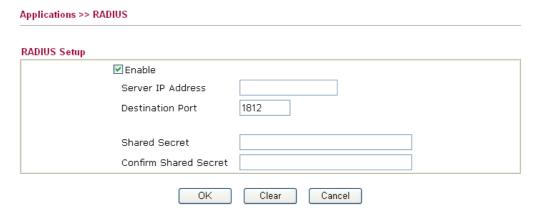


- 1. Make sure the PPPoE connection and **Time Setup** is working properly.
- 2. Configure the PPPoE always on from 9:00 to 18:00 for whole week.
- 3. Configure the **Force Down** from 18:00 to next day 9:00 for whole week.
- 4. Assign these two profiles to the PPPoE Internet access profile. Now, the PPPoE Internet connection will follow the schedule order to perform **Force On** or **Force Down** action according to the time plan that has been pre-defined in the schedule profiles.

## **4.10.4 RADIUS**

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) is a security authentication client/server protocol that supports authentication, authorization and accounting, which is widely used by Internet service providers. It is the most common method of authenticating and authorizing dial-up and tunneled network users.

The built-in RADIUS client feature enables the router to assist the remote dial-in user or a wireless station and the RADIUS server in performing mutual authentication. It enables centralized remote access authentication for network management.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Enable	Check to enable RADIUS client feature.	
Server IP Address	Type the IP address of RADIUS server	
<b>Destination Port</b>	The UDP port number that the RADIUS server is using. The default value is 1812, based on RFC 2138.	
Shared Secret	The RADIUS server and client share a secret that is used to authenticate the messages sent between them. Both sides must be configured to use the same shared secret.	
<b>Confirm Shared Secret</b>	Re-type the Shared Secret for confirmation.	

After finished the above settings, click **OK** button to save the settings.

# 4.10.5 Active Directory/LDAP

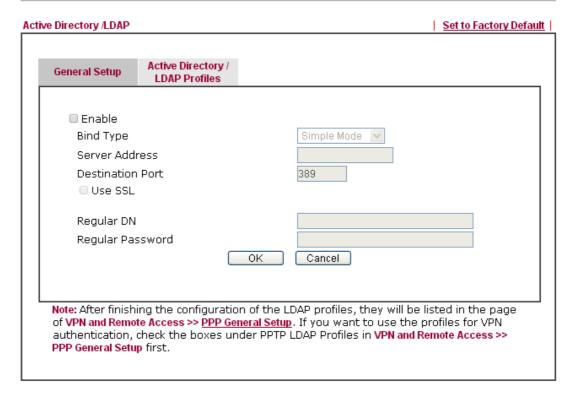
Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) is a communication protocol for using in TCP/IP network. It defines the methods to access distributing directory server by clients, work on directory and share the information in the directory by clients. The LDAP standard is established by the work team of Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF).

As the name described, LDAP is designed as an effect way to access directory service without the complexity of other directory service protocols. For LDAP is defined to perform , inquire and modify the information within the directory, and acquire the data in the directory securely, therefore users can apply LDAP to search or list the directory object, inquire or manage the active directory.

## **General Setup**

This page allows you to enable the function and specify general settings for LDAP server.





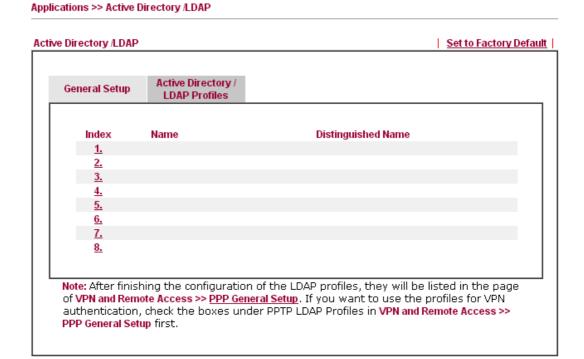
Item	Description
Enable	Check to enable such function.
Bind Type	There are three types of bind type supported.  Simple Mode Simple Mode Anonymous Regular Mode Simple Mode – Just simply do the bind authentication without any search action.  Anonymous – Perform a search action first with Anonymous account then do the bind authentication.
	<b>Regular Mode</b> – Mostly it is the same with anonymous mode. The different is that, the server will firstly check if you have the search authority.  For the regular mode, you'll need to type in the <b>Regular DN</b>
	and Regular Password.
Server Address	Enter the IP address of LDAP server.
<b>Destination Port</b>	Type a port number as the destination port for LDAP server.
Use SSL	Check the box to use the port number specified for SSL.
Regular DN	Type this setting if <b>Regular Mode</b> is selected as <b>Bind Type</b> .
Regular Password	Specify a password if <b>Regular Mode</b> is selected as <b>Bind Type.</b>



After finished the above settings, click **OK** button to save the settings.

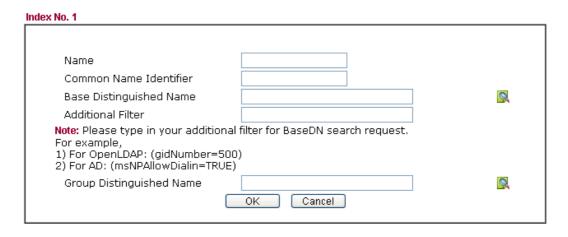
#### **Profiles**

You can configure eight AD/LDAP profiles. These profiles would be used with User Management for different purposes in management.



Click any index number link to open the following page.

Applications >> Active Directory /LDAP>>Server Profiles



Item	Description
Name	Type a name for such profile. The length of the use name is limited to 19 characters.
Common Name Identifier	Type or edit the common name identifier for the LDAP server. The common name identifier for most LDAP server is "cn".



Base Distinguished Name / Group Distinguished Name	Type or edit the distinguished name used to look up entries on the LDAP server.  Sometimes, you may forget the Distinguished Name since it's too long. Then you may click the button to list all the account information on the AD/LDAP Server to assist you finish the setup.
Additional Filter	This is an optional setting.

After finished the above settings, click **OK** to save and exit this page. A new profile will be created.

For detailed information about LDAP application, refer to section 4.14 How to Implement the AD/LDAP Authentication for User Management?

#### 4.10.6 UPnP

The **UPnP** (Universal Plug and Play) protocol is supported to bring to network connected devices the ease of installation and configuration which is already available for directly connected PC peripherals with the existing Windows 'Plug and Play' system. For NAT routers, the major feature of UPnP on the router is "NAT Traversal". This enables applications inside the firewall to automatically open the ports that they need to pass through a router.

**Note**: UPnP is required for some applications such as PPS, Skype, eMule...and etc. If you are not familiar with UPnP, it is suggested to turn off this function for security.

# Applications >> UPnP UPnP Enable UPnP Service Enable Connection Control Service Enable Connection Status Service Note: To allow NAT pass-through to a UPnP-enabled client on the LAN, enable UPnP service above and ensure that the used connection service is also ticked. OK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description			
<b>Enable UPNP Service</b>	Accordingly, you can enable either the <b>Connection Control Service</b> or <b>Connection Status Service</b> .			
Default WAN	It is used to specify the WAN interface for applying such function.			

The reminder as regards concern about Firewall and UPnP

#### Can't work with Firewall Software

Enabling firewall applications on your PC may cause the UPnP function not working properly. This is because these applications will block the accessing ability of some network ports.

#### **Security Considerations**



Activating the UPnP function on your network may incur some security threats. You should consider carefully these risks before activating the UPnP function.

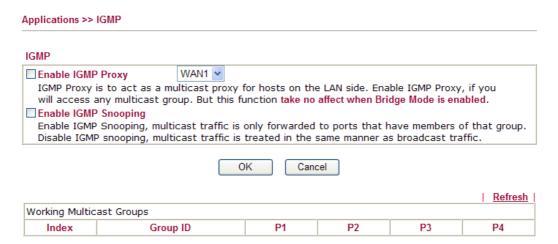
- Some Microsoft operating systems have found out the UPnP weaknesses and hence you need to ensure that you have applied the latest service packs and patches.
- Non-privileged users can control some router functions, including removing and adding port mappings.

The UPnP function dynamically adds port mappings on behalf of some UPnP-aware applications. When the applications terminate abnormally, these mappings may not be removed.



# 4.10.7 IGMP

IGMP is the abbreviation of *Internet Group Management Protocol*. It is a communication protocol which is mainly used for managing the membership of Internet Protocol multicast groups.



Available settings are explained as follows:

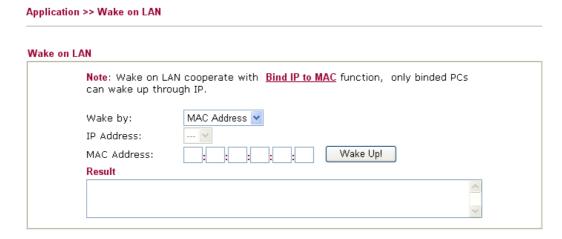
Item	Description			
Enable IGMP Proxy	Check this box to enable this function. The application of multicast will be executed through WAN port. In addition, such function is available in NAT mode.			
<b>Enable IGMP Snooping</b>	Check this box to enable this function. Multicast traffic will be forwarded to ports that have members of that group. Disabling IGMP snooping will make multicast traffic treated in the same manner as broadcast traffic.			
Group ID	This field displays the ID port for the multicast group. The available range for IGMP starts from 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.254.			
P1 to P4	It indicates the LAN port used for the multicast group.			
Refresh	Click this link to renew the working multicast group status.			

After finishing all the settings here, please click OK to save the configuration.

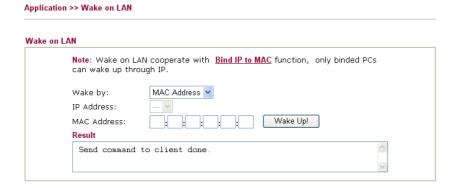
#### 4.10.8 Wake on LAN

A PC client on LAN can be woken up by the router it connects. When a user wants to wake up a specified PC through the router, he/she must type correct MAC address of the specified PC on this web page of **Wake on LAN** of this router.

In addition, such PC must have installed a network card supporting WOL function. By the way, WOL function must be set as "Enable" on the BIOS setting.



Item	Description				
Wake by	Two types provide for you to wake up the bound IP. If you choose Wake by MAC Address, you have to type the correct MAC address of the host in MAC Address boxes. If you choose Wake by IP Address, you have to choose the correct IP address.  Wake by:  MAC Address IP Address				
IP Address	The IP addresses that have been configured in <b>Firewall&gt;&gt;Bind IP to MAC</b> will be shown in this drop down list. Choose the IP address from the drop down list that you want to wake up.				
MAC Address	Type any one of the MAC address of the bound PCs.				
Wake Up	Click this button to wake up the selected IP. See the following figure. The result will be shown on the box.				





#### 4.10.9 SMS/Mail Alert Service

The function of Short Message Service is that Vigor router sends a message to user's mobile through specified service provider to assist the user knowing the real-time abnormal situations.

Vigor router allows you to set up to 8 SMS profiles which will be sent out according to different conditions.

#### **SMS Provider**

This page allows you to specify SMS provider, who will get the SMS, what the content is and when the SMS will be sent.

Application >> SMS / Mail Alert Service



Available settings are explained as follows:

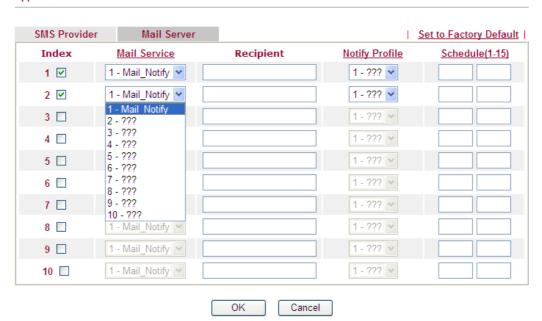
Item	Description			
Set to Factory Default	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.			
Index	Check the box to enable such profile.			
SMS Provider	Use the drop down list to choose SMS service provider. You can click SMS Provider link to define the SMS server.			
Recipient	Type the name of the one who will receive the SMS.			
Notify	Use the drop down list to choose a message profile. The recipient will get the content stated in the message profile. You can click the <b>Notify Profile</b> link to define the content of the SMS.			
Schedule	Type the schedule number that the SMS will be sent out. You can click the <b>Schedule(1-15)</b> link to define the schedule.			

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

#### **Mail Server**

This page allows you to specify Mail Server profile, who will get the notification e-mail, what the content is and when the message will be sent.

Application >> SMS / Mail Alert Service



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description			
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings.			
Index	Check the box to enable such profile.			
Mail Service	Use the drop down list to choose mail service provider. You can click <b>Mail Service</b> link to define the mail server.			
Recipient	Type the e-mail address of the one who will receive the notification message.			
Notify Profile	Use the drop down list to choose a message profile. The recipient will get the content stated in the message profile. You can click the <b>Notify Profile</b> link to define the content of the mail message.			
Schedule (1-15)	Type the schedule number that the notification will be sent out.  You can click the <b>Schedule(1-15)</b> link to define the schedule.			

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

#### 4.11 VPN and Remote Access

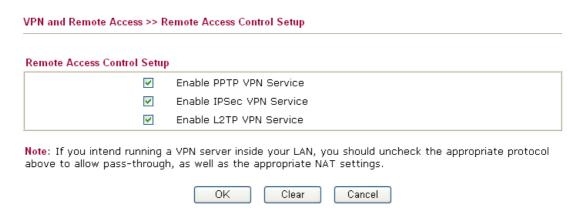
A Virtual Private Network (VPN) is the extension of a private network that encompasses links across shared or public networks like the Internet. In short, by VPN technology, you can send data between two computers across a shared or public network in a manner that emulates the properties of a point-to-point private link.

Below shows the menu items for VPN and Remote Access.



## 4.11.1 Remote Access Control

Enable the necessary VPN service as you need. If you intend to run a VPN server inside your LAN, you should disable the VPN service of Vigor Router to allow VPN tunnel pass through, as well as the appropriate NAT settings, such as DMZ or open port.

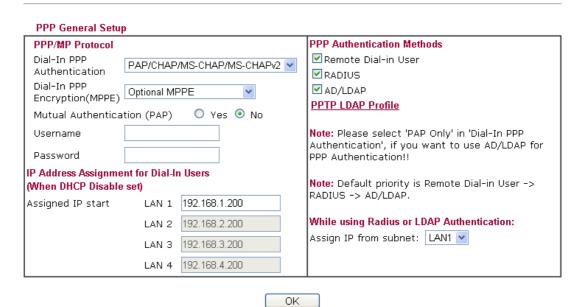


After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# 4.11.2 PPP General Setup

This submenu only applies to PPP-related VPN connections, such as PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPSec.

VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup



Item	Description				
Dial-In PPP Authentication	PAP Only - elect this option to force the router to authenticate dial-in users with the PAP protocol.  PAP or CHAP - Selecting this option means the router will				
	attempt to authenticate dial-in users with the CHAP protocol first. If the dial-in user does not support this protocol, it will fall back to use the PAP protocol for authentication.				
Dial-In PPP Encryption (MPPE Optional MPPE	Optional MPPE - This option represents that the MPPE encryption method will be optionally employed in the router for the remote dial-in user. If the remote dial-in user does not support the MPPE encryption algorithm, the router will transmit "no MPPE encrypted packets". Otherwise, the MPPE encryption scheme will be used to encrypt the data.				
	Optional MPPE Optional MPPE Require MPPE(40/128 bit) Maximum MPPE(128 bit)				
	• Require MPPE (40/128bits) - Selecting this option will force the router to encrypt packets by using the MPPE encryption algorithm. In addition, the remote dial-in user will use 40-bit to perform encryption prior to using 128-bit for encryption. In other words, if 128-bit MPPE encryption method is not available, then 40-bit encryption scheme will be applied to encrypt the data.				
	Maximum MPPE - This option indicates that the router will use the MPPE encryption scheme with maximum bits				

Item	Description			
	(128-bit) to encrypt the data.			
Mutual Authentication (PAP)	The Mutual Authentication function is mainly used to communicate with other routers or clients who need bi-directional authentication in order to provide stronger security, for example, Cisco routers. So you should enable this function when your peer router requires mutual authentication. You should further specify the <b>User Name</b> and <b>Password</b> of the mutual authentication peer.			
Assigned IP Start	Type a start IP address for the dial-in PPP connection. You should choose an IP address from the local private network. For example, if the local private network is 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0, you could choose 192.168.1.200 as the Start IP Address.  You can configure up to four start IP addresses for LAN1 ~ LAN4.			
PPP Authentication Methods	Select the method(s) to be used for authentication in PPP connection.  PPP Authentication Methods  Remote Dial-in User  RADIUS  AD/LDAP			
PPTP LDAP Profiles	Configured LDAP profiles will be listed under such item. Simply check the one you want to enable the PPP authentication by LDAP server profiles. However, if there is no profile listed, simply click the link of PPTP LDAP Profile to create/add some new LDAP profiles you want.			
While using Radius or LDAP Authentication	If PPP connection will be authenticated via RADIUS server or LDAP profiles, it is necessary to specify the LAN profile for the dial-in user to get IP from.  LAN1  LAN1  LAN2  LAN3  LAN4			

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

# 4.11.3 IPSec General Setup

In IPSec General Setup, there are two major parts of configuration.

There are two phases of IPSec.

Phase 1: negotiation of IKE parameters including encryption, hash, Diffie-Hellman parameter values, and lifetime to protect the following IKE exchange, authentication of both peers using either a Pre-Shared Key or Digital Signature (x.509). The peer that starts the negotiation proposes all its policies to the remote peer and then remote peer tries to find a highest-priority match with its policies. Eventually to set up a secure tunnel for IKE Phase 2.



Phase 2: negotiation IPSec security methods including Authentication Header (AH) or Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) for the following IKE exchange and mutual examination of the secure tunnel establishment.

There are two encapsulation methods used in IPSec, **Transport** and **Tunnel**. The **Transport** mode will add the AH/ESP payload and use original IP header to encapsulate the data payload only. It can just apply to local packet, e.g., L2TP over IPSec. The **Tunnel** mode will not only add the AH/ESP payload but also use a new IP header (Tunneled IP header) to encapsulate the whole original IP packet.

Authentication Header (AH) provides data authentication and integrity for IP packets passed between VPN peers. This is achieved by a keyed one-way hash function to the packet to create a message digest. This digest will be put in the AH and transmitted along with packets. On the receiving side, the peer will perform the same one-way hash on the packet and compare the value with the one in the AH it receives.

Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) is a security protocol that provides data confidentiality and protection with optional authentication and replay detection service.

VPN and Remote Access >> IPSec Gene	ral Setup
VPN IKE/IPSec General Setup Dial-in Set up for Remote Dial-in users	and Dynamic IP Client (LAN to LAN).
IKE Authentication Method	
Pre-Shared Key	••••
Confirm Pre-Shared Key	••••
IPSec Security Method	
✓ Medium (AH)	
Data will be authentic, but	will not be encrypted.
High (ESP) DES Data will be encrypted and	3DES ☑AES Lauthentic.
	OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description					
IKE Authentication Method	This usually applies to those are remote dial-in user or node (LAN-to-LAN) which uses dynamic IP address and IPSec-related VPN connections such as L2TP over IPSec and IPSec tunnel.					
	<b>Pre-Shared Key -</b> Currently only support Pre-Shared Key authentication.					
	<b>Pre-Shared Key-</b> Specify a key for IKE authentication <b>Confirm Pre-Shared Key-</b> Retype the characters to confirm the pre-shared key.					
IPSec Security Method	<b>Medium</b> - Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.					
	<b>High (ESP)</b> - Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.					

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.



# 4.11.4 IPSec Peer Identity

To use digital certificate for peer authentication in either LAN-to-LAN connection or Remote User Dial-In connection, here you may edit a table of peer certificate for selection. As shown below, the router provides 32 entries of digital certificates for peer dial-in users.

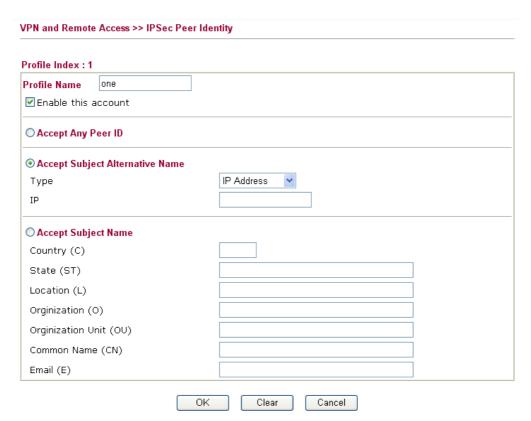
VPN and Remote Access >> IPSec Peer Identity

X509 Peer ID Accounts: Set to Factory Default					
Index	Name	Status	Index	Name	Status
<u>1.</u>	???	X	<u>17.</u>	???	X
<u>2.</u>	???	X	<u>18.</u>	???	X
<u>3.</u>	???	X	<u>19.</u>	???	X
<u>4.</u>	???	X	<u>20.</u>	???	X
<u>5.</u>	???	X	<u>21.</u>	???	X
<u>6.</u>	???	X	<u>22.</u>	???	X
<u>7.</u>	???	X	<u>23.</u>	???	X
<u>8.</u>	???	X	<u>24.</u>	???	X
<u>9.</u>	???	X	<u>25.</u>	???	X
<u>10.</u>	???	X	<u>26.</u>	???	X
<u>11.</u>	???	X	<u>27.</u>	???	X
<u>12.</u>	???	X	<u>28.</u>	???	X
<u>13.</u>	???	X	<u>29.</u>	???	X
<u>14.</u>	???	X	<u>30.</u>	???	X
<u>15.</u>	???	X	<u>31.</u>	???	X
<u>16.</u>	???	X	<u>32.</u>	???	X

Each item will be explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Set to Factory Default</b>	Click it to clear all indexes.
Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of IPSec Peer Identity.
Name	Display the profile name of that index.

Click each index to edit one peer digital certificate. There are three security levels of digital signature authentication: Fill each necessary field to authenticate the remote peer. The following explanation will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile Name	Type the name of the profile.
Accept Any Peer ID	Click to accept any peer regardless of its identity.
Accept Subject Alternative Name	Click to check one specific field of digital signature to accept the peer with matching value. The field can be <b>IP Address</b> , <b>Domain</b> , or <b>E-mail Address</b> . The box under the Type will appear according to the type you select and ask you to fill in corresponding setting.
Accept Subject Name	Click to check the specific fields of digital signature to accept the peer with matching value. The field includes Country (C), State (ST), Location (L), Organization (O), Organization Unit (OU), Common Name (CN), and Email (E).

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\mathbf{OK}$  to save the configuration.

#### 4.11.5 Remote Dial-in User

You can manage remote access by maintaining a table of remote user profile, so that users can be authenticated to dial-in via VPN connection. You may set parameters including specified connection peer ID, connection type (VPN connection - including PPTP, IPSec Tunnel, and L2TP by itself or over IPSec) and corresponding security methods, etc.

The router provides **32** access accounts for dial-in users. Besides, you can extend the user accounts to the RADIUS server through the built-in RADIUS client function. The following figure shows the summary table.

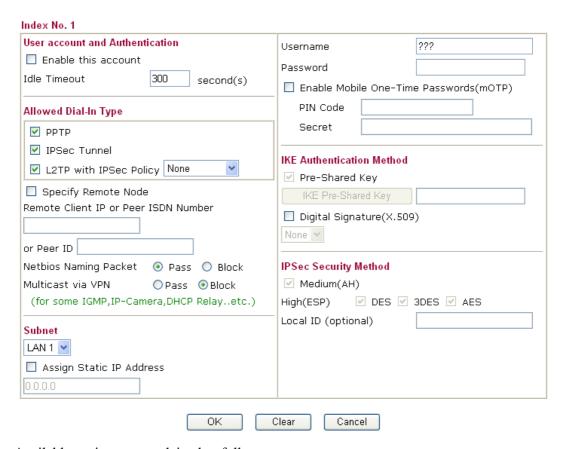
Index	User	Active	Status	Index	User	Active	Status
<u>1.</u>	???			<u>17.</u>	???		
<u>2.</u>	???			<u>18.</u>	???		
<u>3.</u>	???			<u>19.</u>	???		
<u>4.</u>	???			<u>20.</u>	???		
<u>5.</u>	???			<u>21.</u>	???		
<u>6.</u>	???			<u>22.</u>	???		
<u>7.</u>	???			<u>23.</u>	???		
<u>8.</u>	???			<u>24.</u>	???		
<u>9.</u>	???			<u>25.</u>	???		
<u>10.</u>	???			<u>26.</u>	???		
<u>11.</u>	???			<u>27.</u>	???		
<u>12.</u>	???			<u>28.</u>	???		
<u>13.</u>	???			<u>29.</u>	???		
<u>14.</u>	???			<u>30.</u>	???		
<u>15.</u>	???			<u>31.</u>	???		
<u>16.</u>	???			<u>32.</u>	???		

Each item will be explained as follows:

VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User

Item	Description		
Set to Factory Default	Click to clear all indexes.		
Index	Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of Remote Dial-in User.		
User	Display the username for the specific dial-in user of the LAN-to-LAN profile. The symbol ??? represents that the profile is empty.		
Active	Check the box to enable the selected profile.		
Status	Display the access state of the specific dial-in user. The symbol V and X represent the specific dial-in user to be active and inactive, respectively.		

Click each index to edit one remote user profile. Each Dial-In Type requires you to fill the different corresponding fields on the right. If the fields gray out, it means you may leave it untouched. The following explanation will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.



Item	Description	
User account and Authentication	Enable this account - Check the box to enable this function.  Idle Timeout- If the dial-in user is idle over the limitation of the timer, the router will drop this connection. By default, the Idle Timeout is set to 300 seconds.	
Allowed Dial-In Type	<b>PPTP</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name and Password of remote dial-in user below.	
	<b>IPSec Tunnel</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make an IPSec VPN connection through Internet.	
	<b>L2TP with IPSec Policy</b> - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPSec. Select from below:	
	• None - Do not apply the IPSec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPSec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.	
	• Nice to Have - Apply the IPSec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.	
	Must -Specify the IPSec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.	



Item	Description		
	Specify Remote Node - Check the checkbox to specify the IP address of the remote dial-in user, ISDN number or peer ID (used in IKE aggressive mode). If you uncheck the checkbox, the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the general settings.		
	Netbios Naming Packet		
	<ul> <li>Pass – Click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Block – When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.</li> </ul>		
	<b>Multicast via VPN</b> - Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.		
	<ul> <li>Pass – Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Block – This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router.</li> </ul>		
Subnet	Vigor2920 offers multiple subnets (in default, LAN1 to LAN4) for different purposes. Simply use the drop down list to specify which subnet will be applied by this profile.		
	Subnet  LAN 1  LAN 2  LAN 3  LAN 4		
	Assign Static IP Address – If you want to specify an IP address as the subnet for this profile. Check this box to enable it and type an IP address in this field.		
User Name	This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.		
Password	This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.		
Enable Mobile One-Time Passwords (mOTP)	Check this box to make the authentication with mOTP function.		
(mOII)	<b>PIN Code</b> – Type the code for authentication (e.g, 1234). <b>Secret</b> – Use the 32 digit-secret number generated by mOTP in the mobile phone (e.g., e759bb6f0e94c7ab4fe6).		
IKE Authentication Method	This group of fields is applicable for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPSec tunnel either with or without specify the IP address of the remote node.		

Item	Description
	<b>Pre-Shared Key -</b> Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the pre-shared key.
	Digital Signature (X.509) – Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and Select one predefined Profiles set in the VPN and Remote Access >>IPSec Peer Identity.
IPSec Security Method	This group of fields is a must for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the remote node. Check the Medium, DES, 3DES or AES box as the security method. <b>Medium-Authentication Header (AH)</b> means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is invoked. You can uncheck it to disable it.
	<b>High-Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)</b> means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.
	<b>Local ID -</b> Specify a local ID to be used for Dial-in setting in the LAN-to-LAN Profile setup. This item is optional and can be used only in IKE aggressive mode.

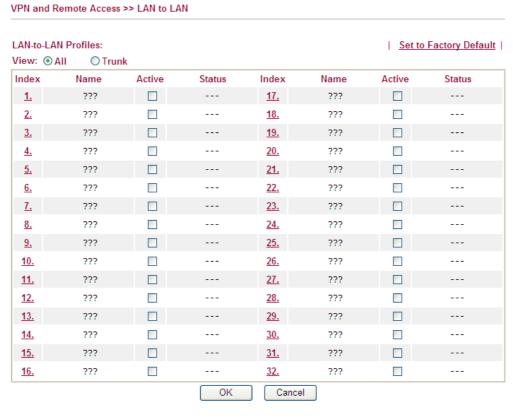
After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\boldsymbol{O}\boldsymbol{K}$  to save the configuration.



#### 4.11.6 LAN to LAN

Here you can manage LAN-to-LAN connections by maintaining a table of connection profiles. You may set parameters including specified connection direction (dial-in or dial-out), connection peer ID, connection type (VPN connection - including PPTP, IPSec Tunnel, and L2TP by itself or over IPSec) and corresponding security methods, etc.

The router supports up to 32 VPN tunnels simultaneously. The following figure shows the summary table.



[XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Backup Mechanism] [XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile does not join for VPN TRUNK]

[XXXXXX:This Dial-out profile has already joined for VPN Backup Mechanism]

The following shows profiles joined into VPN Backup mechanism.



Each item will be explained as follows:

Item	Description
Set to Factory Default	Click to clear all indexes.
View	All – Click it to show all of profiles.
	<b>Trunk -</b> Click it to show the profile which VPN tunnel is up.
Name	Indicate the name of the LAN-to-LAN profile. The symbol ???

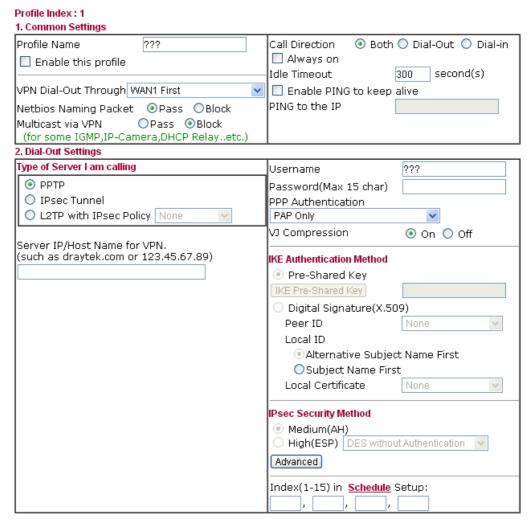


Item	Description		
	represents that the profile is empty.		
Active	Check the box to enable the selected profile.		
Status	Indicate the status of individual profiles. The symbol V and X represent the profile to be active and inactive, respectively.		

#### To edit each profile:

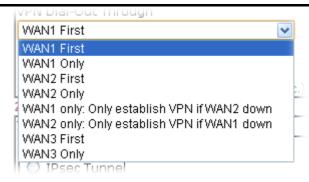
1. Click each index to edit each profile and you will get the following page. Each LAN-to-LAN profile includes 4 subgroups. If the fields gray out, it means you may leave it untouched. The following explanations will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

For the web page is too long, we divide the page into several sections for explanation.



Item	Description
<b>Common Settings</b>	<b>Profile Name</b> – Specify a name for the profile of the LAN-to-LAN connection.
	<b>Enable this profile -</b> Check here to activate this profile.
	<b>VPN Dial-Out Through -</b> Use the drop down menu to choose a proper WAN interface for this profile. This setting is useful for dial-out only.





- WAN1 First/ WAN2 First/ WAN3 First While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 as the first channel for VPN connection. If WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead.
- WAN1 Only /WAN2 Only/WAN 3 Only- While connecting, the router will use WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 as the only channel for VPN connection.
- WAN1 only: Only establish VPN if WAN2 down-While connecting, the router will use WAN2 for VPN connection. If WAN2 fails, the router will use backup WAN1 interface instead.

WAN2 only: Only establish VPN if WAN1 down - While connecting, the router will use WAN1 for VPN connection. If WAN1 fails, the router will use backup WAN2 interface instead.

#### **Netbios Naming Packet**

- Pass click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting.
- **Block** When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.

**Multicast via VPN -** Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.

- Pass Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router.
- **Block** This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router.

**Call Direction -** Specify the allowed call direction of this LAN-to-LAN profile.

- **Both**:-initiator/responder
- **Dial-Out** initiator only
- **Dial-In-** responder only.

**Always On-**Check to enable router always keep VPN connection.

**Idle Timeout:** The default value is 300 seconds. If the connection has been idled over the value, the router will drop the connection.



**Enable PING to keep alive -** This function is to help the router to determine the status of IPSec VPN connection, especially useful in the case of abnormal VPN IPSec tunnel disruption. For details, please refer to the note below. Check to enable the transmission of PING packets to a specified IP address.

Enable PING to keep alive is used to handle abnormal IPSec VPN connection disruption. It will help to provide the state of a VPN connection for router's judgment of redial. Normally, if any one of VPN peers wants to disconnect the connection, it should follow a serial of packet exchange procedure to inform each other. However, if the remote peer disconnect without notice, Vigor router will by no where to know this situation. To resolve this dilemma, by continuously sending PING packets to the remote host, the Vigor router can know the true existence of this VPN connection and react accordingly. This is independent of DPD (dead peer detection).

**PING to the IP -** Type the IP address of the remote host that located at the other-end of the VPN tunnel.

#### **Dial-Out Settings**

**Type of Server I am calling - PPTP** - Build a PPTP VPN connection to the server through the Internet. You should set the identity like User Name and Password below for the authentication of remote server.

**IPSec Tunnel** - Build an IPSec VPN connection to the server through Internet.

**L2TP with IPSec Policy -** Build a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPSec. Select from below:

- None: Do not apply the IPSec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPSec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.
- Nice to Have: Apply the IPSec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-out VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.

**Must:** Specify the IPSec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.

**User Name -** This field is applicable when you select, PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for username is 49 characters.

**Password -** This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for password is 15 characters.

**PPP Authentication -** This field is applicable when you select, PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAP2 is the most common selection due to wild compatibility.

**VJ compression -** This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. VJ Compression is used for TCP/IP protocol header



compression. Normally set to **Yes** to improve bandwidth utilization.

**IKE Authentication Method -** This group of fields is applicable for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy.

- **Pre-Shared Key** Input 1-63 characters as pre-shared key.
- Digital Signature (X.509) Click Digital Signature to invoke this function and select one predefined Profiles set in the VPN and Remote Access >>IPSec Peer Identity as Peer ID.

**Local ID** – Specify which one will be inspected first.

- Alternative Subject Name First The alternative subject name (configured in Certificate Management>>Local Certificate) will be inspected first.
- Subject Name First The subject name (configured in Certificate Management>>Local Certificate) will be inspected first.

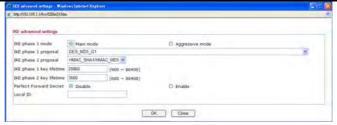
**IPSec Security Method -** This group of fields is a must for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy.

- Medium AH (Authentication Header) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.
- **High (ESP-Encapsulating Security Payload)-** means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. Select from below:
- **DES without Authentication** -Use DES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
- **DES with Authentication-**Use DES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.
- **3DES without Authentication**-Use triple DES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
- **3DES with Authentication-**Use triple DES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.
- **AES without Authentication**-Use AES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
- **AES with Authentication-**Use AES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.

**Advanced -** Specify mode, proposal and key life of each IKE phase, Gateway, etc.

The window of advance setup is shown as below:





IKE phase 1 mode -Select from Main mode and Aggressive mode. The ultimate outcome is to exchange security proposals to create a protected secure channel. Main mode is more secure than Aggressive mode since more exchanges are done in a secure channel to set up the IPSec session. However, the Aggressive mode is faster. The default value in Vigor router is Main mode.

- **IKE phase 1 proposal-**To propose the local available authentication schemes and encryption algorithms to the VPN peers, and get its feedback to find a match. Two combinations are available for Aggressive mode and nine for **Main** mode. We suggest you select the combination that covers the most schemes.
- **IKE phase 2 proposal-**To propose the local available algorithms to the VPN peers, and get its feedback to find a match. Three combinations are available for both modes. We suggest you select the combination that covers the most algorithms.
- **IKE phase 1 key lifetime-**For security reason, the lifetime of key should be defined. The default value is 28800 seconds. You may specify a value in between 900 and 86400 seconds.
- **IKE phase 2 key lifetime-**For security reason, the lifetime of key should be defined. The default value is 3600 seconds. You may specify a value in between 600 and 86400 seconds.
- **Perfect Forward Secret (PFS)-**The IKE Phase 1 key will be reused to avoid the computation complexity in phase 2. The default value is inactive this function.
  - **Local ID-**In **Aggressive** mode, Local ID is on behalf of the IP address while identity authenticating with remote VPN server. The length of the ID is limited to 47 characters.

#### 3. Dial-In Settings Allowed Dial-In Type 222 Username ✓ PPTP Password ✓ IPSec Tunnel VJ Compression ⊙ On ○ Off ✓ L2TP with IPSec Policy None IKE Authentication Method ■ Specify Remote VPN Gateway ✓ Pre-Shared Key Peer VPN Server IP IKE Pre-Shared Key Digital Signature(X.509) or Peer ID None 🕶 Local ID O Alternative Subject Name First OSubject Name First **IPSec Security Method** ✓ Medium(AH) High(ESP) ✓ DES ✓ 3DES ✓ AES 4. Gre over IPSec Settings Enable IPSec Dial-Out function GRE over IPSec Logical Traffic Peer GRE IP My GRE IP 5. TCP/IP Network Settings My WAN IP 0.0.0.0 RIP Direction Disable From first subnet to remote network, you have to Remote Gateway IP 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 Remote Network IP Route 💌 255.255.255.0 Remote Network Mask $\square$ Change default route to this VPN tunnel ( Only Local Network IP 192.168.1.1 single WAN supports this ) 255.255.255.0 Local Network Mask More OK Clear Cancel

Item	Description
Allowed Dial-In	Determine the dial-in connection with different types.
Туре	<b>PPTP -</b> Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name and Password of remote dial-in user below.
	<b>IPSec Tunnel-</b> Allow the remote dial-in user to trigger an IPSec VPN connection through Internet.
	<ul> <li>L2TP with IPSec Policy - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPSec. Select from below:</li> <li>None - Do not apply the IPSec policy. Accordingly, the</li> </ul>
	VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPSec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.
	• Nice to Have - Apply the IPSec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.
	Must - Specify the IPSec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.
	Specify Remote VPN Gateway - You can specify the IP

address of the remote dial-in user or peer ID (should be the same with the ID setting in dial-in type) by checking the box. Also, you should further specify the corresponding security methods on the right side. If you uncheck the checkbox, the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the general settings.

**User Name -** This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for both username is 11 characters.

**Password -** This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for both username is 11 characters.

**VJ Compression -** VJ Compression is used for TCP/IP protocol header compression. This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.

**IKE Authentication Method** - This group of fields is applicable for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPSec tunnel either with or without specify the IP address of the remote node.

Pre-Shared Key - Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the pre-shared key. **Digital Signature (X.509)** – Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and select one predefined Profiles set in the **VPN and Remote Access** >> **IPSec Peer Identity**.

**Local ID** – Specify which one will be inspected first.

- Alternative Subject Name First The alternative subject name (configured in Certificate
   Management>>Local Certificate) will be inspected
   first
- Subject Name First The subject name (configured in Certificate Management>>Local Certificate) will be inspected first.

**IPSec Security Method** - This group of fields is a must for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the remote node.

**Medium-** Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.

**High-** Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.

# **GRE over IPSec Settings**

**Enable IPSec Dial-Out function GRE over IPSec**: Check this box to verify data and transmit data in encryption with GRE over IPSec packet after configuring IPSec Dial-Out setting. Both ends must match for each other by setting same



virtual IP address for communication.

Logical Traffic: Such technique comes from RFC2890. Define logical traffic for data transmission between both sides of VPN tunnel by using the characteristic of GRE. Even hacker can decipher IPSec encryption, he/she still cannot ask LAN site to do data transmission with any information. Such function can ensure the data transmitted on VPN tunnel is really sent out from both sides. This is an optional function. However, if one side wants to use it, the peer must enable it,

**My GRE IP**: Type the virtual IP for router itself for verified by peer.

**Peer GRE IP**: Type the virtual IP of peer host for verified by router.

# TCP/IP Network Settings

My WAN IP - This field is only applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The default value is 0.0.0.0, which means the Vigor router will get a PPP IP address from the remote router during the IPCP negotiation phase. If the PPP IP address is fixed by remote side, specify the fixed IP address here. Do not change the default value if you do not select PPTP or L2TP.

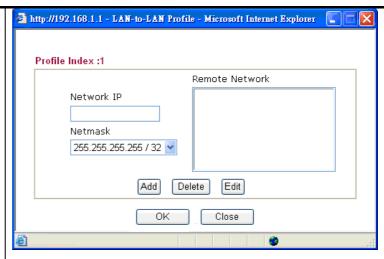
**Remote Gateway IP** - This field is only applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The default value is 0.0.0.0, which means the Vigor router will get a remote Gateway PPP IP address from the remote router during the IPCP negotiation phase. If the PPP IP address is fixed by remote side, specify the fixed IP address here. Do not change the default value if you do not select PPTP or L2TP.

**Remote Network IP/ Remote Network Mask** - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to this Remote Network IP Address/Remote Network Mask through the VPN connection. For IPSec, this is the destination clients IDs of phase 2 quick mode.

**Local Network IP / Local Network Mask -** Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to Local Network IP Address/Local Network Mask through the VPN connection.

**More -** Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to more Remote Network IP Addresses/ Remote Network Mask through the VPN connection. This is usually used when you find there are several subnets behind the remote VPN router.





**RIP Direction -** The option specifies the direction of RIP (Routing Information Protocol) packets. You can enable/disable one of direction here. Herein, we provide four options: TX/RX Both, TX Only, RX Only, and Disable.

From first subnet to remote network, you have to do - If the remote network only allows you to dial in with single IP, please choose NAT, otherwise choose Route.

Change default route to this VPN tunnel - Check this box to change the default route with this VPN tunnel. Note that this setting is available only for one WAN interface is enabled. It is not available when both WAN interfaces are enabled.

2. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# 4.11.7 VPN TRUNK Management

VPN Backup Management is a backup mechanism to set multiple VPN tunnels for using as backup tunnel. It can assure the network connection would not be cut off due to network environment blocked by any reason.

#### Features of VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup Mechanism

- ➤ VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism can judge abnormal situation for the environment of VPN server and correct it to complete the backup of VPN Tunnel in real-time.
- > VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism is compliant with all WAN modes (single/multi)
- Dial-out connection types contain IPSec, PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPSec and ISDN (depends on hardware specification)
- The web page is simple to understand and easy to configure
- Filly compliant with VPN Server LAN Sit Single/Multi Network
- Mail Alert support, please refer to System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert for detailed configuration
- Syslog support, please refer to System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert for detailed configuration
- Specific ERD (Environment Recovery Detection) mechanism which can be operated by using Telnet command

VPN Backup profile will be activated when initial connection of single VPN tunnel is off-line. Before setting VPN TRUNK backup profile, please configure at least two sets of LAN to LAN profiles (with fully configured dial-out settings) first, otherwise you will not have selections for grouping Member1 and Member2.

# VPN and Remote Access >> VPN TRUNK Management Backup Profile List | Set to Factory Default | Note: [Active:NO] The LAN-to-LAN Profile is disabled or under Dial-In(Call Direction) at present. No. Status Name Member1 (Active) Type Member2 (Active) Type Advanced General Setup Status Profile Name Member1 Please select a LAN-to-LAN Dial-Out profile. Member2 Please select a LAN-to-LAN Dial-Out profile. Active Mode Backup

Update

Delete

Available settings are explained as follows:



Add

Item	Description
Backup Profile List	Set to Factory Default - Click to clear all VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile.  No – The order of VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism
	profile.
	<b>Status</b> - "v" means such profile is enabled; "x" means such profile is disabled.
	<b>Name -</b> Display the name of VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile.
	<b>Member1 -</b> Display the dial-out profile selected from the Member1 drop down list below.
	<b>Member2 -</b> Display the dial-out profile selected from the Member2 drop down list below.
	<b>Active -</b> "Yes" means normal condition. "No" means the state might be disabled or that profile currently is set with Dial-in mode (for call direction) in LAN-to-LAN.
	<b>Type -</b> Display the connection type for that profile, such as IPSec, PPTP, L2TP, L2TP over IPSec (NICE), L2TP over IPSec(MUST) and so on.
	<b>Advanced</b> – This button is only available when there is one profile (or more) created in this page.
	http://192.168.1.1 - YPN Backup Advance Settings - Microsoft Internet Explorer
	VPN Backup Advance Settings  Profile Name: 071023  ERD Mode: ● Normal  ○ Resume (Member 1 first)  Detail Information:  Environment Recovers Detection(ERD) Status: Normal Mode
	OK Close
	Detailed information for this dialog, see later section - Advanced Backup.
General Setup	<b>Status</b> - After choosing one of the profile listed above, please click <b>Enable</b> to activate this profile. If you click <b>Disable</b> , the selected or current used VPN TRUNK-Backup/Load Balance mechanism profile will not have any effect for VPN tunnel.
	<b>Profile Name</b> - Type a name for VPN TRUNK profile. Each profile can group two VPN connections set in LAN-to-LAN. The saved VPN profiles in LAN-to-LAN will be shown on Member1 and Member2 fields.
	Member 1/Member2 - Display the selection for LAN-to-LAN dial-out profiles (configured in VPN and Remote Access >> LAN-to-LAN) for you to choose for grouping under certain VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup/Load Balance mechanism profile.
	• No - Index number of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profile.
	• <i>Name</i> - Profile name of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profile.
	<ul> <li>Connection Type - Connection type of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profile.</li> </ul>

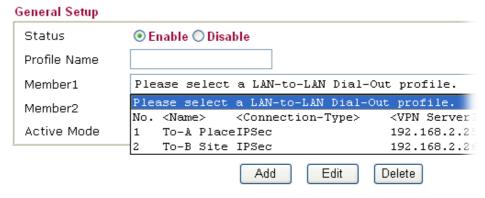
Item	Description
	• VPN ServerIP (Private Network) - VPN Server IP of LAN-to-LAN dial-out profiles.
	Active Mode - Display available mode for you to choose. Choose Backup for your router.
	Add - Add and save new profile to the backup profile list.
	<b>Update -</b> Click this button to save the changes to the <b>Status</b> (Enable or Disable), profile name, member1 or member2.
	<b>Delete -</b> Click this button to delete the selected VPN TRUNK profile. The corresponding members (LAN-to-LAN profiles) grouped in the deleted VPN TRUNK profile will be released and that profiles in LAN-to-LAN will be displayed in black.

## Time for activating VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism profile

VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism will be activated automatically after the initial connection of single VPN Tunnel off-line. The content in Member1/2 within VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism backup profile is similar to dial-out profile configured in LAN-to-LAN web page. VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism backup profile will process and handle everything unless it is off-line once it is activated.

## How can you set a VPN TRUNK-VPN Backup mechanism profile?

- First of all, go to VPN and Remote Access>>LAN-to-LAN. Set two or more LAN-to-LAN profiles first that will be used for Member1 and Member2. If you do not set enough LAN-to-LAN profiles, you cannot operate VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism profile management well.
- 2. Access into VPN and Remote Access>>VPN TRUNK Management.
- 3. Set one group of VPN TRUNK VPN Backup mechanism backup profile by choosing **Enable** radio button; type a name for such profile (e.g., 071023); choose one of the LAN-to-LAN profiles from Member1 drop down list; choose one of the LAN-to-LAN profiles from Member2 drop down list; and click **Add** at last.

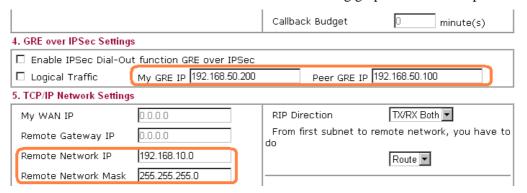


4. Take a look for LAN-to-LAN profiles. Index 1 is chosen as Member1; index 2 is chosen as Member2. For such reason, LAN-to-LAN profiles of 1 and 2 will be expressed in red to indicate that they are fixed. If you delete the VPN TRUNK – VPN Backup mechanism profile, the selected LAN-to-LAN profiles will be released and expressed in black.

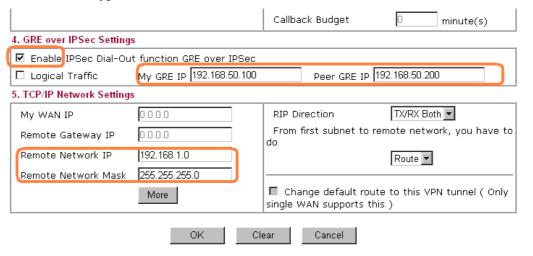


# How can you set a GRE over IPSec profile?

- 1. Please go to LAN to LAN to set a profile with IPSec.
- 2. If the router will be used as the VPN Server (i.e., with virtual address 192.168.50.200). Please type 192.168.50.200 in the field of My GRE IP. Type IP address (192.168.50.100) of the client in the field of Peer GRE IP. See the following graphic for an example.

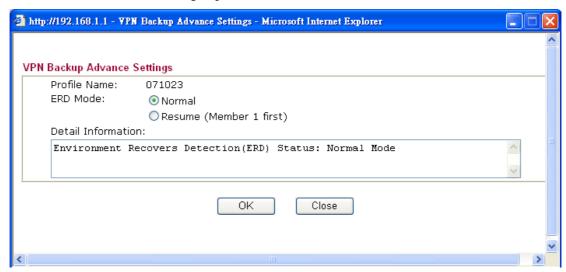


3. Later, on peer side (as VPN Client): please type 192.168.50.100 in the field of My GRE IP and type IP address of the server (192.168.50.200) in the field of Peer GRE IP.



# **Advanced Backup**

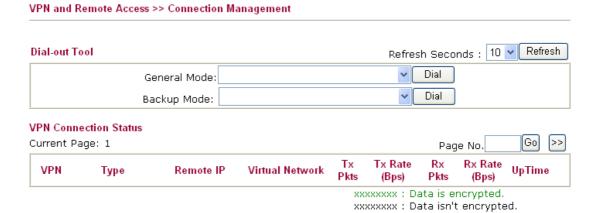
After setting profiles for load balance, you can choose any one of them and click **Advanced** for more detailed configuration. The windows for advanced load balance and backup are different. Refer to the following explanation:



Item	Description
<b>Profile Name</b>	List the backup profile name.
ERD Mode	ERD means "Environment Recovers Detection".  Normal – choose this mode to make all dial-out VPN TRUNK
	backup profiles being activated alternatively.
	<b>Resume</b> – when VPN connection breaks down or disconnects, Member 1 will be the top priority for the system to do VPN connection.
<b>Detail Information</b>	This field will display detailed information for Environment Recovers Detection.

# 4.11.8 Connection Management

You can find the summary table of all VPN connections. You may disconnect any VPN connection by clicking **Drop** button. You may also aggressively Dial-out by using Dial-out Tool and clicking **Dial** button.



Item	Description
Dial-out Tool	General Mode - This filed displays the profile configured in LAN to LAN (with Index number and VPN Server IP address). The VPN connection built by General Mode does not support VPN backup function.
	Ketresh
	General Mode: (28) 192.168.0.28
	Backup Mode: (28) 192.168.0.28
	(30) 192.168.0.30 (31) 192.168.0.31
	(32) 192.168.0.32
	Remot (33) 192.168.0.33 192.168.0.34
	Tunnel 192.168 (35) 192.168.0.35
	(37) 192.168.0.37 A1 Auth 192.168 (38) 192.168.0.38
	XXXXXXXX :
	Backup Mode - This filed displays the profile name saved in
	VPN TRUNK Management (with Index number and VPN
	Server IP address). The VPN connection built by Backup
	Mode supports VPN backup function.

Item	Description
	Sackup Mode   (VpnLB)   192.168.2.103   (VpnLB)   192.168.2.103   (VpnLB)   192.168.2.203   (VpnLB)   192.168.2.203   (VpnLB)   192.168.2.5   (VpnLB)   192.168.2.5   (VpnLB)   192.168.2.5   (VpnLB)   192.168.0.26   (VpnLB)   192.168.0.26   (VpnLB)   192.168.0.27   (VpnLB)   192.168.0.27   (VpnLB)   192.168.0.27   (VpnLB)   192.168.0.27   (VpnLB)   192.168.0.27   (VpnLB)   192.168.0.27   (VpnLB)   192.168.0.26   (VpnLB)   192.168.2.103   (VpnLB)   192.168.2.203   (VpnLB)   (VpnLB)   192.168.2.203   (VpnLB)   (VpnLB)
	information among 5, 10, and 30. <b>Refresh -</b> Click this button to refresh the whole connection status.
VPN Connection Status	Display current connected VPN status.  VPN – Display the name of the VPN profile.
	<b>Type</b> – Display the VPN connection mode such as PPTP or IPSec.
	<b>Remote IP</b> – Display the IP address of remote peer.
	<b>Virtual Network</b> – Display the remote network IP address with subnet address.
	<b>Tx Pkts</b> – Display the transmission packets passing through such VPN channel.
	<b>Tx Rate</b> – Display the transmission rate for data through such VPN tunnel.
	<b>Rx Pkts</b> – Display the receiving packets passing through such VPN channel.
	<b>Rx Rate</b> – Display the receiving rate for data through such VPN tunnel.

# 4.12 Certificate Management

A digital certificate works as an electronic ID, which is issued by a certification authority (CA). It contains information such as your name, a serial number, expiration dates etc., and the digital signature of the certificate-issuing authority so that a recipient can verify that the certificate is real. Here Vigor router support digital certificates conforming to standard X.509.

Any entity wants to utilize digital certificates should first request a certificate issued by a CA server. It should also retrieve certificates of other trusted CA servers so it can authenticate the peer with certificates issued by those trusted CA servers.

Here you can manage generate and manage the local digital certificates, and set trusted CA certificates. Remember to adjust the time of Vigor router before using the certificate so that you can get the correct valid period of certificate.

Below shows the menu items for Certificate Management.



#### 4.12.1 Local Certificate

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate



Item	Description
Generate	Click this button to open Generate Certificate Signing Request window.
	Type in all the information that the window requests. Then click <b>Generate</b> again.
Import	Click this button to import a saved file as the certification information.
Refresh	Click this button to refresh the information listed below.
View	Click this button to view the detailed settings for certificate request.



#### **GENERATE**

Click this button to open **Generate Certificate Signing Request** window. Type in all the information that the window request such as certificate name (used for identifying different certificate), subject alternative name type and relational settings for subject name. Then click **GENERATE** again.

Generate Certificate Signing Request				
Subject Alternative Name	IP Address			
Type	IF Address			
IP				
Subject Name				
Country (C)				
State (ST)				
Location (L)				
Organization (O)				
Organization Unit (OU)				
Common Name (CN)				
Email (E)				
Key Type	RSA 🕶			
Key Size	1024 Bit 💌			

**Note:** Please be noted that "Common Name" must be configured with rotuer's WAN IP or domain name.

After clicking **GENERATE**, the generated information will be displayed on the window below:

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate



### **IMPORT**

Vigor router allows you to generate a certificate request and submit it the CA server, then import it as "Local Certificate". If you have already gotten a certificate from a third party, you may import it directly. The supported types are PKCS12 Certificate and Certificate with a private key.

Click this button to import a saved file as the certification information.

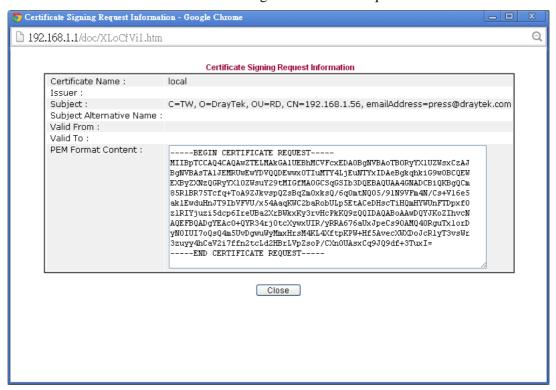
### Import X509 Local Certificate Select a local certificate file. Select Click Import to upload the local certificate. Import Cancel

### REFRESH

Click this button to refresh the information listed below.

### View

Click this button to view the detailed settings for certificate request.



**Note:** You have to copy the certificate request information from above window. Next, access your CA server and enter the page of certificate request, copy the information into it and submit a request. A new certificate will be issued to you by the CA server. You can save it.

### 4.12.2 Trusted CA Certificate

Trusted CA certificate lists three sets of trusted CA certificate.

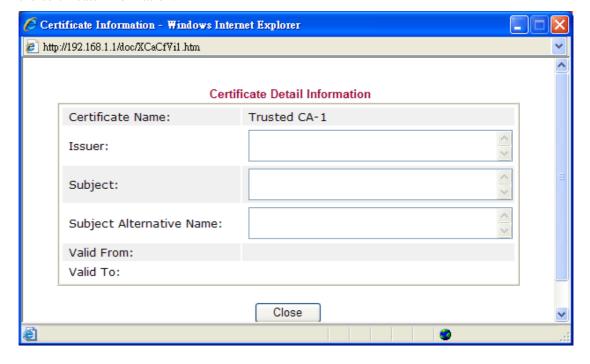
### Certificate Management >> Trusted CA Certificate



To import a pre-saved trusted CA certificate, please click **IMPORT** to open the following window. Use **Browse...** to find out the saved text file. Then click **Import**. The one you imported will be listed on the Trusted CA Certificate window. Then click **Import** to use the pre-saved file.



For viewing each trusted CA certificate, click **View** to open the certificate detail information window. If you want to delete a CA certificate, choose the one and click **Delete** to remove all the certificate information.



### 4.12.3 Certificate Backup

Local certificate and Trusted CA certificate for this router can be saved within one file. Please click **Backup** on the following screen to save them. If you want to set encryption password for these certificates, please type characters in both fields of **Encrypt password** and **Confirm password**.

Also, you can use **Restore** to retrieve these two settings to the router whenever you want.

Certificate Management >> Certificate Backup					
Certificate Ba	Certificate Backup / Restoration				
Backup					
	Encrypt password:				
	Confirm password:				
	Click Backup to download certificates to your local PC as a file.				
Restoration					
	Select a backup file to restore.				
	Browse.				
	Decrypt password:				
	Click Restore to upload the file.				

### 4.13 VoIP

**Note:** This function is used for "V" models.

Voice over IP network (VoIP) enables you to use your broadband Internet connection to make toll quality voice calls over the Internet.

There are many different call signaling protocols, methods by which VoIP devices can talk to each other. The most popular protocols are SIP, MGCP, Megaco and H.323. These protocols are not all compatible with each other (except via a soft-switch server).

The Vigor V models support the SIP protocol as this is an ideal and convenient deployment for the ITSP (Internet Telephony Service Provider) and softphone and is widely supported. SIP is an end-to-end, signaling protocol that establishes user presence and mobility in VoIP structure. Every one who wants to talk using his/her SIP Uniform Resource Identifier, "SIP Address". The standard format of SIP URI is

### sip: user:password @ host: port

Some fields may be optional in different use. In general, "host" refers to a domain. The "userinfo" includes the user field, the password field and the @ sign following them. This is very similar to a URL so some may call it "SIP URL". SIP supports peer-to-peer direct calling and also calling via a SIP proxy server (a role similar to the gatekeeper in H.323 networks), while the MGCP protocol uses client-server architecture, the calling scenario being very similar to the current PSTN/ISDN network.

After a call is setup, the voice streams transmit via RTP (Real-Time Transport Protocol). Different codecs (methods to compress and encode the voice) can be embedded into RTP packets. Vigor V models provide various codecs, including G.711 A/ $\mu$ -law, G.723, G.726 and G.729 A & B. Each codec uses a different bandwidth and hence provides different levels of voice quality. The more bandwidth a codec uses the better the voice quality, however the codec used must be appropriate for your Internet bandwidth.

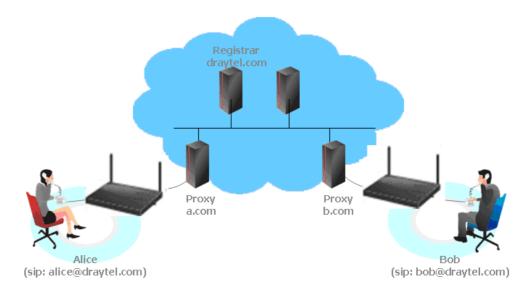
Usually there will be two types of calling scenario, as illustrated below:



### • Calling via SIP Servers

First, the Vigor V models of yours will have to register to a SIP Registrar by sending registration messages to validate. Then, both parties' SIP proxies will forward the sequence of messages to caller to establish the session.

If you both register to the same SIP Registrar, then it will be illustrated as below:



The major benefit of this mode is that you don't have to memorize your friend's IP address, which might change very frequently if it's dynamic. Instead of that, you will only have to using **dial plan** or directly dial your friend's **account name** if you are with the same SIP Registrar.

### • Peer-to-Peer

Before calling, you have to know your friend's IP Address. The Vigor VoIP Routers will build connection between each other.



Our Vigor V models firstly apply efficient codecs designed to make the best use of available bandwidth, but Vigor V models also equip with automatic QoS assurance. QoS Assurance assists to assign high priority to voice traffic via Internet. You will always have the required inbound and outbound bandwidth that is prioritized exclusively for Voice traffic over Internet but you just get your data a little slower and it is tolerable for data traffic.



### 4.13.1 DialPlan

This page allows you to set phone book and digit map for the VoIP function. Click the **Phone Book** and **Digit Map** links on the page to access into next pages for dialplan settings.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup	
DialPlan Configuration	
	Phone Book
	<u>Digit Map</u>
	<u>Call Barring</u>
	Regional
	PSTN Setup
Secure Phone configuration	
	✓ Enable Secure Phone (ZRTP+SRTP)
	☑ Enable SAS Voice Prompt
IP Call	
	☐ Enable IP Call
	ОК

Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable Secure Phone</b>	It allows users to have encrypted RTP stream with the peer side using the same protocol (ZRTP+SRTP). Check this box to have secure call.
Enable SAS Voice Prompt	If it is enabled, SAS prompt will be heard every time. If it is disabled, no SAS prompt will be heard any more.
IP Call	<b>Enable IP Call</b> – It allows that a user could dial outgoing IP Calls; and Vigor router could receive the incoming IP Calls.

### **Application for Secure Phone**

Enable SAS Voice Prompt, for ex: if vigor router A calls vigor router B with checking **Enable Secure Phone** and **Enable SAS Voice Prompt**, then:

- 1. After the connection established, vigor router A will send SAS voice prompt to A and vigor router B will send the SAS voice prompt to B.
- 2. Then the RTP traffic is secured until the call ends.
- 3. If vigor router A wants to call vigor router B again next time, both A and B will not hear any voice prompt again even checking **Enable SAS Voice Prompt** on web UI. It means only the first call between them will have voice prompt.

Enable SAS Voice Prompt, for ex: if vigor router A calls vigor router B with checking **Enable** Secure Phone but not **Enable SAS Voice Prompt**, then:

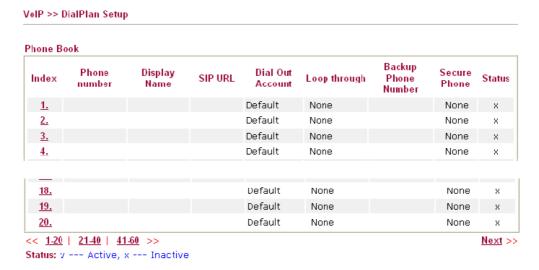
- 1. After the connection established, vigor router A will **NOT** send SAS voice prompt to vigor router A and vigor router B will NOT send the SAS voice prompt to vigor router B.
- 2. Even no voice prompt, but the RTP traffic is still secured until the call ends.



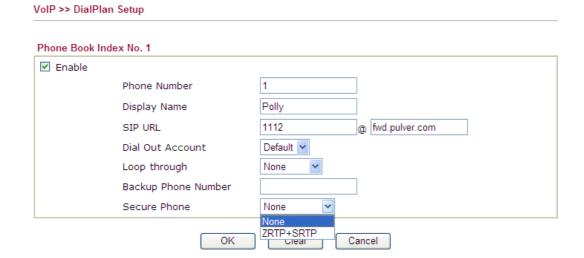
**Note:** If the incoming or outgoing calls do not match any entry on the phonebook, the router will try to make the call "being protected". But, if the call ends up "unprotected" (e.g. peer side does not support ZRTP+SRTP), the router will not play out a warning message.

### **Phone Book**

In this section, you can set your VoIP contacts in the "phonebook". It can help you to make calls quickly and easily by using "speed-dial" **Phone Number**. There are total 60 index entries in the phonebook for you to store all your friends and family members' SIP addresses. **Loop through** and **Backup Phone Number** will be displayed if you are using Vigor 2920V for setting the phone book.



Click any index number to display the dial plan setup page.



Item	Description
Enable	Check it to enable this entry.
Phone Number	The speed-dial number of this index. This can be any number you choose, using digits <b>0-9</b> and *.

Display Name	The name entered here is to remind the user whose number it is.	
SIP URL	Enter your friend's SIP Address.	
Dial Out Account	Choose one of the SIP accounts for this profile to dial out. It is useful for both sides (caller and callee) that registered to different SIP Registrar servers. If caller and callee do not use the same SIP server, sometimes, the VoIP phone call connection may not succeed. By using the specified dial out account, the successful connection can be assured.	
Loop through	Choose PSTN to enable loop through function.  None  None  PSTN	
Backup Phone Number	When the VoIP phone is obstructs or the Internet breaks down for some reasons, the backup phone will be dialed out to replace the VoIP phone number. At this time, the phone call will be changed from VoIP phone into PSTN call according to the loop through direction chosen. Note that, during the phone switch, the blare of phone will appear for a short time. And when the VoIP phone is switched into the PSTN phone, the telecom co. might charge you for the connection fee. Please type in backup phone number (PSTN number/ISDN number) for this VoIP phone setting.	
Secure Phone	ZRTP+SRTP: A call made to the number specified in the phonebook will be "compulsorily" encrypted. If the encryption is not successful (e.g. peer side does not support ZRTP/SRTP), a warning voice should be played.  Note: If the incoming or outgoing calls do not match any entry on the phonebook, the router will try to make the call "being protected". But, if the call ends up "unprotected" (e.g. peer side does not support ZRTP+SRTP), the router will not play out a warning message.	



### **Digit Map**

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

For the convenience of user, this page allows users to edit prefix number for the SIP account with adding number, stripping number or replacing number. It is used to help user having a quick and easy way to dial out through VoIP interface.

Digit Map Setup Move Move Max Min Len # Enable Match Prefix Mode **OP Number** Route Len Up Down PSTN 💌 03 Replace 🔻 8863 9 V <u>Down</u> 886 Strip 8 10 <u>UP</u> 2 V 886 VolP1 <u>Down</u> 3 None PSTN <u>UP</u> <u>Down</u> None 0 PSTN <u>UP</u> <u>Down</u> 5 None <u>Down</u> None PSTN <u>UP</u> <u>Down</u> 17 None ٧ <u>UP</u> 18 <u>Down</u> None <u>UP</u> <u>Down</u> PSTN 20 None <u>UP</u>

Note: 1. The length for Min Len and Max Len fields should be between 0~25.

2. Wildcard '?" is supported.



Item	Description	
Enable	Check it to enable this entry.	
Match Prefix	The phone number set here is used to add, strip, or replace the OP number.	
Mode	None - No action.	
	<b>Add</b> - When you choose this mode, the OP number will be added with the prefix number for calling out through the specific VoIP interface.	
	<b>Strip</b> - When you choose this mode, the OP number will be deleted by the prefix number for calling out through the specific VoIP interface. Take the above picture (Prefix Table Setup web page) as an example, the OP number of 886 will be deleted completely for the prefix number is set with 886.	
	<b>Replace</b> - When you choose this mode, the OP number will be replaced by the prefix number for calling out through the specific VoIP interface. Take the above picture (Prefix Table Setup web page) as an example, the prefix number of 03 will be replaced by 8863. For example: dial number of "031111111" will be changed to "88631111111" and sent to SIP server.	

Item	Description	
	Mode  Replace  None Add Strip Replace	
OP Number	The front number you type here is the first part of the account number that you want to execute special function (according to the chosen mode) by using the prefix number.	
Min Len	Set the minimal length of the dial number for applying the prefix number settings. Take the above picture (Prefix Table Setup web page) as an example, if the dial number is between 7 and 9, that number can apply the prefix number settings here.	
Max Len	Set the maximum length of the dial number for applying the prefix number settings.	
Route	Choose the one that you want to enable the prefix number settings from the saved SIP accounts. Please set up one SIP account first to make this interface available. This item will be changed according to the port settings configured in VoIP>> Phone Settings.	
Move UP /Move Down	Click the link to move the selected entry up or down.	

### **Call Barring**

Call barring is used to block phone calls coming from the one that is not welcomed.

### VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Call Barr	ing Setup			1.5	Set to Factory	Default
Index	<b>Call Direction</b>	Barring Type	Barring Number/URL/URI	Route	Schedule	Status
<u>1.</u>						×
<u>2.</u>						×
<u>3.</u>						×
<u>4.</u>						×
<u>5.</u>						×
<u>6.</u>						×
<u>7.</u>						×
<u>8.</u>						×
<u>9.</u>						×
<u>10.</u>						×
1 10 I	11.20 55					Novt ss

<< <u>1-10</u> | <u>11-20</u> >>

Next >>

Advanced: Block Anonymous Block Unknown Domain Block IP Address

Each item is explained as follows:



Item	Description	
Index	Display the number link that you can click for configuration.	
Call Direction	Display the direction (IN, OUT, or IN & OUT) for the phone call	
Barring Type	Display the type of the VoIP phone call.	
Barring Number/URL/URI	Display the number, URL or URI of this entry.	
Route	Display if all the phone calls will be blocked with such mechanism.	
Schedule	Display the schedule profiles applied to this entry.	
Status	Display such entry is enabled or not.	
<b>Block Anonymous</b>	Block the incoming calls without caller ID on the interface.	
Block Unknown Domain	Block incoming calls (through Phone port) from unrecognized domain that is not specified in SIP accounts.	
Block IP Address	Block incoming calls (through Phone port) coming from IP address.	

Simply click any index number to display the dial plan setup page.

## VoIP >> DialPlan Setup Call Barring Index No. 1 ✓ Enable Call Direction Barring Type Specific URI/URL Specific URI/URL Route Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup OK Cancel

Item	Description		
Enable	Check it to enable this entry.		
Call Direction	Determine the direction for the phone call, IN – incoming call, OUT-outgoing call, IN & OUT – both incoming and outgoing calls.  IN  OUT IN & OUT		
Barring Type	Determine the type of the VoIP phone call, URI/URL or number.		

Item	Description	
	Specific URI/URL Specific URI/URL Specific Number	
Specific URI/URL or Specific Number	This field will be changed based on the type you selected for barring Type.	
Route	All means all the phone calls will be blocked with such mechanism.	
Index (1-15) in Schedule	Type the index of schedule profiles to control the call barring according to the preconfigured schedules. Refer to section <b>Applications&gt;&gt;Schedule</b> for detailed configuration.	

Additionally, you can set advanced settings for call barring such as **Block Anonymous**, **Block Unknown Domain** or **Block IP Address**. Simply click the relational links to open the web page.

For **Block Anonymous** – this function can block the incoming calls without caller ID on the interface (Phone port) specified in the following window. Such control also can be done based on preconfigured schedules.

## VoIP >> DialPlan Setup Call Barring Block Anonymous ✓ Enable Route Route Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup Note: Block the incoming calls which do not have the caller ID. OK Cancel

For **Block Unknown Domain** – this function can block incoming calls (through Phone port) from unrecognized domain that is not specified in SIP accounts. Such control also can be done based on preconfigured schedules.

VoIP >> Dia	lPlan Setup	
Call Barrin	g Block Unknown Domain	
☑ Enable		
	Route	Phone1 Phone2
	Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup	
Note: If the domain of the incoming call is different from the domain found in SIP accounts, the call should be blocked.		
	OK	Cancel

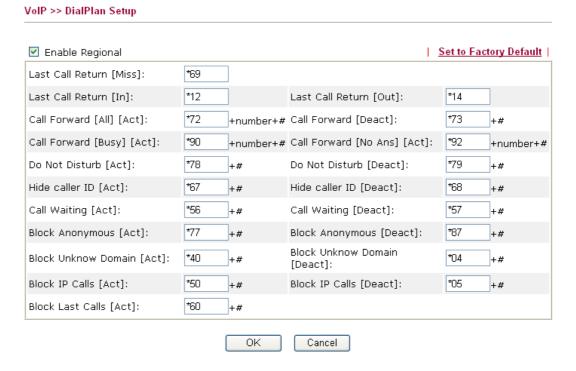
For **Block IP Address** – this function can block incoming calls (through Phone port) coming from IP address. Such control also can be done based on preconfigured schedules.



Call Barring Block IP Address	
☑ Enable	
Route	Phone1 Phone2
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Note: The incoming calls by means of IP dialing (e	.g.#192*168*1*1#) should be blocked.
OK	Cancel

### Regional

This page allows you to process incoming or outgoing phone calls by regional. Default values (common used in most areas) will be shown on this web page. You *can change* the number based on the region that the router is placed.



Item	Description
<b>Enable Regional</b>	Check this box to enable this function.
Last Call Return [Miss]	Sometimes, people might miss some phone calls. Please dial number typed in this field to know where the last phone call comes from and call back to that one.
Last Call Return [In]	You have finished an incoming phone call, however you want to call back again for some reason. Please dial number typed in this field to call back to that one.
Last Call Return [Out]	Dial the number typed in this field to call the previous outgoing phone call again.



Item	Description
Call Forward [All][Act]	Dial the number typed in this field to forward all the incoming calls to the specified place.
Call Forward [Deact]	Dial the number typed in this field to release the call forward function.
Call Forward [Busy][Act]	Dial the number typed in this field to forward all the incoming calls to the specified place while the phone is busy.
Call Forward [No Ans][Act]	Dial the number typed in this field to forward all the incoming calls to the specified place while there is no answer of the connected phone.
Do Not Disturb [Act]	Dial the number typed in this field to invoke the function of DND.
Do Not Distrub [Deact]	Dial the number typed in this field to release the DND function.
Hide caller ID [Act]	Dial the number typed in this field to make your phone number (ID) not displayed on the display panel of remote end.
Hide caller ID [Deact]	Dial the number typed in this field to release this function.
Call Waiting [Act]	Dial the number typed in this field to make all the incoming calls waiting for your answer.
Call Waiting [Deact]	Dial the number typed in this field to release this function.
Block Anonymous[Act]	Dial the number typed in this field to block all the incoming calls with unknown ID.
Block Anonymous[Deact]	Dial the number typed in this field to release this function.
Block Unknown Domain [Act]	Dial the number typed in this field to block all the incoming calls from unknown domain.
Block Unknown Domain [Deact]	Dial the number typed in this field to release this function.
Block IP Calls [Act]	Dial the number typed in this filed to block all the incoming calls from IP address.
Block IP Calls [Deact]	Dial the number typed in this field to release this function.
Block Last Calls [Act]	Dial the number typed in this field to block the last incoming phone call.



### **PSTN Setup**

Some emergency phone (e.g., 911) or special phone cannot be dialed out by using VoIP and can be called out through PSTN line only. To solve this problem, this page allows you to set five sets of PSTN number for dialing without passing through Internet. Please type the number in the field of **phone number for PSTN relay**.

VoIP >> PSTN Setup		
Default phone num	nber for PSTN relay	
	Enable	phone number for PSTN relay
		OK Cancel

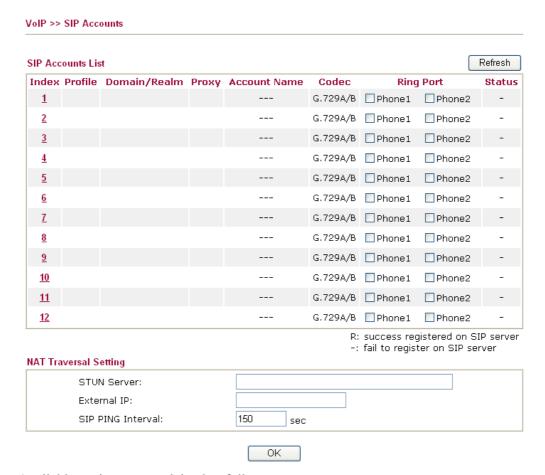
Then, check the **Enable** box to make the PSTN number available for dial whenever you need.

### 4.13.2 SIP Accounts

In this section, you set up your own SIP settings. When you apply for an account, your SIP service provider will give you an **Account Name** or user name, **SIP Registrar**, **Proxy**, and **Domain name**. (The last three might be the same in some case). Then you can tell your folks your SIP Address as in **Account Name@ Domain name** 

As Vigor VoIP Router is turned on, it will first register with Registrar using AuthorizationUser@Domain/Realm. After that, your call will be bypassed by SIP Proxy to the destination using AccountName@Domain/Realm as identity.

**Note:** Selection items for **Ring Port** will differ according to the router you have.



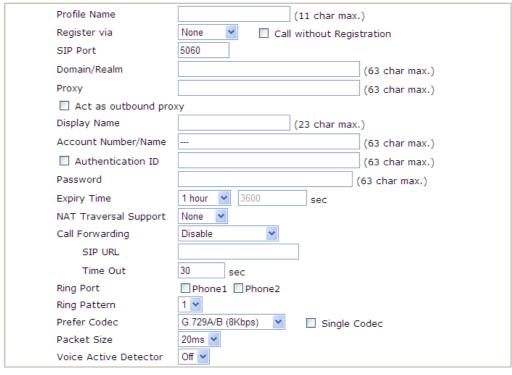
Item	Description
Index	Click this link to access into next page for setting SIP account.
Profile	Display the profile name of the account.
Domain/Realm	Display the domain name or IP address of the SIP registrar server.
Proxy	Display the domain name or IP address of the SIP proxy server.
Account Name	Display the account name of SIP address before @.
Codec	Display the codec type for the account.
Ring Port	Specify which port will ring when receiving a phone call. Set



Item	Description
	Phone, ISDN1-S0 or ISDN-TE as the default ring port for the SIP account. If you choose Phone or ISDN1-S0, the ISDN2-TE selection will be dimmed, vice versa. There are ten internal lines with numbers (30 – 39) offered for <b>ISDN-S0</b> . You can specify any one of them as ring port for specified SIP account. By the way, ISDN-S0 can be used by mapping with MSN numbers.
Status	Show the status for the corresponding SIP account. <b>R</b> means such account is registered on SIP server successfully. – means the account is failed to register on SIP server.
STUN Server	Type in the IP address or domain of the STUN server.
External IP	Type in the gateway IP address.
SIP PING interval	The default value is 150 (sec). It is useful for a Nortel server NAT Traversal Support.

### VoIP >> SIP Accounts

### SIP Account Index No. 12



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Profile Name	Assign a name for this profile for identifying. You can type similar name with the domain. For example, if the domain name is <i>draytel.org</i> , then you might set <i>draytel-1</i> in this field.

Cancel



OK

Register via	If you want to make VoIP call without register personal information, please choose <b>None</b> and check the box to achieve the goal. Some SIP server allows user to use VoIP function without registering. For such server, please check the box of
	Call without Registration. Choosing Auto is recommended. The system will select a proper way for your VoIP call.
	None None Auto VVAN1 VVAN2 VVAN3 (LAN/VPN PVC
SIP Port	Set the port number for sending/receiving SIP message for building a session. The default value is <b>5060</b> . Your peer must set the same value in his/her Registrar.
Domain/Realm	Set the domain name or IP address of the SIP Registrar server.
Proxy	Set domain name or IP address of SIP proxy server. By the time you can type <b>:port number</b> after the domain name to specify that port as the destination of data transmission (e.g., nat.draytel.org:5065)
Act as Outbound Proxy	Check this box to make the proxy acting as outbound proxy.
Display Name	The caller-ID that you want to be displayed on your friend's screen.
Account Number/Name	Enter your account name of SIP Address, e.g. every text before @.
Authentication ID	Check the box to invoke this function and Type the name or number used for SIP Authorization with SIP Registrar. If this setting value is the same as Account Name, it is not necessary for you to check the box and set any value in this field.
Password	The password provided to you when you registered with a SIP service.
Expiry Time	The time duration that your SIP Registrar server keeps your registration record. Before the time expires, the router will send another register request to SIP Registrar again.
NAT Traversal Support	If the router (e.g., broadband router) you use connects to internet by other device, you have to set this function for your necessity.
	NAT Traversal Support  None  None  Stun  Manual  Nortel
	None – Disable this function.
	<b>Stun</b> – Choose this option if there is Stun server provided for

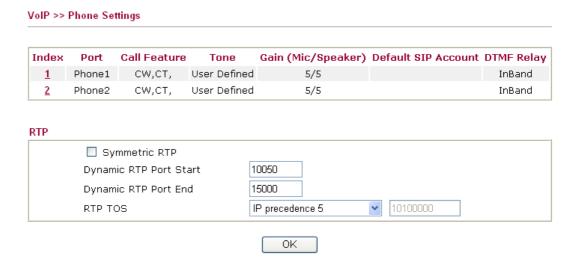


	your router.  Manual – Choose this option if you want to specify an external IP address as the NAT transversal support.  Nortel – If the soft-switch that you use supports Nortel solution, you can choose this option.
Call Forwarding	There are four options for you to choose. <b>Disable</b> is to close call forwarding function. <b>Always</b> means all the incoming calls will be forwarded into SIP URL without any reason. <b>Busy</b> means the incoming calls will be forwarded into SIP URL only when the local system is busy. <b>No Answer</b> means if the incoming calls do not receive any response, they will be forwarded to the SIP URL by the time out.  Disable  Disable  Always  Busy  No Answer  Busy or No Answer
	SIP URL – Type in the SIP URL (e.g., aaa@draytel.org or abc@iptel.org) as the site for call forwarded.  Time Out – Set the time out for the call forwarding. The default setting is 30 sec.
Ring Port	Set Phone 1 and/or Phone 2 as the default ring port(s) for this SIP account.
Ring Pattern	Choose a ring tone type for the VoIP phone call.  Ring Pattern  1 2 3 4 5 6
Prefer Codec	Select one of five codecs as the default for your VoIP calls. The codec used for each call will be negotiated with the peer party before each session, and so may not be your default choice. The default codec is G.729A/B; it occupies little bandwidth while maintaining good voice quality.  If your upstream speed is only 64Kbps, do not use G.711 codec. It is better for you to have at least 256Kbps upstream if you would like to use G.711.  Prefer Codec  G.711A (64Kbps)  G.711MU (64Kbps)  G.729A/B (8Kbps)  G.723 (6.4kbps)  G.726_32 (32kbps)
	<b>Single Codec</b> – If the box is checked, only the selected Codec will be applied.

Packet Size		ed in a single packet. The default s the data packet will contain 20 ms
	Packet Size	20ms V 10ms 20ms 30ms 40ms 50ms 60ms
Voice Active Detector	not. If not, the router will do	ne voice on both sides is active or something to save the bandwidth invoke this function; click off to  Off Off On

### 4.13.3 Phone Settings

This page allows user to set phone settings for Phone 1 and Phone 2 respectively. However, it changes slightly according to different model you have.



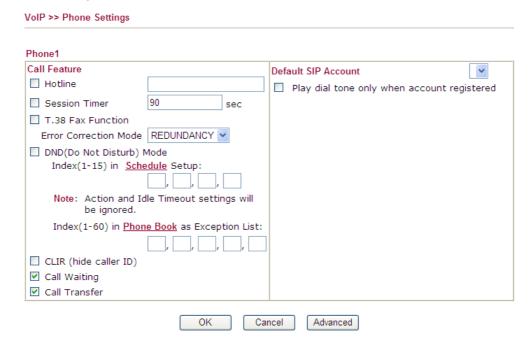
Item	Description
Phone List	<b>Port</b> – there are two phone ports provided here for you to configure. <b>Phone1/Phone2</b> allows you to set general settings for PSTN phones.
	<b>Call Feature</b> – A brief description for call feature will be shown in this field for your reference.
	<b>Tone</b> - Display the tone settings that configured in the advanced settings page of Phone Index.
	<b>Gain</b> - Display the volume gain settings for Mic/Speaker that configured in the advanced settings page of Phone Index.



Item	Description
	Default SIP Account – "draytel_1" is the default SIP account. You can click the number below the Index field to change SIP account for each phone port.  DTMF Relay – Display DTMF mode that configured in the advanced settings page of Phone Index.
RTP	Symmetric RTP – Check this box to invoke the function. To make the data transmission going through on both ends of local router and remote router not misleading due to IP lost (for example, sending data from the public IP of remote router to the private IP of local router), you can check this box to solve this problem.
	<b>Dynamic RTP Port Start</b> - Specifies the start port for RTP stream. The default value is 10050.
	<b>Dynamic RTP Port End</b> - Specifies the end port for RTP stream. The default value is 15000.
	<b>RTP TOS</b> – It decides the level of VoIP package. Use the drop down list to choose any one of them.
	Manual  IP precedence 1  IP precedence 2  IP precedence 3  IP precedence 4  IP precedence 5  IP precedence 6  IP precedence 7  AF Class1 (Low Drop)  AF Class1 (High Drop)  AF Class2 (Low Drop)  AF Class2 (Low Drop)  AF Class2 (High Drop)  AF Class3 (High Drop)  AF Class3 (High Drop)  AF Class3 (Low Drop)  AF Class3 (Low Drop)  AF Class3 (Medium Drop)  AF Class3 (Medium Drop)  AF Class4 (Low Drop)  AF Class4 (Low Drop)  AF Class4 (High Drop)  AF Class4 (Medium Drop)  AF Class4 (High Drop)  EF Class

### **Detailed Settings for Phone Port**

Click the number link for Phone port, you can access into the following page for configuring Phone settings.



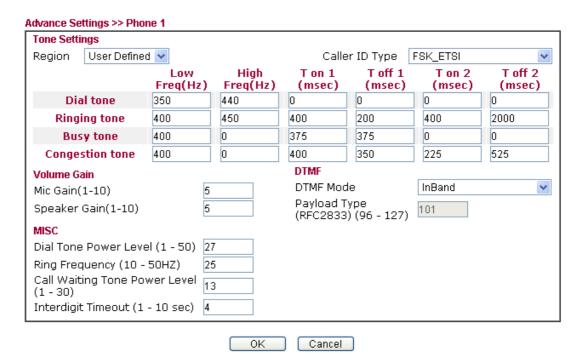
Item	Description
Hotline	Check the box to enable it. Type in the SIP URL in the field for dialing automatically when you pick up the phone set.
Session Timer	Check the box to enable the function. In the limited time that you set in this field, if there is no response, the connecting call will be closed automatically.
T.38 Fax Function	Check the box to enable T.38 fax function.
	<b>Error Correction Mode</b> – choose a mode for error correction.
DND (Do Not Disturb) mode	Set a period of peace time without disturbing by VoIP phone call. During the period, the one who dial in will listen busy tone, yet the local user will not listen any ring tone.
	Index (1-15) in Schedule - Type the index of schedule profiles to control when the phone will ring and when will not according to the preconfigured schedules. Refer to section Application >>Schedule for detailed configuration.
	Index (1-60) in Phone Book - Type the index of phone book profiles. Refer to section DialPlan – Phone Book for detailed configuration.
CLIR (hide caller ID)	Check this box to hide the caller ID on the display panel of the phone set.
Call Waiting	Check this box to invoke this function. A notice sound will appear to tell the user new phone call is waiting for your response. Click hook flash to pick up the waiting phone call.



Call Transfer	Check this box to invoke this function. Click hook flash to initiate another phone call. When the phone call connection succeeds, hang up the phone. The other two sides can communicate, then.
Default SIP Account	You can set SIP accounts (up to six groups) on SIP Account page. Use the drop down list to choose one of the profile names for the accounts as the default one for this phone setting.  Play dial tone only when account registered - Check this box to invoke the function.

In addition, you can press the **Advanced** button to configure tone settings, volume gain, MISC and DTMF mode. **Advanced** setting is provided for fitting the telecommunication custom for the local area of the router installed. Wrong tone settings might cause inconvenience for users. To set the sound pattern of the phone set, simply choose a proper region to let the system find out the preset tone settings and caller ID type automatically. Or you can adjust tone settings manually if you choose User Defined. TOn1, TOff1, TOn2 and TOff2 mean the cadence of the tone pattern. TOn1 and TOn2 represent sound-on; TOff1 and TOff2 represent the sound-off.

VolP >> Phone Settings



Item	Description
Region	Select the proper region which you are located. The common settings of Caller ID Type, Dial tone, Ringing tone, Busy tone and Congestion tone will be shown automatically on the page. If you cannot find out a suitable one, please choose User Defined and fill out the corresponding values for dial tone, ringing tone, busy tone, congestion tone by yourself for VoIP phone.

Item	Description
	Tone Settings
	Region User Defined 🕶
	User Defined OV
	UK (
	Dia US Denmark
	Dia Denmark 50  Ringi Italy 00  Germany Netherlands 00
	Germany
	Bus Netherlands 00
	Conge: Portugal Sweden
	Volume G Australia
	Mic Gain( Czech
	Speaker (Slovakia
	Hungary
	MISC Switzerland
	Dial Tone
	OK_CCA
	Ring Freq China HZ)
	Call Waiting rone Power Le
	Also, you can specify each field for your necessity. It is
	recommended for you to use the default settings for VoIP
	communication.
Volume Gain  MISC	Mic Gain (1-10)/Speaker Gain (1-10) - Adjust the volume of microphone and speaker by entering number from 1- 10. The larger of the number, the louder the volume is.  Dial Tone Power Level - This setting is used to adjust the
	loudness of the dial tone. The smaller the number is, the louder the dial tone is. It is recommended for you to use the default setting.
	<b>Ring Frequency</b> - This setting is used to drive the frequency of the ring tone. It is recommended for you to use the default setting.
	<b>Call Waiting Tone Power Level</b> - This setting is used to adjust the loudness of the call waiting tone. The smaller the number is, the louder the tone is. It is recommended for you to use the default setting.
	<b>Interdigit Timeout</b> – Type a value in this field to specify time limit for interdigit.
DTMF	<b>DTMF Mode</b> – There are four DTMF modes for you to choose.
	DTMF mode  InBand  OutBand ( RFC2833)  SIP INFO (cisco format)  SIP INFO (nortel format)
	• <i>InBand</i> - Choose this one then the Vigor will send the DTMF tone as audio directly when you press the keypad



Item	Description
	on the phone.
	<ul> <li>OutBand - Choose this one then the Vigor will capture the keypad number you pressed and transform it to digital form then send to the other side; the receiver will generate the tone according to the digital form it receive. This function is very useful when the network traffic congestion occurs and it still can remain the accuracy of DTMF tone.</li> </ul>
	• <i>SIP INFO</i> - Choose this one then the Vigor will capture the DTMF tone and transfer it into SIP form. Then it will be sent to the remote end with SIP message.
	<b>Payload Type</b> ( <b>rfc2833</b> ) - Choose a number from 96 to 127, the default value was 101. This setting is available for the OutBand (RFC2833) mode.

### 4.13.4 Status

From this page, you can find codec, connection and other important call status for each port.

VoIP >> Status Refresh Status 10 🕶 Refresh Seconds: Rx Out Miss Speaker Rx Elapse Тx Rx In Port Status Codec PeerID Jitter (hh:mm:ss) Pkts Pkts Losts Calls Calls Calls Gain (ms) 0 Phone1 IDLE 00:00:00 0 0 0 0 0 5 Phone2 IDLE 00:00:00 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 0 Log Date Duration In/Out/Miss Account ID Peer ID Time (mm-dd-yyyy) (hh:mm:ss) (hh:mm:ss) 00-00-0 00:00:00 00:00:00 00-00-00:00:00 00:00:00 0 00-00-00:00:00 00:00:00 0 00-00-0 00:00:00 00:00:00 00-00-00:00:00 00:00:00 00-00-00:00:00 00:00:00 0

00:00:00

00:00:00

00:00:00

00:00:00

xxxxxxxx : VoIP is encrypted. xxxxxxxx : VoIP isn't encrypted.

Each item is explained as follows:

00-00-

00-00-

00-00-

00-00-

0

0

0

00:00:00

00:00:00

00:00:00

00:00:00

Item	Description
Refresh Seconds	Specify the interval of refresh time to obtain the latest VoIP calling information. The information will update immediately when the Refresh button is clicked.
	Refresh Seconds: 10 🕶 5 10 30
Port	It shows current connection status for Phone(s) and ISDN ports.
Status	It shows the VoIP connection status.
	<b>IDLE</b> - Indicates that the VoIP function is idle.
	<b>HANG_UP</b> - Indicates that the connection is not established (busy tone).
	<b>CONNECTING</b> - Indicates that the user is calling out.
	<b>WAIT_ANS</b> - Indicates that a connection is launched and waiting for remote user's answer.
	<b>ALERTING</b> - Indicates that a call is coming.
	<b>ACTIVE-</b> Indicates that the VoIP connection is launched.
Codec	Indicates the voice codec employed by present channel.



PeerID	The present in-call or out-call peer ID (the format may be IP or Domain).
Elapse	The format is represented as hours:minutes:seconds.
Tx Pkts	Total number of transmitted voice packets during this connection session.
Rx Pkts	Total number of received voice packets during this connection session.
Rx Losts	Total number of lost packets during this connection session.
Rx Jitter	The jitter of received voice packets.
In Calls	Accumulation for the times of in call.
Out Calls	Accumulation for the times of out call.
Miss Calls	Accumulation for the times of missing call.
Speaker Gain	The volume of present call.
Log	Display logs of VoIP calls.

### 4.14 Wireless LAN

This function is used for "n" models only.

### 4.14.1 Basic Concepts

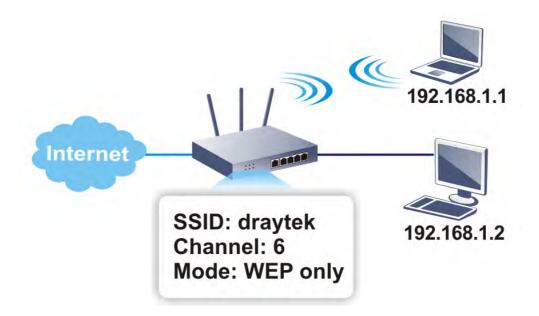
Over recent years, the market for wireless communications has enjoyed tremendous growth. Wireless technology now reaches or is capable of reaching virtually every location on the surface of the earth. Hundreds of millions of people exchange information every day via wireless communication products. The Vigor "n" model, a.k.a. Vigor wireless router, is designed for maximum flexibility and efficiency of a small office/home. Any authorized staff can bring a built-in WLAN client PDA or notebook into a meeting room for conference without laying a clot of LAN cable or drilling holes everywhere. Wireless LAN enables high mobility so WLAN users can simultaneously access all LAN facilities just like on a wired LAN as well as Internet access.

The Vigor wireless routers are equipped with a wireless LAN interface compliant with the standard IEEE 802.11n draft 2 protocol. To boost its performance further, the Vigor Router is also loaded with advanced wireless technology to lift up data rate up to 300 Mbps\*. Hence, you can finally smoothly enjoy stream music and video.

**Note**: \* The actual data throughput will vary according to the network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, network overhead and building materials.

In an Infrastructure Mode of wireless network, Vigor wireless router plays a role as an Access Point (AP) connecting to lots of wireless clients or Stations (STA). All the STAs will share the same Internet connection via Vigor wireless router. The **General Settings** will set up the information of this wireless network, including its SSID as identification, located channel etc.





### **Multiple SSIDs**

Vigor router supports four SSID settings for wireless connections. Each SSID can be defined with different name and download/upload rate for selecting by stations connected to the router wirelessly.

### **Security Overview**

**Real-time Hardware Encryption:** Vigor Router is equipped with a hardware AES encryption engine so it can apply the highest protection to your data without influencing user experience.

**Complete Security Standard Selection:** To ensure the security and privacy of your wireless communication, we provide several prevailing standards on market.

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a legacy method to encrypt each frame transmitted via radio using either a 64-bit or 128-bit key. Usually access point will preset a set of four keys and it will communicate with each station using only one out of the four keys.

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access), the most dominating security mechanism in industry, is separated into two categories: WPA-personal or called WPA Pre-Share Key (WPA/PSK), and WPA-Enterprise or called WPA/802.1x.

In WPA-Personal, a pre-defined key is used for encryption during data transmission. WPA applies Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) for data encryption while WPA2 applies AES. The WPA-Enterprise combines not only encryption but also authentication.

Since WEP has been proved vulnerable, you may consider using WPA for the most secure connection. You should select the appropriate security mechanism according to your needs. No matter which security suite you select, they all will enhance the over-the-air data protection and /or privacy on your wireless network. The Vigor wireless router is very flexible and can support multiple secure connections with both WEP and WPA at the same time.

Separate the Wireless and the Wired LAN- WLAN Isolation enables you to isolate your wireless LAN from wired LAN for either quarantine or limit access reasons. To isolate means neither of the parties can access each other. To elaborate an example for business use, you may set up a wireless LAN for visitors only so they can connect to Internet without hassle of the confidential information leakage. For a more flexible deployment, you may add filters of MAC addresses to isolate users' access from wired LAN.

Manage Wireless Stations - Station List will display all the station in your wireless network and the status of their connection.

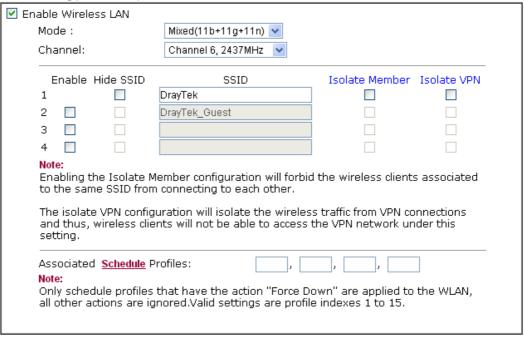
Below shows the menu items for Wireless LAN.



### 4.14.2 General Setup

By clicking the **General Settings**, a new web page will appear so that you could configure the SSID and the wireless channel. Please refer to the following figure for more information.

### Wireless LAN >> General Setup General Setting (IEEE 802.11) ✓ Enable Wireless LAN



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable Wireless LAN</b>	Check the box to enable wireless function.
Mode	At present, the router can connect to 11b Only, 11n Only, 11g Only, Mixed (11b+11g), Mixed (11a+11n), Mixed (11g+11n), and Mixed (11b+11g+11n) stations simultaneously. Simply

Cancel

0K

Item	Description
	choose Mixed (11b+11g+11n) mode.  Mixed(11b+11g+11n)   11b Only  11g Only  11n Only (2.4 GHz)  Mixed(11b+11g)  Mixed(11g+11n)  Mixed(11b+11g+11n)
Channel	Means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The default channel is 6. You may switch channel if the selected channel is under serious interference. If you have no idea of choosing the frequency, please select Auto to let system determine for you.  Channel:  Channel 6, 2437MHz  Channel 1, 2412MHz  Channel 2, 2417MHz  Channel 3, 2422MHz  Channel 4, 2427MHz  Channel 5, 2432MHz  Channel 6, 2437MHz  Channel 7, 2442MHz  Channel 7, 2442MHz  Channel 8, 2447MHz  Channel 9, 2452MHz  Channel 10, 2457MHz  Channel 10, 2457MHz  Channel 11, 2462MHz  Channel 12, 2467MHz  Channel 13, 2472MHz
Hide SSID	Check it to prevent from wireless sniffing and make it harder for unauthorized clients or STAs to join your wireless LAN. Depending on the wireless utility, the user may only see the information except SSID or just cannot see any thing about Vigor wireless router while site surveying. The system allows you to set four sets of SSID for different usage. In default, the first set of SSID will be enabled. You can hide it for your necessity.
SSID	Means the identification of the wireless LAN. SSID can be any text numbers or various special characters. The default SSID is "DrayTek". We suggest you to change it.
Isolate	VPN – Check this box to make the wireless clients (stations) with different VPN not accessing for each other.  Member –Check this box to make the wireless clients (stations) with the same SSID not accessing for each other.
Schedule	Set the wireless LAN to work at certain time interval only. You may choose up to 4 schedules out of the 15 schedules pre-defined in <b>Applications</b> >> <b>Schedule</b> setup. The default setting of this field is blank and the function will always work.

### 4.14.3 Security

This page allows you to set security with different modes for SSID 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively. After configuring the correct settings, please click **OK** to save and invoke it.

The default security mode is **Mixed** (**WPA+WPA2**)/**PSK.** Default Pre-Shared Key (PSK) is provided and stated on the label pasted on the bottom of the router. For the wireless client who wants to access into Internet through such router, please input the default PSK value for connection.



Wireless LAN >> Security Settings

By clicking the **Security Settings**, a new web page will appear so that you could configure the settings of WEP and WPA.

### SSID 3 SSID 4 SSID 1 SSID 2 Mode: Disable WPA **Encryption Mode:** TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2 \*\*\*\*\*\* Pre-Shared Key(PSK): Type 8~63 ASCII character or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example "cfgs01a2..." or "0x655abcd....". WEP Encryption Mode: 64-Bit • Key 1 : ○ Key 2: \*\*\*\*\* ○ Key 3: ○ Key 4 : Note: Please configure the RADIUS Server if 802.1x is used. For 64 bit WEP key configurations, please insert 5 ASCII characters or 10 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x". Examples are "AB312" or "0x4142333132". For 128 bit WEP key configurations, please insert 13 ASCII characters or 26 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x".



Item	Description
Item Mode	There are several modes provided for you to choose.  Disable WEP WEP/802.1x Only WPA/802.1x Only WPA/802.1x Only Mixed(WPA+WPA2/802.1x only) WPA/PSK WPA2/PSK Mixed(WPA+WPA2)/PSK  Note: You should also set RADIUS Server simultaneously if 802.1x mode is selected. Disable - Turn off the encryption mechanism.
	WEP-Accepts only WEP clients and the encryption key should be entered in WEP Key.  WEP/802.1x Only - Accepts only WEP clients and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.  WPA/802.1x Only- Accepts only WPA clients and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.  WPA2/802.1x Only- Accepts only WPA2 clients and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.
	with 802.1X protocol.  Mixed (WPA+WPA2/802.1x only) - Accepts WPA and WPA2 clients simultaneously and the encryption key is obtained dynamically from RADIUS server with 802.1X protocol.  WPA/PSK-Accepts only WPA clients and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.  WPA2/PSK-Accepts only WPA2 clients and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.
	<b>Mixed (WPA+ WPA2)/PSK -</b> Accepts WPA and WPA2 clients simultaneously and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.
WPA	The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either <b>8~63</b> ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde").
	<b>Type</b> - Select from Mixed (WPA+WPA2) or WPA2 only. <b>Pre-Shared Key (PSK)</b> - Either <b>8~63</b> ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such

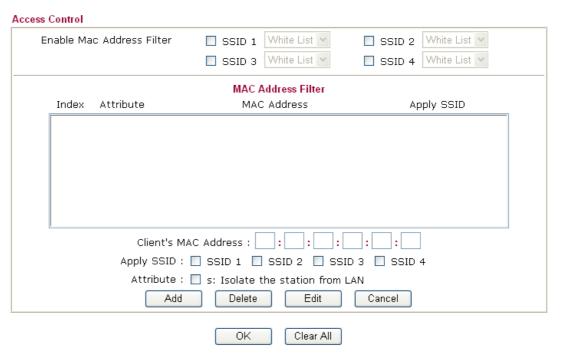


Item	Description
	as "0x321253abcde").
WEP	<b>64-Bit</b> - For 64 bits WEP key, either <b>5</b> ASCII characters, such as 12345 (or 10 hexadecimal digitals leading by 0x, such as 0x4142434445.)
	<b>128-Bit</b> - For 128 bits WEP key, either <b>13</b> ASCII characters, such as ABCDEFGHIJKLM (or 26 hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as 0x4142434445464748494A4B4C4D).
	Encryption Mode:  64-Bit  64-Bit  128-Bit
	All wireless devices must support the same WEP encryption bit size and have the same key. <b>Four keys</b> can be entered here, but only one key can be selected at a time. The keys can be entered in ASCII or Hexadecimal. Check the key you wish to use.

### 4.14.4 Access Control

For additional security of wireless access, the **Access Control** facility allows you to restrict the network access right by controlling the wireless LAN MAC address of client. Only the valid MAC address that has been configured can access the wireless LAN interface. By clicking the **Access Control**, a new web page will appear, as depicted below, so that you could edit the clients' MAC addresses to control their access rights.

### Wireless LAN >> Access Control



Item	Description
Enable Mac Address Filter	Select to enable the MAC Address filter for wireless LAN identified with SSID 1 to 4 respectively. All the clients

Item	Description
	(expressed by MAC addresses) listed in the box can be grouped under different wireless LAN. For example, they can be grouped under SSID 1 and SSID 2 at the same time if you check SSID 1 and SSID 2.
MAC Address Filter	Display all MAC addresses that are edited before.
Client's MAC Address	Manually Type the MAC address of wireless client.
Apply SSID	After entering the client's MAC address, check the box of the SSIDs desired to insert this MAC address into their access control list.
Attribute	s: Isolate the station from LAN - select to isolate the wireless connection of the wireless client of the MAC address from LAN.
Add	Add a new MAC address into the list.
Delete	Delete the selected MAC address in the list.
Edit	Edit the selected MAC address in the list.
Cancel	Give up the access control set up.
ОК	Click it to save the access control list.
Clear All	Clean all entries in the MAC address list.

### 4.14.5 WPS

**WPS** (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) provides easy procedure to make network connection between wireless station and wireless access point (vigor router) with the encryption of WPA and WPA2.



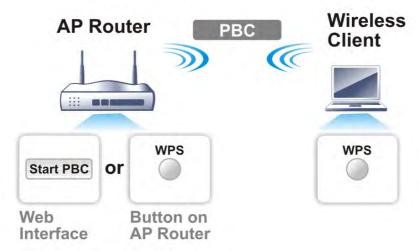
Note: Such function is available for the wireless station with WPS supported.

It is the simplest way to build connection between wireless network clients and vigor router. Users do not need to select any encryption mode and type any long encryption passphrase to setup a wireless client every time. He/she only needs to press a button on wireless client, and WPS will connect for client and router automatically.

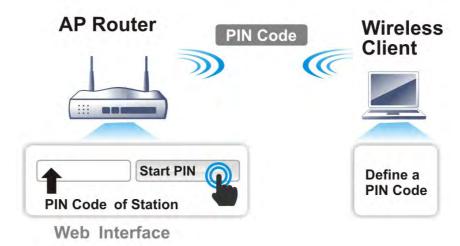


There are two methods to do network connection through WPS between AP and Stations: pressing the *Start PBC* button or using *PIN Code*.

• On the side of Vigor 2920 series which served as an AP, press **WPS** button once on the front panel of the router or click **Start PBC** on web configuration interface. On the side of a station with network card installed, press **Start PBC** button of network card.



• If you want to use PIN code, you have to know the PIN code specified in wireless client. Then provide the PIN code of the wireless client you wish to connect to the vigor router.



For WPS is supported in WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK mode, if you do not choose such mode in **Wireless LAN>>Security**, you will see the following message box.



Please click **OK** and go back **Wireless LAN>>Security** to choose WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK mode and access WPS again.

Below shows **Wireless LAN>>WPS** web page.

# Wireless LAN >> WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) Wi-Fi Protected Setup Information WPS Status Configured SSID DrayTek Authentication Mode Disable Device Configure Configure via Push Button Start PBC Configure via Client PinCode Start PIN Status: The Authentication Mode is NOT WPA/WPA2 PSK!!

Note: WPS can help your wireless client automatically connect to the Access point.

: WPS is Disabled.

: WPS is Enabled.

Q: Waiting for WPS requests from wireless clients.

Item	Description
Enable WPS	Check this box to enable WPS setting.
WPS Status	Display related system information for WPS. If the wireless security (encryption) function of the router is properly configured, you can see 'Configured' message here.
SSID	Display the SSID1 of the router. WPS is supported by SSID1 only.
<b>Authentication Mode</b>	Display current authentication mode of the router. Only WPA2/PSK and WPA/PSK support WPS.
Configure via Push Button	Click <b>Start PBC</b> to invoke Push-Button style WPS setup procedure. The router will wait for WPS requests from wireless clients about two minutes. The WPS LED on the router will blink fast when WPS is in progress. It will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within two minutes)
Configure via Client PinCode	Please input the PIN code specified in wireless client you wish to connect, and click <b>Start PIN</b> button. The WPS LED on the router will blink fast when WPS is in progress. It will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within two minutes)



### 4.14.6 WDS

WDS means Wireless Distribution System. It is a protocol for connecting two access points (AP) wirelessly. Usually, it can be used for the following application:

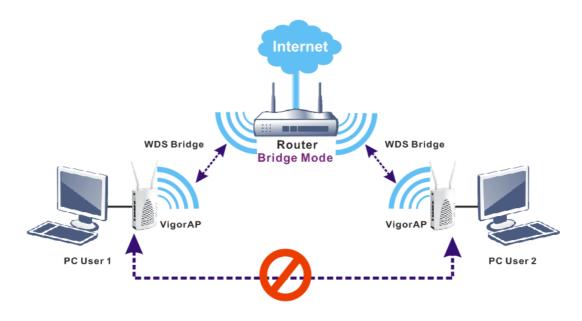
- Provide bridge traffic between two LANs through the air.
- Extend the coverage range of a WLAN.

Refer to the following table:

WDS Mode	Wireless Signal	Comparisons
Bridge	Limited	<ul> <li>Wireless stations (clients) within the effective range of wireless signal can access into Internet through the router /AP.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Wireless stations (clients) out of the effective range of wireless signal cannot access into Internet through the router /AP with Bridge mode configured.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>The packets received from a WDS link will only be forwarded to local wired or wireless hosts.</li> </ul>
Repeater	Extended	<ul> <li>Wireless stations (clients) within the effective range of wireless signal can access into Internet through the router /AP.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Wireless stations (clients) out of the effective range of wireless signal can access into Internet through the router /AP with Repeater mode configured.</li> </ul>
		• The packets received from one Vigor router can be repeated to another AP (remotely) through WDS links.
		<ul> <li>Only Repeater mode can do WDS-to-WDS packet forwarding.</li> </ul>

### **Bridge Mode**

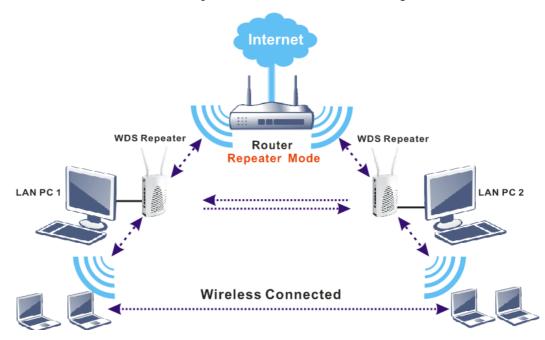
Vigor routers (and / or Vigor APs) with WDS Bridge link established can communicate with each other. Wireless stations (clients) within the effective range of wireless signal can access into Internet through the router /AP. However, PC users under VigorAPs without WDS Bridge link established cannot communicate with each other (refer to the following figure, PC User 1 and PC Users 2).



# **Repeater Mode**

Vigor routers (and / or Vigor APs) with WDS Repeater link established can communicate with each other, and communicate with wireless stations (clients) due to the coverage range of a wireless connection extended.

The wireless signal from the root router (AP) can be received and extended by other router (AP), therefore the coverage range of wireless signal can be expanded which is convenient for remote wireless stations which require to access Internet via the Virgor router (AP).



To configure the WDS web page settings, open **Wireless LAN>>WDS** to get the following page:

## Wireless LAN >> WDS Settings **WDS Settings** Set to Factory Default Bridge Disable 💌 Mode: Enable Peer MAC Address Security: Disable O WEP Pre-shared Key WEP: Use the same WEP key set in **Security Settings**. Note: Disable unused links to get better performance. Pre-shared Key: Repeater Type: Enable Peer MAC Addess OrayTek WPA OWPA OWPA2 Type 8~63 ASCII characters or 64 hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example "cfgs01a2..." or "0x655abcd....". Access Point Function: • Enable O Disable ☐ Send "Hello" message to peers. Link Status Note: The status is valid only when the peer also supports this function. OK Cancel

Item	Description
Mode	Choose the mode for WDS setting. <b>Disable</b> mode will not invoke any WDS setting. <b>Bridge</b> mode is designed to fulfill the first type of application. <b>Repeater</b> mode is for the second one.  Disable  Disable  Bridge  Repeater
Security	There are three types for security, <b>Disable</b> , <b>WEP</b> and <b>Pre-shared key</b> . The setting you choose here will make the following WEP or Pre-shared key field valid or not. Choose one of the types for the router.
WEP	When WEP is selected as Security above, Vigor router will use the same WEP key set in Wireless LAN>>Security Settings page.  All you have to do is to make sure WEP mode and WEP key setting have been configured properly in Wireless LAN>>Security Settings.

Item	Description
	Note: If Security mode configured in Wireless LAN>>Security Settings page is not the same as the security mode set here, a warning message will appear and ask you to make the same configuration.
Pre-shared Key	When <b>Pre-Shared Key</b> is selected as Security above, configure the following settings if required.
	Type – There are some types for you to choose. WPA and WPA2 are used for WDS devices (e.g.2925n wireless router, you can set the encryption mode as WPA or WPA2 to establish your WDS system between AP and the router.
	<b>Key</b> – Set the encryption key in this field. Type 8 ~ 63 ASCII characters or 64 hexadecimal digits leading by "0x".
Bridge	If you choose <b>Bridge</b> as the connecting mode, please type in the peer MAC address (of VigorAP/Vigor router required to make connection with such Vigor router) in these fields.
	Four peer MAC addresses are allowed to be entered in this page at one time. Yet please disable the unused link to get better performance. If you want to invoke the peer MAC address, remember to check <b>Enable</b> box in the front of the MAC address after typing.
Repeater	If you choose <b>Repeater</b> as the connecting mode, please type in the peer MAC address (of VigorAP/Vigor router required to make connection with such Vigor router and used to extend the wireless signal) in these fields.
	Four peer MAC addresses are allowed to be entered in this page at one time. Similarly, if you want to invoke the peer MAC address, remember to check <b>Enable</b> box in the front of the MAC address after typing.
Access Point Function	Click <b>Enable</b> to make this router serve as an access point. When <b>Repeater</b> is set as WDS Mode, click <b>Enable</b> to use such function. Click <b>Disable</b> if <b>Bridge</b> is set as WDS Mode.
Status	It allows user to send "hello" message to peers. Yet, it is valid only when the peer also supports this function.

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\boldsymbol{O}\boldsymbol{K}$  to save the configuration.



# 4.14.7 Advanced Setting

This page allows users to set advanced settings such as operation mode, channel bandwidth, guard interval, and aggregation MSDU for wireless data transmission.

## Wireless LAN >> Advanced Setting **HT Physical Mode** Operation Mode Channel Bandwidth 0 20 0 20/40 Guard Interval O long o auto Aggregation MSDU(A-MSDU) O Disable 💿 Enable Long Preamble ( Reference) Country Code 0K

Item	Description
Operation Mode	Mixed Mode – the router can transmit data with the ways supported in both 802.11a/b/g and 802.11n standards. However, the entire wireless transmission will be slowed down if 802.11g or 802.11b wireless client is connected.  Green Field – to get the highest throughput, please choose such mode. Such mode can make the data transmission happening between 11n systems only. In addition, it does not have protection mechanism to avoid the conflict with neighboring devices of 802.11a/b/g.
Channel Bandwidth	<ul> <li>20- the router will use 20Mhz for data transmission and receiving between the AP and the stations.</li> <li>20/40 – the router will use 20Mhz or 40Mhz for data transmission and receiving according to the station capability. Such channel can increase the performance for data transit.</li> </ul>
Guard Interval	It is to assure the safety of propagation delays and reflections for the sensitive digital data. If you choose <b>auto</b> as guard interval, the AP router will choose short guard interval (increasing the wireless performance) or long guard interval for data transmit based on the station capability.
Aggregation MSDU	Aggregation MSDU can combine frames with different sizes. It is used for improving MAC layer's performance for some brand's clients. The default setting is <b>Enable.</b>
Long Preamble	This option is to define the length of the sync field in an 802.11 packet. Most modern wireless network uses short preamble with 56 bit sync field instead of long preamble with 128 bit sync field. However, some original 11b wireless network devices only support long preamble. Click <b>Enable</b> to use <b>Long Preamble</b> if needed to communicate with this kind of devices.
Packet-OVERDRIVE	This feature can enhance the performance in data transmission

Item	Description
	about 40%* more (by checking <b>Tx Burst</b> ). It is active only when both sides of Access Point and Station (in wireless client) invoke this function at the same time. That is, the wireless client must support this feature and invoke the function, too. <b>Note:</b> Vigor N61 wireless adapter supports this function.  Therefore, you can use and install it into your PC for matching with Packet-OVERDRIVE (refer to the following picture of Vigor N61 wireless utility window, choose <b>Enable</b> for <b>TxBURST</b> on the tab of <b>Option</b> ).
	Vigor N61 802.11n Wireless USB Adapter Utility
	Configuration Status Option About  General Setting  Advance Setting  Advance Setting  Disable Redio  Examenber mini status position  Auto hide mini status  Set mini status always on top  Enable IP Setting and Proxy Setting in Profile  Group Roaming  Ad-hoc  WLAN type to connect  Infrastructure and Ad-hoc metwork  Infrastructure and Ad-hoc metwork  Infrastructure network only  Ad-hoc network only  Ad-hoc metwork only  Ad-hoc Mannel:  OK  Cancel  Apply
	Tx Burst:  Disable Disable Enable  Note: * means the real transmission rate depends on the environment of the network.
Country Code	Vigor router broadcasts country codes by following the 802.11d standard. However, some wireless stations will detect / scan the country code to prevent conflict occurred. If conflict is detected, wireless station will be warned and is unable to make network connection. Therefore, changing the country code to ensure successful network connection will be necessary for some clients.

After finishing all the settings here, please click  $\boldsymbol{O}\boldsymbol{K}$  to save the configuration.

# 4.14.8 WMM Configuration

WMM is an abbreviation of Wi-Fi Multimedia. It defines the priority levels for four access categories derived from 802.1d (prioritization tabs). The categories are designed with specific types of traffic, voice, video, best effort and low priority data. There are four accessing categories - AC\_BE , AC\_BK, AC\_VI and AC\_VO for WMM.

APSD (automatic power-save delivery) is an enhancement over the power-save mechanisms supported by Wi-Fi networks. It allows devices to take more time in sleeping state and consume less power to improve the performance by minimizing transmission latency.

WMM Configuration | Set to Factory Default | WMM Capable Enable O Disable APSD Capable O Enable 
O Disable WMM Parameters of Access Point **CWMin** CWMax Тхор ACM AckPolicy 3 4 AC\_BE 6 0 7 4 10 0 AC\_BK 3 4 AC\_VI 1 94 1 3 AC\_VO WMM Parameters of Station Aifsn **CWMin CWMax** Txop ACM AC\_BE 3 4 10 0 7 4 10 0 AC\_BK 3 AC\_VI 2 4 94 2 2 3 47 AC\_VO 

OK

## Wireless LAN >> WMM Configuration

C 11

Item	Description
WMM Capable	To apply WMM parameters for wireless data transmission, please click the <b>Enable</b> radio button.
APSD Capable	The default setting is <b>Disable</b> .
Aifsn	It controls how long the client waits for each data transmission. Please specify the value ranging from 1 to 15. Such parameter will influence the time delay for WMM accessing categories. For the service of voice or video image, please set small value for AC_VI and AC_VO categories For the service of e-mail or web browsing, please set large value for AC_BE and AC_BK categories.
CWMin/CWMax	CWMin means contention Window-Min and CWMax means contention Window-Max. Please specify the value ranging from 1 to 15. Be aware that CWMax value must be greater than CWMin or equals to CWMin value. Both values will influence the time delay for WMM accessing categories. The difference between AC_VI and AC_VO categories must be

Item	Description
	smaller; however, the difference between AC_BE and AC_BK categories must be greater.
Тхор	It means transmission opportunity. For WMM categories of AC_VI and AC_VO that need higher priorities in data transmission, please set greater value for them to get highest transmission opportunity. Specify the value ranging from 0 to 65535.
ACM	It is an abbreviation of Admission control Mandatory. It can restrict stations from using specific category class if it is checked.  Note: Vigor2920 provides standard WMM configuration in the web page. If you want to modify the parameters, please refer to the Wi-Fi WMM standard specification.
AckPolicy	"Uncheck" (default value) the box means the AP router will answer the response request while transmitting WMM packets through wireless connection. It can assure that the peer must receive the WMM packets.  "Check" the box means the AP router will not answer any response request for the transmitting packets. It will have better performance with lower reliability.

# 4.14.9 AP Discovery

Wireless LAN >> Access Point Discovery

Vigor router can scan all regulatory channels and find working APs in the neighborhood. Based on the scanning result, users will know which channel is clean for usage. Also, it can be used to facilitate finding an AP for a WDS link. Notice that during the scanning process (about 5 seconds), no client is allowed to connect to Vigor.

This page is used to scan the existence of the APs on the wireless LAN. Yet, only the AP which is in the same channel of this router can be found. Please click **Scan** to discover all the connected APs.

# Access Point List BSSID Channel SSID Scan See Statistics. Note: During the scanning process (~5 seconds), no station is allowed to connect with the router. Add to WDS Settings: AP's MAC address Add to Bridge Repeater



Item	Description
Scan	It is used to discover all the connected AP. The results will be shown on the box above this button.
Statistics	It displays the statistics for the channels used by APs.  Wireless LAN >> Site Survey Statistics
	Recommended channels for usage: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
	AP number v.s. Channel  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
	Channel
	Cancel
Add to	If you want the found AP applying the WDS settings, please type in the AP's MAC address on the bottom of the page and click Bridge or Repeater. Next, click <b>Add to</b> . Later, the MAC address of the AP will be added to Bridge or Repeater field of WDS settings page.

# 4.14.10 Station List

**Station List** provides the knowledge of connecting wireless clients now along with its status code. There is a code summary below for explanation. For convenient **Access Control**, you can select a WLAN station and click **Add to Access Control** below.

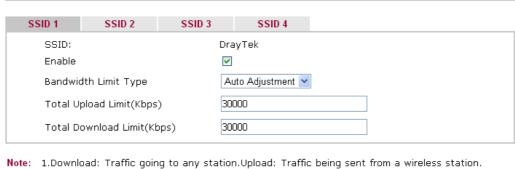
Status	MAC Address	Associated with
	Refresh	
Status Codes	-	
C: Connecte E: Connecte	d, No encryption. d. WEP.	
P: Connecte	d, WPA.	
A: Connecte B: Blocked b	a, WPA2. y Access Control.	
N: Connectin	ig.	
r; rail to pas	ss WPA/PSK authentication.	
	station connects to the rou	
connection e		t will still be on the list until the
Add to Acces	s Control :	
ar		
Client's MAC	address :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	::

Item	Description
Refresh	Click this button to refresh the status of station list.
Add	Click this button to add current typed MAC address into <b>Access Control.</b>

# 4.14.11 Bandwidth Management

It controls the bandwidth limit for all the wireless clients accessing into Internet through such router.

## Wireless LAN >> Bandwidth Management



2.Allow auto adjustment could make the best utilization of available bandwidth.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Click this button to enable such function.
Bandwidth Limit Type	There are two types to be specified.  Auto Adjustment  Auto Adjustment  Per Station Limit
Auto Adjustment	If you choose <b>Auto Adjustment</b> , the router will assign the required bandwidth for each wireless station according to the real usage. <b>Total Upload Limit</b> –Default value is 30,000 kbps. All the wireless stations share the bandwidth for uploading without exceeding the valued typed here.
	Total Download Limit - Default value is 30,000 kbps. All the wireless stations share the bandwidth for downloading without exceeding the valued typed here.
Per Station Limit	If you choose <b>Per Station Limit</b> , the router will offer the bandwidth for each wireless station based on the values configured here.
	<b>Upload Limit</b> –Default value is 30,000 kbps. Each wireless station can have the bandwidth for uploading without exceeding the values typed here.
	<b>Download Limit -</b> Default value is 30,000 kbps. Each wireless station can have the bandwidth for uploading without exceeding the values typed here.

After finished the above settings, click OK to save the configuration.

# 4.15 USB Application

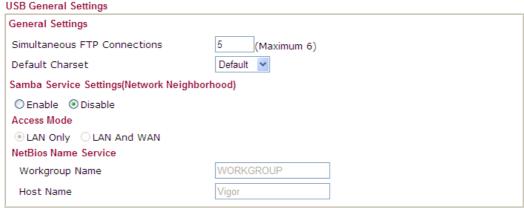
USB storage disk connected on Vigor router can be regarded as a server. By way of Vigor router, clients on LAN can access, write and read data stored in USB storage disk with different applications. After setting the configuration in **USB Application**, you can type the IP address of the Vigor router and username/password created in **USB Application>>USB User Management** on the client software. Then, the client can use the FTP site (USB storage disk) or share the Samba service through Vigor router.



# 4.15.1 USB General Settings

This page will determine the number of concurrent FTP connection, default charset for FTP server and enable Samba service. At present, the Vigor router can support USB storage disk with formats of FAT16 and FAT32 only. Therefore, before connecting the USB storage disk into the Vigor router, please make sure the memory format for the USB storage disk is FAT16 or FAT32. It is recommended for you to use FAT32 for viewing the filename completely (FAT16 cannot support long filename).

# USB Application >> USB General Settings



Note: 1. If Charset is set to "default", only English long file name is supported.

- Multi-session ftp download will be banned by Router FTP server. If your ftp client have multiconnection mechanism, such as FileZilla, you may limit client connections setting to 1 to get better performance.
- 3. A workgroup name must not be the same as the host name. The workgroup name and the host name can have as many as 15 characters and a host name can have as many as 23 characters, but both cannot contain any of the following: .; : " < > \* + = / |?.



Item	Description
<b>General Settings</b>	Simultaneous FTP Connections - This field is used to specify the quantity of the FTP sessions. The router allows up to 6 FTP sessions connecting to USB storage disk at one time.  Default Charset - At present, Vigor router supports three



Item	Description	
	types of character sets: default, GB2312 and BIG5.  Default GB2312 BIG5  Default Charset is for English based file name. For Simplified Chinese file/directory names, please choose GB2312; for Traditional Chinese file/directory names, choose BIG5.	
Samba Service Settings	Click <b>Enable</b> to invoke samba service via the router.	
Access Mode	LAN Only – Users coming from internet cannot connect to the samba server of the router.  LAN And WAN - Both LAN and WAN users can access samba server of the router.	
NetBios Name Service	For the NetBios service of USB storage disk, you have to specify a workgroup name and a host name. A workgroup name must not be the same as the host name. The workgroup name can have as many as 15 characters and the host name can have as many as 23 characters. Both them cannot contain any of the following; : " $<>$ * $+$ = $\setminus$   ?.	
	Workgroup Name – Type a name for the workgroup.	
	<b>Host Name</b> – Type the host name for the router.	

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

# 4.15.2 USB User Management

This page allows you to set profiles for FTP/Samba users. Any user who wants to access into the USB storage disk must type the same username and password configured in this page. Before adding or modifying settings in this page, please insert a USB storage disk first. Otherwise, an error message will appear to warn you.

USB Application >> USB User Management

USB User Management Set to Factory Defa					
Index	Username	Home Folder	Index	Username	Home Folder
<u>1.</u>			<u>9.</u>		
<u>2.</u>			<u>10.</u>		
<u>3.</u>			<u>11.</u>		
<u>4.</u>			<u>12.</u>		
<u>5.</u>			<u>13.</u>		
<u>6.</u>			<u>14.</u>		
<u>7.</u>			<u>15.</u>		
<u>8.</u>			<u>16.</u>		

Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Index	Display the number link of the profile.

Username	Display the name that FTP/Samba users will use for accessing into FTP/Samba server.
Home Folder	Display the home folder of this entry.
Set to Factory Default	Click it to clear all profiles settings.

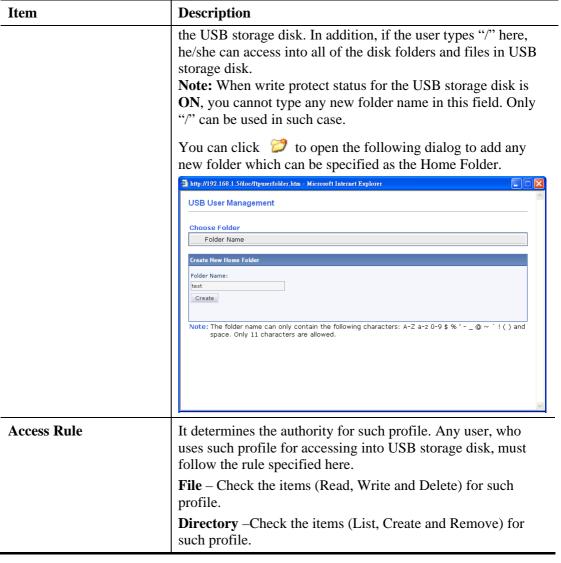
Click any index number to access into the configuration page.

## USB Application >> USB User Management

### Profile Index: 1 FTP/Samba User O Enable Disable Username Password (Maximum 11 Characters) Confirm Password Home Folder Access Rule File Read Write Delete Directory List ☐ Create ☐ Remove Note: The folder name can only contain the following characters: A-Z a-z 0-9 \$ % ' - $\_$ @ $\sim$ `!()/ and space. ΟK Clear Cancel

Item	Description	
FTP/Samba User	Enable – Click this button to activate this profile (account) for FTP service or Samba User service. Later, the user can use the username specified in this page to login into FTP server.  Disable – Click this button to disable such profile.	
Username  Type the username for FTP/Samba users for accessing into FTP server (USB storage disk). Be aware that users canno access into USB storage disk in anonymity. Later, you can open FTP client software and type the username specified for accessing into USB storage disk.		
	Note: "Admin" could not be typed here as username, for the word is specified for accessing into web pages of Vigor router only. Also, it is reserved for FTP firmware upgrade usage.  Note: FTP Passive mode is not supported by Vigor Router.  Please disable that mode on the FTP client.	
Password  Type the password for FTP/Samba users for accessing server. Later, you can open FTP client software and ty password specified here for accessing into USB storage		
Confirm Password	Type the password again to make confirmation.	
Home Folder	It determines the folder for the client to access into. The user can Type a directory name in this field. Then, after clicking <b>OK</b> , the router will create the specific/new folder in	





Before you click **OK**, you have to insert a USB storage disk into the USB interface of the Vigor router. Otherwise, you cannot save the configuration.

# 4.15.3 File Explorer

File Explorer offers an easy way for users to view and manage the content of USB storage disk connected on Vigor router.



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
** Refresh	Click this icon to refresh files list.
<b>→</b> Back	Click this icon to return to the upper directory.
Create	Click this icon to add a new folder.
<b>Current Path</b>	Display current folder.
Upload	Click this button to upload the selected file to the USB storage disk. The uploaded file in the USB storage disk can be shared for other user through FTP.

## 4.15.4 USB Disk Status

This page is to monitor the status for the users who accessing into FTP or Samba server (USB storage disk) via the Vigor router. If you want to remove the storage disk from USB port in router, please click **Disconnect USB Disk** first. And then, remove the USB storage disk later.

#### Modem Printer Refresh Disk **USB Mass Storage Device Status** Connection Status: No Disk Disconnect USB Disk Connected Disk Capacity: 0 MB Free Capacity: 0 MB Refresh USB Disk Users Connected IP Address(Port) Index Service Username

Note: If the write protect switch of USB disk is turned on, the USB disk is in READ-ONLY mode. No data can be written to it.

Each item is explained as follows:

USB Application >> USB Device Status

Item	Description
<b>Connection Status</b>	If there is no USB storage disk connected to Vigor router, "No Disk Connected" will be shown here.
Disk Capacity	Display the total capacity of the USB storage disk.
Free Capacity	Display the free space of the USB storage disk. Click <b>Refresh</b> at any time to get new status for free capacity.
Index	Display the number of the client which connecting to FTP server.
IP Address	Display the IP address of the user's host which connecting to the FTP server.
Username	Display the username that user uses to login to the FTP server.

When you insert USB storage disk into the Vigor router, the system will start to find out such device within several seconds.



# 4.15.5 Modem Support List

Such page provides the information about the brand name and model name of the USB modems which are supported by Vigor router.

## USB Application >> Modern Support List

The following compatibility tests listed above Vigor router models with USB modems / mobiles. If it is confirmed as the latest and still does not work, please contact support@draytek.com

3.5G	LTE	WiMAX		
Brand		Model		Status
4G system	XSPlug (	93		М
Aiko	Aiko 768			М
Aiko	Aiko 830			М
Alfa	Fly3G			Υ
Amoi	Amoi H0	1		М
AnyDATA	ADU-300	)		М
AnyDATA	ADU-500	DA .		Υ
AnyDATA	ADU-510	DA .		Υ
ASUS	ASUS TS	i00		М
BandRich	Bandlux	Bandluxe C100		М
BandRich	Bandlux	Bandluxe C100S[1]		М
BandRich	Bandlux	e C120		М
BandRich	Bandlux	e C170		М
BandRich	Bandlux	e C331		М
BigPond	BigPond Card	Next G Wireless Broa	dband USB Mobile	М
BigPond	BigPond	Next G Wireless Broa	dband USB Modem	М
C-motech	C-moted	:h CNU-680		Υ
C-motech	C-moted	h D-50		М
DETrade	DET-US3	3G5		М
D-Link	DWM15	2		М

# 4.16 System Maintenance

For the system setup, there are several items that you have to know the way of configuration: System Status, HTTPS Encryption Setup, TR-069, Administrator Password, User Password, Login Page Greeting, Configuration Backup, Syslog/Mail Alert, Time and Date, SNMP, Management, Reboot System, Firmware Upgrade and Activation.

Below shows the menu items for System Maintenance.



# 4.16.1 System Status

The **System Status** provides basic network settings of Vigor router. It includes LAN and WAN interface information. Also, you could get the current running firmware version or firmware related information from this presentation.

## **System Status**

Model Name : Vigor2920Vn Firmware Version : 3.6.8.5

Build Date/Time : Apr 22 2016 15:23:32

		LAN			
	MAC Address	IP Address	Subnet Mask	DHCP Server	DNS
LAN1	00-50-7F-CD-07-48	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN2	00-50-7F-CD-07-48	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN3	00-50-7F-CD-07-48	192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
LAN4	00-50-7F-CD-07-48	192.168.4.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8
IP Routed Subnet	00-50-7F-CD-07-48	192.168.0.1	255.255.255.0	ON	8.8.8.8

Wireless LAN					
MAC Address 00-50-7F-CD-07-48	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

WAN					
Link Status	MAC Address	Connection	IP Address	Default Gateway	
WAN1 Disconnected	00-50-7F-CD-07-49				
WAN2 Disconnected	00-50-7F-CD-07-4A				
WAN3 Disconnected	00-50-7F-CD-07-4B	USB			

		IPv6		
	Address	Scope	Internet Access Mode	
LAN	FE80::250:7FFF:FECD:748/64	Link		

		VoIP		
Port	Profile	Reg.	In/Out	
Phone1		No	0/0	
Phone2		No	0/0	

# Each item is explained as follows:

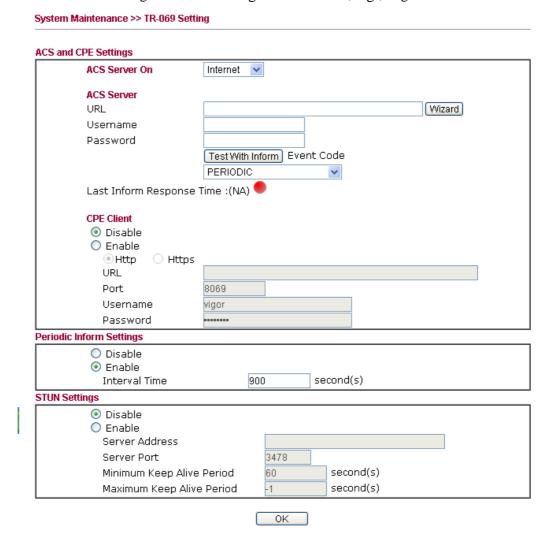
Item	Description
Model Name	Display the model name of the router.
Firmware Version	Display the firmware version of the router.
<b>Build Date/Time</b>	Display the date and time of the current firmware build.
LAN	MAC Address
	- Display the MAC address of the LAN Interface.
	IP Address
	- Display the IP address of the LAN interface.
	Subnet Mask
	- Display the subnet mask address of the LAN interface.
	DHCP Server
	- Display the current status of DHCP server of the LAN interface
	DNS
	- Display the assigned IP address of the primary DNS.
Wireless LAN	MAC Address
	- Display the MAC address of the wireless LAN.



Item	Description
	Frequency Domain
	- It can be Europe (13 usable channels), USA (11 usable channels) etc. The available channels supported by the wireless products in different countries are various.
	Firmware Version
	- It indicates information about equipped WLAN miniPCi card. This also helps to provide availability of some features that are bound with some WLAN miniPCi.
	SSID - Display the SSID of the router.
WAN	Link Status
	- Display current connection status.
	MAC Address
	- Display the MAC address of the WAN Interface.
	Connection
	- Display the connection type.
	IP Address
	- Display the IP address of the WAN interface.
	<b>Default Gateway</b>
	- Display the assigned IP address of the default gateway.
IPv6	Address - Display the IPv6 address for LAN.
	<b>Scope -</b> Display the scope of IPv6 address. For example, IPv6 <b>Link Local</b> could only be used for direct IPv6 link. It can't be used for IPv6 internet.
	<b>Internet Access Mode</b> – Display the connection mode chosen for accessing into Internet.
VoIP	Profile
	- Display the VoIP profile for the phone port.
	In/Out
	- Display the number of incoming /outgoing phone call.

# 4.16.2 TR-069

This device supports TR-069 standard. It is very convenient for an administrator to manage a TR-069 device through an Auto Configuration Server, e.g., VigorACS.



Available parameters are explained as follows:

Item	Description
ACS Server On	Choose the interface for the router connecting to ACS server.
ACS Server	URL/Username/Password – Such data must be typed according to the ACS (Auto Configuration Server) you want to link. Please refer to Auto Configuration Server user's manual for detailed information.
	<b>Test With Inform</b> – Click it to send a message based on the event code selection to test if such CPE is able to communicate with VigorACS SI server.
	<b>Event Cod</b> e – Use the drop down menu to specify an event to perform the test.
	Last Inform Response Time – Display the time that VigorACS server made a response while receiving Inform message from CPE last time.



Item	Description
CPE Client	Such information is useful for Auto Configuration Server.  Enable/Disable – Allow/Deny the CPE Client to connect with Auto Configuration Server.
	<b>Port</b> – Sometimes, port conflict might be occurred. To solve such problem, you might change port number for CPE.
	<b>Username and Password</b> – Type the username and password that VigorACS can use to access into such CPE.
Periodic Inform Settings	The default setting is <b>Enable</b> . Please set interval time or schedule time for the router to send notification to CPE. Or click <b>Disable</b> to close the mechanism of notification.
STUN Settings	The default is <b>Disable</b> . If you click <b>Enable</b> , please type the relational settings listed below:
	<b>Server IP</b> – Type the IP address of the STUN server.
	<b>Server Port</b> – Type the port number of the STUN server.
	Minimum Keep Alive Period – If STUN is enabled, the CPE must send binding request to the server for the purpose of maintaining the binding in the Gateway. Please type a number as the minimum period. The default setting is "60 seconds".
	Maximum Keep Alive Period – If STUN is enabled, the CPE
	must send binding request to the server for the purpose of maintaining the binding in the Gateway. Please type a number
	as the maximum period. A value of "-1" indicates that no maximum period is specified.

## 4.16.3 Administrator Password

This page allows you to set new password.

System Maintenance >> Admin Setting Administrator Password Old Password (Max. 23 characters allowed) New Password (Max. 23 characters allowed) Confirm Password Note:Password can contain only a-z A-Z 0-9 , ; : . " < > \* + = \ | ? @ #  $^{$ ! ( ) Administrator Local User Local User Local User List Index User Name Specific User User Name: Password: Confirm Password: Add Edit Delete Enable 'Admin' Login From Wan Administrator LDAP Setting Enable LDAP/AD login for Admin users ✓ Enable 'Admin' Login From Wan

Note: Please select 'Admin' from group select box on login UI.

OK

Available parameters are explained as follows:

LDAP Server Profiles LDAP Profile Setup

Item	Description
Administrator Password	<b>Old Password</b> - Type in the old password. The factory default setting for password is "admin".
	<b>New Password</b> -Type in new password in this field. The length of the password is limited to 23 characters.
	Confirm Password -Type in the new password again.
Administrator Local User	The administrator can login web user interface of Vigor router to modify all of the settings to fit the requirements. This feature allows other user in LAN who can access into the web user interface with the same privilege of the administrator.
	<b>Local User</b> – Check the box to enable the local user configuration.
	<b>Local User List</b> – It displays the username of the local user.
	<b>User Name</b> – Give a user name for the local user.
	<b>Password</b> – Type the password for the local user.



Item	Description
	<b>Confirm Password</b> – Type the password again for confirmation.
	<b>Enable Admin Login From Wan</b> – The default setting is enabled. It can ensure any user accessing into web user interface of Vigor router through <b>Internet</b> by username/password of "admin/admin".
	Add – After typing the user name and password above, simply click it to create a new local user. The new one will be shown on the Local User List immediately.
	<b>Edit</b> – If the username listed on the box above is not satisfied, simply click the username and modify it on the field of User Name. Later, click <b>Edit</b> to update the information.
	<b>Delete</b> – If the local user listed on the box above is not satisfied, simply click the username and click <b>Delete</b> to remove it.
Administrator LDAP Setting	Enable LDAP/AD login for Admin users – If it is enabled, any user can access into the web user interface of Vigor router through the LDAP server authentication.
	<b>LDAP Server Profiles</b> – Available profiles will be displayed here under the link of LDAP Profile Setup.
	<b>LDAP Profile Setup</b> – It allows you to create a new LDAP profile.

When you click  $\mathbf{OK}$ , the login window will appear. Please use the new password to access into the web user interface again.

## 4.16.4 User Password

Sometimes, you may want to access into User Mode to configure the web settings for some reason. Vigor router allows you to set new user password to login into the WUI to fit your request. Simply open **System Maintenance>>User Password**.



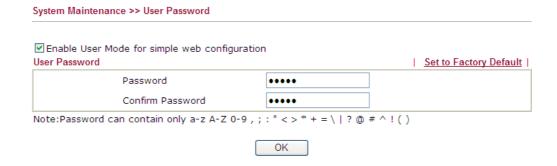
Available parameters are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable User Mode for simple web configuration	Check this box to enable user mode operation. If you do not check this box, you cannot access into the user mode operation even if you enter user password in login page.
Password	Type in new password in this field.
Confirm Password	Type in the new password again.

When you click  $\mathbf{OK}$ , the login window will appear. Please use the new password to access into the web user interface again.

Below shows an example for accessing into User Operation with User Password.

- 1. Open System Maintenance>>User Password.
- 2. Check the box of **Enable User Mode for simple web configuration** to enable user mode operation. Type a new password in the field of New Password and click **OK**.





3. The following screen will appear. Simply click  $\mathbf{OK}$ .



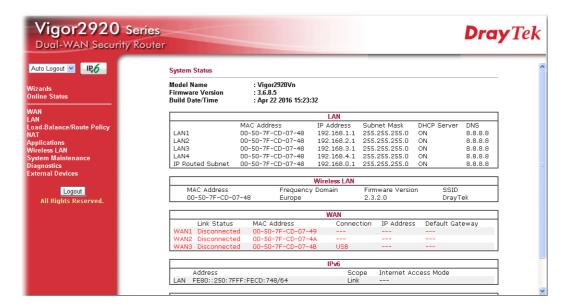
4. Log out Vigor router Web user interface.



5. The following window will be open to ask for username and password. Type the new user password in the filed of **Password** and click **Login**.



6. The main screen with User Mode will be shown as follows.



Settings to be configured in User Mode will be less than settings in Admin Mode. Only basic configuration settings will be available in User Mode.

Setting in User Mode can be configured as same as in Admin Mode.

# 4.16.5 Login Page Greeting

When you want to access into the web user interface of Vigor router, the system will ask you to offer username and password first. At that moment, the background of the web page is blank and no heading will be displayed on the Login window. This page allows you to specify background message and the heading on the Login window if you have such requirement.

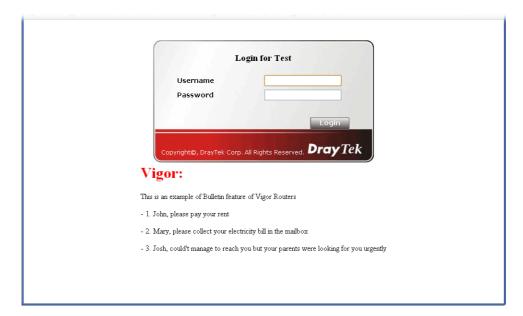




Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Enable	Check this box to enable the login customization function.
<b>Login Page Title</b>	Type a brief description (e.g., Welcome to DrayTek) which will be shown on the heading of the login dialog.
Welcome Message and Bulletin	Type words or sentences here. It will be displayed for bulletin message. In addition, it can be displayed on the login dialog at the bottom.  Note that do not type URL redirect link here.
Preview	Click it to display the preview of the login window based on the settings on this web page.
Set to Factory Default	Click to return to the factory default setting.

Below shows an example of login customization with the information typed in Login Description and Bulletin.

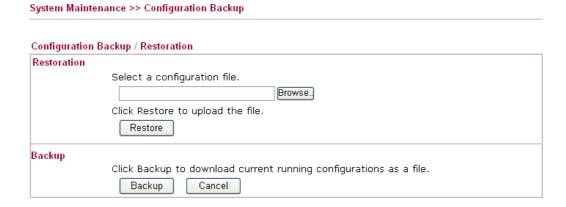


# 4.16.6 Configuration Backup

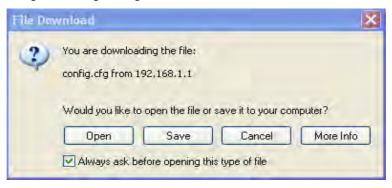
# **Backup the Configuration**

Follow the steps below to backup your configuration.

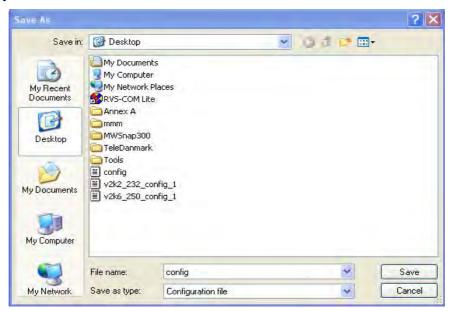
1. Go to **System Maintenance** >> **Configuration Backup**. The following windows will be popped-up, as shown below.



2. Click **Backup** button to get into the following dialog. Click **Save** button to open another dialog for saving configuration as a file.



3. In **Save As** dialog, the default filename is **config.cfg**. You could give it another name by yourself.



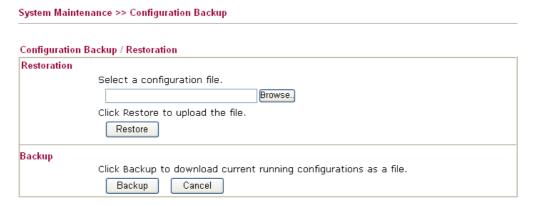
4. Click **Save** button, the configuration will download automatically to your computer as a file named **config.cfg**.

The above example is using **Windows** platform for demonstrating examples. The **Mac** or **Linux** platform will appear different windows, but the backup function is still available.

**Note:** Backup for Certification must be done independently. The Configuration Backup does not include information of Certificate.

# **Restore Configuration**

1. Go to **System Maintenance** >> **Configuration Backup**. The following windows will be popped-up, as shown below.



- 2. Click **Browse** button to choose the correct configuration file for uploading to the router.
- 3. Click **Restore** button and wait for few seconds, the following picture will tell you that the restoration procedure is successful.

# 4.16.7 Syslog/Mail Alert

SysLog function is provided for users to monitor router. There is no bother to directly get into the Web user interface of the router or borrow debug equipments.

System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert Setup SysLog / Mail Alert Setup SysLog Access Setup Mail Alert Setup Enable Enable Send a test e-mail Syslog Save to: SMTP Server ✓ Syslog Server SMTP Port USB Disk Mail To Router Name Return-Path Server IP Address Use SSL Destination Port Authentication Mail Syslog Enable Username Enable syslog message: Password Firewall Log Enable E-Mail Alert: ✓ VPN Log ✓ DoS Attack ✓ User Access Log ✓ IM-P2P ✓ Call Log ✓ VPN LOG WAN Log Router/DSL information AlertLog Setup Enable AlertLog Port 514

Note: 1. Mail Syslog cannot be activated unless USB Disk is ticked for "Syslog Save to".

- 2. Mail Syslog feature sends a Syslog file when its size reaches 1M Bytes.
- 3. We only support secured SMTP connection on port 465.



Available parameters are explained as follows:

Item	Description
SysLog Access Setup	Enable - Check Enable to activate function of syslog.
	Syslog Save to – Check Syslog Server to save the log to Syslog server.
	Check <b>USB Disk</b> to save the log to the attached USB storage disk.
Router Name	Display the name for such router configured in <b>System Maintenance&gt;&gt;Management.</b>
	If there is no name here, simply lick the link to access into <b>System Maintenance&gt;&gt;Management</b> to set the router name.
	Server IP Address -The IP address of the Syslog server.
	<b>Destination Port -</b> Assign a port for the Syslog protocol.
	Mail Syslog – Check the box to recode the mail event on Syslog.
	Enable syslog message - Check the box listed on this web page to send the corresponding message of firewall, VPN, User Access, Call, WAN, Router/DSL information to Syslog.

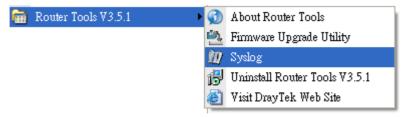


AlertLog Setup	Check "Enable" to activate function of alert log.
	<b>AlertLog Port</b> - Type the port number for alert log. The default setting is 514.
Mail Alert Setup	Check "Enable" to activate function of mail alert.
	Send a test e-mail - Make a simple test for the e-mail address specified in this page. Please assign the mail address first and click this button to execute a test for verify the mail address is available or not.
	SMTP Server - The IP address of the SMTP server.
	Mail To - Assign a mail address for sending mails out.
	<b>Return-Path</b> - Assign a path for receiving the mail from outside.
	<b>Authentication -</b> Check this box to activate this function while using e-mail application.
	<b>User Name -</b> Type the user name for authentication.
	<b>Password -</b> Type the password for authentication.
	<b>Enable E-mail Alert -</b> Check the box to send alert message to the e-mail box while the router detecting the item(s) you specify here.

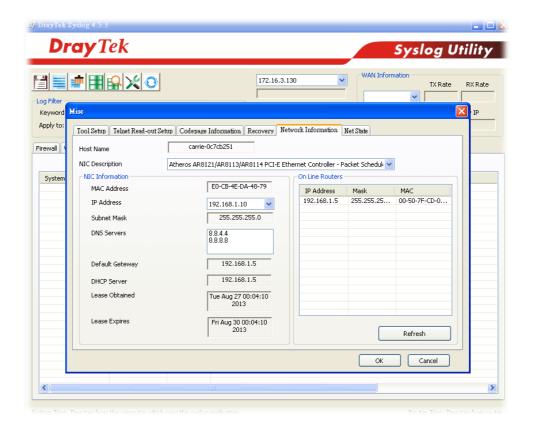
Click **OK** to save these settings.

For viewing the Syslog, please do the following:

- 1. Just set your monitor PC's IP address in the field of Server IP Address
- 2. Install the Router Tools in the **Utility** within provided CD. After installation, click on the **Router Tools>>Syslog** from program menu.



3. From the Syslog screen, select the router you want to monitor. Be reminded that in **Network Information**, select the network adapter used to connect to the router. Otherwise, you won't succeed in retrieving information from the router.



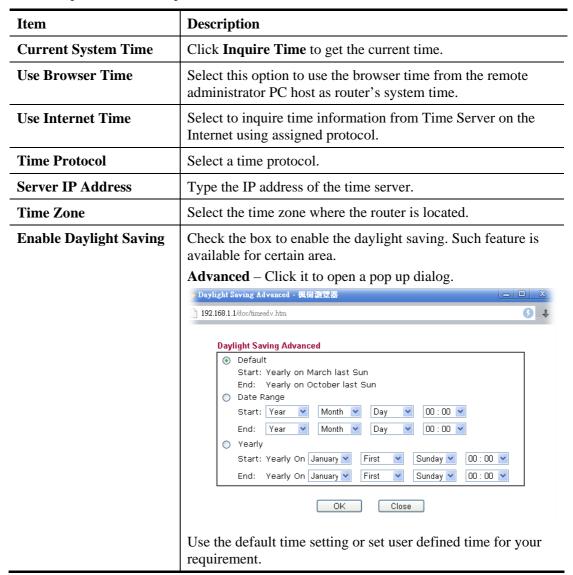


## 4.16.8 Time and Date

It allows you to specify where the time of the router should be inquired from.

## System Maintenance >> Time and Date **Time Information** Inquire Time Current System Time 2000 Jan 1 Sat 2:54:20 **Time Setup** Use Browser Time Use Internet Time Time Server pool.ntp.org Priority Auto (GMT) Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin Time Zone **Enable Daylight Saving** Advanced Automatically Update Interval 30 min 💌 ΟK Cancel

Available parameters are explained as follows:



Item	Description
Automatically Update Interval	Select a time interval for updating from the NTP server.

Click **OK** to save these settings.

System Maintenance >> SNMP

# 4.16.9 SNMP

This page allows you to configure settings for SNMP and SNMPV3 services.

The SNMPv3 is **more secure than** SNMP through the encryption method (support AES and DES) and authentication method (support MD5 and SHA) for the management needs.

# SNMP Setup ☑ Enable SNMP Agent public Get Community Set Community private Manager Host IP(IPv4) Index Subnet Mask 1 2 3 / Prefix IPv6 Address Manager Host IP(IPv6) Index Length /0 1 /0 2 /0 Trap Community public Notification Host IP(IPv4) Index 1 Notification Host IP(IPv6) Index IPv6 Address 10 Trap Timeout Enable SNMPV3 Agent USM User No Auth Auth Algorithm Auth Password No Priv 💌 Privacy Algorithm Privacy Password ΟK Cancel



Item	Description
<b>Enable SNMP Agent</b>	Check it to enable this function.
<b>Get Community</b>	Set the name for getting community by typing a proper character. The default setting is <b>public.</b>
Set Community	Set community by typing a proper name. The default setting is <b>private.</b>
Manager Host IP (IPv4)	Set one host as the manager to execute SNMP function. Please type in IPv4 address to specify certain host.
Manager Host IP (IPv6)	Set one host as the manager to execute SNMP function. Please type in IPv6 address to specify certain host.
Trap Community	Set trap community by typing a proper name. The default setting is <b>public.</b>
Notification Host IP (IPv4)	Set the IPv4 address of the host that will receive the trap community.
Notification Host IP (IPv6)	Set the IPv6 address of the host that will receive the trap community.
Trap Timeout	The default setting is 10 seconds.
<b>Enable SNMPV3 Agent</b>	Check it to enable this function.
USM User	USM means user-based security mode.  Type a username which will be used for authentication.
Auth Algorithm	Choose one of the encryption methods listed below as the authentication algorithm.  No Auth  No Auth  MD5  SHA
Auth Password	Type a password for authentication.
Privacy Algorithm	Choose one of the methods listed below as the privacy algorithm.  No Priv  No Priv  DES  AES
Privacy Password	Type a password for privacy.

Click **OK** to save these settings.

# 4.16.10 Management

This page allows you to manage the settings for Internet Access Control, Access List from the Internet, Management Port Setup, and External Device Control.

The management pages for IPv4 and IPv6 protocols are different.

# For IPv4

System Maintenance >> Management

IPv4 Management Setup	- 1	Pv6 Management Setup		
Router Name		Management Port Setup	)	
	-	<ul><li>User Define Ports</li></ul>	O Def	ault Ports
Default:Disable Auto-Logout		Telnet Port	23	(Default: 23)
Internet Access Control		HTTP Port	80	(Default: 80)
Allow management from the Internet		HTTPS Port	443	(Default: 443)
Domain name allowed		FTP Port	21	(Default: 21)
FTP Server		TR069 Port	8069	(Default: 8069)
HTTP Server		SSH Port	22	(Default: 22)
✓ HTTPS Server				
✓ Telnet Server		TLS/SSL Encryption Set	up	
✓ TR069 Server		Enable SSL 3.0		
SSH Server		External Device Control		
☑ Disable PING from the Internet		✓ No respond to Ext	ernal Dev	rice
LAN Access Control				
✓ Allow management from LAN ✓ FTP Server				
✓ FIP Server  ✓ HTTP Server				
HTTPS Server				
✓ Telnet Server				
SSH Server				
Apply To Subnet				
✓ LAN2 ✓ LAN3 ✓ LAN4				
☑ IP Routed Subnet				
Access List from the Internet List IP Subnet Mask				
1 Subnet Mask	~			
2	**			
3	~	I		

Note: Subnet LAN1 is always allowed to access all the router services regardless of "LAN Access Control" settings.

OK

Available parameters are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Router Name	Type in the router name provided by ISP.
Default: Disable Auto-Logout	The web user interface will not log out if it is enabled.
Internet Access Control	Allow management from the Internet - Enable the checkbox to allow system administrators to login from the Internet. There are several servers provided by the system to allow you managing the router from Internet. Check the box(es) to specify.  Disable PING from the Internet - Check the checkbox to



Item	Description
	reject all PING packets from the Internet. For security issue, this function is enabled by default.
LAN Access Control	Allow management from LAN - Enable the checkbox to allow system administrators to access from LAN. There are several servers provided by the system to allow you managing the router from Internet. Check the box(es) to specify.  Apply To – Choose the subnet(s) for the administrator to
	access.
Access List from the Internet	You could specify that the system administrator can only login from a specific host or network defined in the list. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks is allowed.
	List IP - Indicate an IP address allowed to login to the router.  Subnet Mask - Represent a subnet mask allowed to login to the router.
<b>Management Port Setup</b>	<b>User Defined Ports -</b> Check to specify user-defined port numbers for the Telnet, HTTP and FTP servers.
	<b>Default Ports -</b> Check to use standard port numbers for the Telnet and HTTP servers.
TLS/SSL Encryption Setup	Enable SSL 3.0/1.0/1.1/1.2 – Check the box to enable the function of SSL 3.0/1.0/1.1/1.2 if required.
	Due to security consideration, the built-in HTTPS and SSL VPN server of the router had upgraded to TLS1.x protocol. If you are using old browser(eg. IE6.0) or old SmartVPN Client, you may still need to enable SSL 3.0 to make sure you can connect, however, it's not recommended.
<b>External Device Control</b>	No respond to External Device – Check the box to make Vigor2920 not being detected by other router and not being displayed as an external device.

# For IPv6

System Maintenance >> Management

IF.	√4 Management Setup	IP∨6 Management Setup	
Mana	ngement Access Control		
Allo	w management from the Intern	net	
	Telnet Server ( Port : 23)		
	HTTP Server ( Port : 80)		
	Enable PING from the Internet		
Acce List	ss List IPv6 Address / Prefix Length		
1.		/ 128	
1. 2.		/ 128	





Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Management Access Control	Enable the checkbox to allow system administrators to login from the Internet. There are several servers provided by the system to allow you managing the router from Internet. Check the box(es) to specify.
	<b>Enable PING from the Internet</b> - Check the checkbox to enable all PING packets from the Internet. For security issue, this function is disabled by default.
Access List	You could specify that the system administrator can only login from a specific host or network defined in the list. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks is allowed.
	IPv6 Address /Prefix Length- Indicate the IP address(es) allowed to login to the router.



### 4.16.11 Reboot System

The Web user interface may be used to restart your router. Click **Reboot System** from **System Maintenance** to open the following page.

System Maintenance >> Reboot System	
Reboot System	
Do you want to reboot your router ?	
Using current configuration	
Using factory default configuration	
Reboot Now  Auto Reboot Time Schedule	
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:,,,,, Note: Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.	
OK Cancel	

**Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup -** You can type in four sets of time schedule for performing system reboot. All the schedules can be set previously in **Applications** >> **Schedule** web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

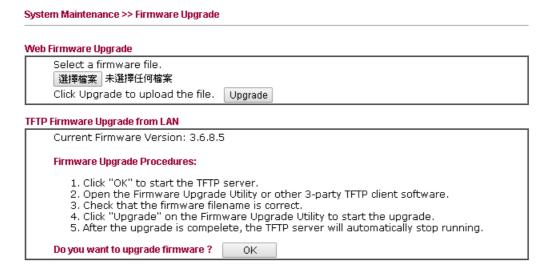
If you want to reboot the router using the current configuration, check **Using current configuration** and click **Reboot Now**. To reset the router settings to default values, check **Using factory default configuration** and click **Reboot Now**. The router will take several seconds to reboot the system.

**Note:** When the system pops up Reboot System web page after you configure web settings, please click **Reboot Now** to reboot your router for ensuring normal operation and preventing unexpected errors of the router in the future.

### 4.16.12 Firmware Upgrade

You have to visit DrayTek website periodically to check if there is any new released firmware offered for your Vigor router to have newest features. If yes, download the file into your computer first.

Next, access into web interface of this router and open **System Maintenance>> Firmware Upgrade**. In the following web page, click Browse.. to locate file downloaded from DrayTek web site. Then, click the Upgrade button to perform the firmware upgrade operation.





### 4.16.13 Activation

There are three ways to activate WCF on Vigor router, using **Service Activation Wizard**, by means of **CSM>>Web Content Filter Profile** or via **System Maintenance>>Activation**.

After you have finished the setting profiles for WCF (refer to **Web Content Filter Profile**), it is the time to activate the mechanism for your computer.

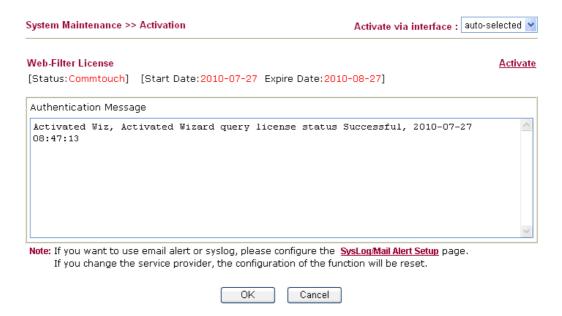
Click **System Maintenance>>Activation** to open the following page for accessing http://myvigor.draytek.com.

System Maintenance >> Activation	Activate via interface : auto-selected 💌
Web-Filter License [Status:Not Activated]	<u>Activate</u>
Authentication Message	
Note: If you want to use email alert or syslog, please	
If you change the service provider, the configura	Cancel

Available parameters are explained as follows:

Item	Description	
Activate via Interface	Choose WAN interface used by such device for activating Web Content Filter.	
	Activate via interface : auto-selected wan 1 WAN 1 WAN 2 WAN 3	
Activate	The <b>Activate</b> link brings you accessing into www.vigorpro.com to finish the activation of the account and the router.	
Authentication Message	As for authentication information of <b>web filter</b> , the process of authenticating will be displayed on this field for your reference.	

Below shows the successful activation of Web Content Filter:



### 4.17 Diagnostics

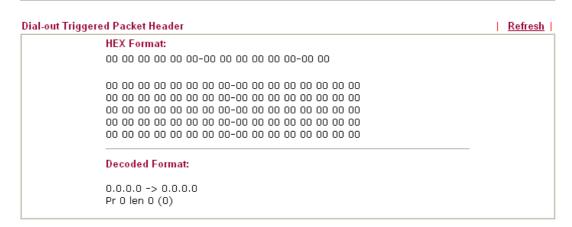
Diagnostic Tools provide a useful way to **view** or **diagnose** the status of your Vigor router. Below shows the menu items for Diagnostics.



### 4.17.1 Dial-out Triggering

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Dial-out Triggering** to open the web page. The internet connection (e.g., PPPoE) is triggered by a package sending from the source IP address.

### Diagnostics >> Dial-out Triggering

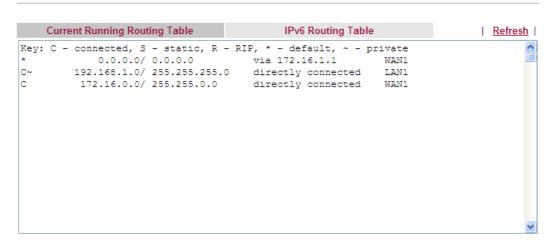


Item	Description
<b>Decoded Format</b>	It shows the source IP address (local), destination IP (remote) address, the protocol and length of the package.
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

### 4.17.2 Routing Table

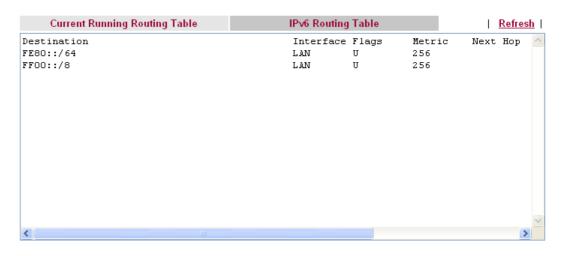
Click **Diagnostics** and click **Routing Table** to open the web page.

### Diagnostics >> View Routing Table



or

### Diagnostics >> View Routing Table

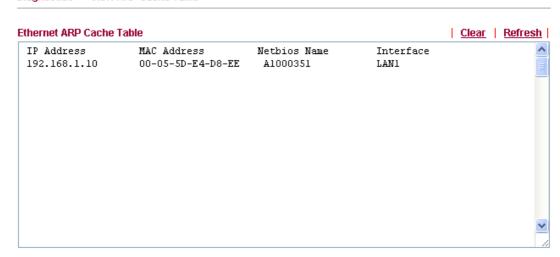


Item	Description
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

### 4.17.3 ARP Cache Table

Click **Diagnostics** and click **ARP Cache Table** to view the content of the ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) cache held in the router. The table shows a mapping between an Ethernet hardware address (MAC Address) and an IP address.

### Diagnostics >> View ARP Cache Table

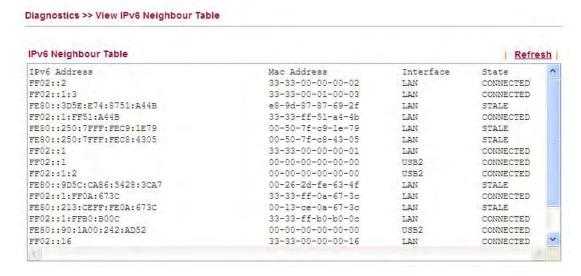


Each item is explained as follows:

Item	Description
Clear	Click it to clear the whole table.
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

### 4.17.4 IPv6 Neighbour Table

The table shows a mapping between an Ethernet hardware address (MAC Address) and an IPv6 address. This information is helpful in diagnosing network problems, such as IP address conflicts, etc. Click **Diagnostics** and click **IPv6 Neighbour Table** to open the web page.



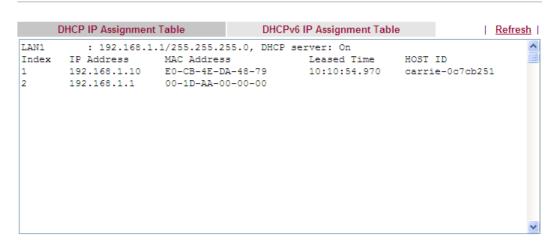
Item	Description
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

### 4.17.5 DHCP Table

The facility provides information on IP address assignments. This information is helpful in diagnosing network problems, such as IP address conflicts, etc.

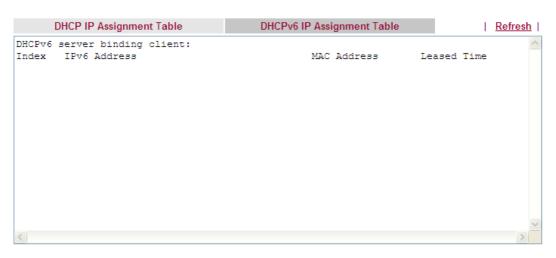
Click **Diagnostics** and click **DHCP Table** to open the web page.

Diagnostics >> View DHCP Assigned IP Addresses



or

### Diagnostics >> View DHCP Assigned IP Addresses



Available settings are explained as follows:

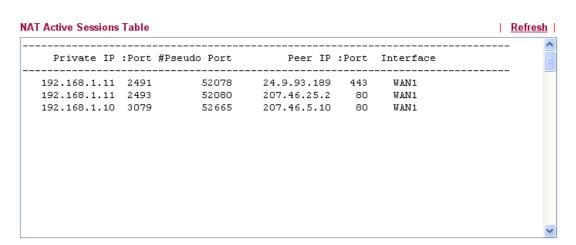
Item	Description
Index	It displays the connection item number.
IP Address	It displays the IP address assigned by this router for specified PC.
MAC Address	It displays the MAC address for the specified PC that DHCP assigned IP address for it.
Leased Time	It displays the leased time of the specified PC.
HOST ID	It displays the host ID name of the specified PC.
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.



### 4.17.6 NAT Sessions Table

Click **Diagnostics** and click **NAT Sessions Table** to open the list page.

Diagnostics >> NAT Sessions Table



Item	Description
Private IP:Port	It indicates the source IP address and port of local PC.
#Pseudo Port	It indicates the temporary port of the router used for NAT.
Peer IP:Port	It indicates the destination IP address and port of remote host.
Interface	It displays the representing number for different interface.
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.

### 4.17.7 DNS Cache Table

Click **Diagnostics** and click **DNS** Cache Table to open the web page.

The record of domain Name and the mapping IP address for answering the DNS query from LAN will be stored on Vigor router's Cache temporarily and displayed on **Diagnostics** >> **DNS Cache Table**.

### Diagnostics >> DNS Cache Table



Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Clear	Click this link to remove the result on the window.
Refresh	Click it to reload the page.
When an entry's TTL is larger than	Check the box the type the value of TTL (time to live) for each entry. Click <b>OK</b> to enable such function.
	It means when the TTL value of each DNS query reaches the threshold of the value specified here, the corresponding record will be deleted from router's Cache automatically.

### 4.17.8 Data Flow Monitor

This page displays the running procedure for the IP address monitored and refreshes the data in an interval of several seconds. The IP address listed here is configured in Bandwidth Management. You have to enable IP bandwidth limit and IP session limit before invoke Data Flow Monitor. If not, a notification dialog box will appear to remind you enabling it.

## Enable ○ Disable Default Max Sessions: 100 Limitation List Index Start IP End IP

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Data Flow Monitor** to open the web page. You can click **IP Address**, **TX rate**, **RX rate** or **Session** link for arranging the data display.



- Note: 1. Click "Block" to prevent specified PC from surfing Internet for 5 minutes.
  - 2. The IP blocked by the router will be shown in red, and the session column will display the remaining time that the specified IP will be blocked.
  - 3. (Kbps): shared bandwidth +: residual bandwidth used Current/Peak are average.

Each item is explained as follows:

Diagnostics >> Data Flow Monitor

Item	Description
Enable Data Flow Monitor	Check this box to enable this function.
Refresh Seconds	Use the drop down list to choose the time interval of refreshing data flow that will be done by the system automatically.



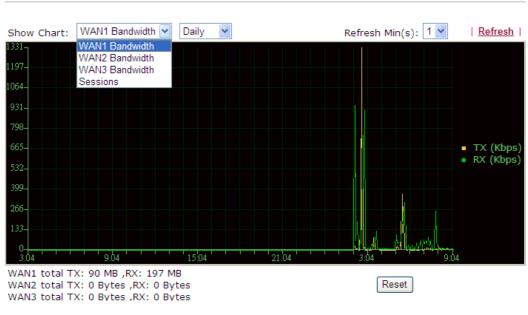
Item	Description
	Refresh Seconds: 10 V 10 15 30
Refresh	Click this link to refresh this page manually.
Index	Display the number of the data flow.
IP Address	Display the IP address of the monitored device.
TX rate (kbps)	Display the transmission speed of the monitored device.
RX rate (kbps)	Display the receiving speed of the monitored device.
Sessions	Display the session number that you specified in Limit Session web page.
Action	Block - can prevent specified PC accessing into Internet within 5 minutes.  Page: 1
Current /Peak/Speed	Current means current transmission rate and receiving rate for WAN interface.  Peak means the highest peak value detected by the router in data transmission.  Speed means line speed specified in WAN>>General Setup. If you do not specify any rate at that page, here will display Auto for instead.



### 4.17.9 Traffic Graph

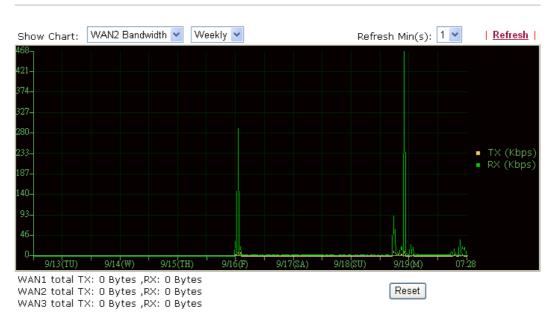
Click **Diagnostics** and click **Traffic Graph** to pen the web page. Choose WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 Bandwidth, Sessions, daily or weekly for viewing different traffic graph. Click **Refresh** to renew the graph at any time.

Diagnostics >> Traffic Graph



or

### Diagnostics >> Traffic Graph



The horizontal axis represents time. Yet the vertical axis has different meanings. For WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 Bandwidth chart, the numbers displayed on vertical axis represent the numbers of the transmitted and received packets in the past.

For Sessions chart, the numbers displayed on vertical axis represent the numbers of the NAT sessions during the past.

### 4.17.10 Ping Diagnosis

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Ping Diagnosis** to pen the web page.

### Diagnostics >> Ping Diagnosis

# Ping Diagnosis O IPV4 O IPV6 Note: If you want to ping a LAN PC or you don't want to specify which WAN to ping through, please select "Unspecified". Ping through: Unspecified Ping to: Host / IP DINS Result Gateway 1 Gateway 2 Gateway 3

or

### Diagnostics >> Ping Diagnosis

## Ping Diagnosis O IPV4 PV6 Ping IPv6 Address: Run Result I Clear

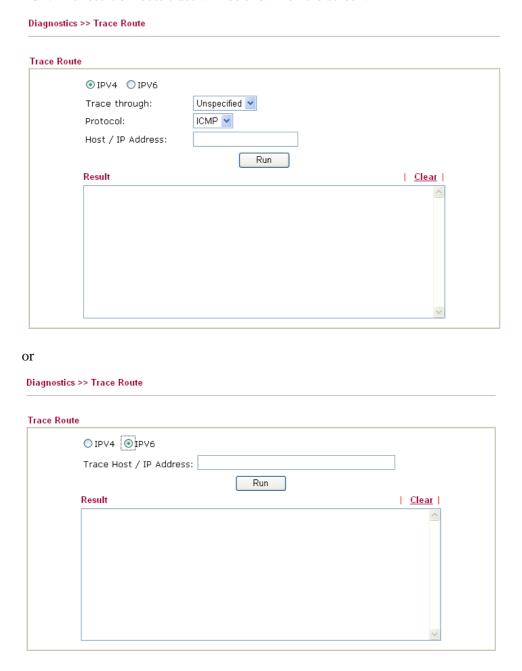
Item	Description
IPV4/IPV6	Choose the protocol for such function.
Ping through	Use the drop down list to choose the WAN interface that you want to ping through or choose <b>Unspecified</b> to be determined by the router automatically.



Ping to	Use the drop down list to choose the destination that you want to ping.
IP Address	Type in the IP address of the Host/IP that you want to ping.
Ping IPv6 Address	Type the IPv6 address that you want to ping.
Run	Click this button to start the ping work. The result will be displayed on the screen.
Clear	Click this link to remove the result on the window.

### 4.17.11 Trace Route

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Trace Route** to open the web page. This page allows you to trace the routes from router to the host. Simply type the IP address of the host in the box and click **Run**. The result of route trace will be shown on the screen.



Each item is explained as follows:

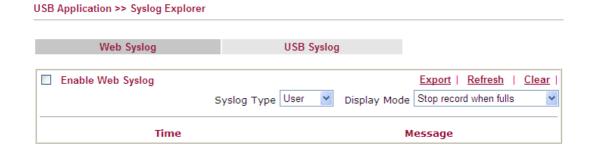
Item	Description
IPv4 / IPv6	Choose the protocol for such function.
Trace through	Use the drop down list to choose the interface that you want to ping through.
Protocol	Use the drop down list to choose the protocol that you want to ping through.
Host/IP Address	It indicates the IPv4 address of the host if IPv4 protocol is selected.
Trace Host/IP Address	It indicates the IPv6 address of the host if IPv6 protocol is selected.
Run	Click this button to start route tracing work.
Clear	Click this link to remove the result on the window.

### 4.17.12 Syslog Explorer

Such page provides real-time syslog and displays the information on the screen.

### For Web Syslog

This page displays the time and message for User/Firewall/call/WAN/VPN settings. You can check **Enable Web Syslog**, specify the type of Syslog and choose the display mode you want. Later, the event of Syslog with specified type will be shown for your reference.



Available parameters are explained as follows:

Item	Description
<b>Enable Web Syslog</b>	Check this box to enable the function of Web Syslog.
Syslog Type	Use the drop down list to specify a type of Syslog to be displayed.  User  Firewall  Call  WAN  VPN  All



Item	Description
Display Mode	There are two modes for you to choose.
	Stop record when fulls
	Stop record when fulls Always record the new event
	<b>Stop record when fulls</b> – when the capacity of syslog is full, the system will stop recording.
	<b>Always record the new event</b> – only the newest events will be recorded by the system.
Time	Display the time of the event occurred.
Message	Display the information for each event.

### For USB Syslog

This page displays the syslog recorded on the USB storage disk.

### USB Application >> Syslog Explorer



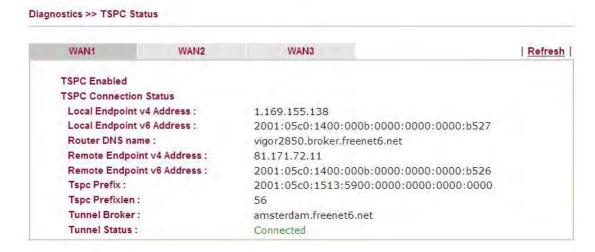
Available parameters are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Time	Display the time of the event occurred.
Log Type	Display the type of the record.
Message	Display the information for each event.

### 4.17.13 TSPC Status

IPv6 TSPC status web page could help you to diagnose the connection status of TSPC.

If TSPC has configured properly, the router will display the following page when the user connects to tunnel broker successfully.



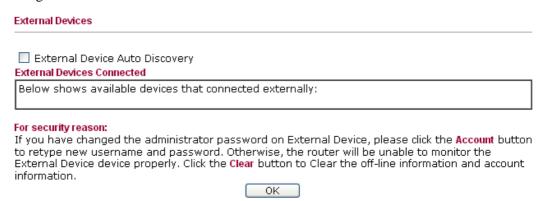
Available settings are explained as follows:

Item	Description
Refresh	Click this link to refresh this page manually.



### 4.18 External Devices

Vigor router can be used to connect with many types of external devices. In order to control or manage the external devices conveniently, open **External Devices** to make detailed configuration.



From this web page, check the box of **External Device Auto Discovery**. Later, all the available devices will be displayed in this page with icons and corresponding information. You can change the device name if required or remove the information for off-line device whenever you want.

When you finished the configuration, click **OK** to save it.

Note: Only DrayTek products can be detected by this function.



### **Trouble Shooting**

situations if you cannot access into the Internet after installing the router and finishing the web configuration. Please follow sections below to check your basic installation status stage by stage.

- Checking if the hardware status is OK or not.
- Checking if the network connection settings on your computer are OK or not.
- Pinging the router from your computer.
- Checking if the ISP settings are OK or not.
- Backing to factory default setting if necessary.

If all above stages are done and the router still cannot run normally, it is the time for you to contact your dealer for advanced help.

### 5.1 Checking If the Hardware Status Is OK or Not

Follow the steps below to verify the hardware status.

- 1. Check the power line and WLAN/LAN cable connections. Refer to "1.3 Hardware Installation" for details.
- 2. Turn on the router. Make sure the **ACT LED** blink once per second and the correspondent **LAN LED** is bright.



3. If not, it means that there is something wrong with the hardware status. Simply back to "1.3 Hardware Installation" to execute the hardware installation again. And then, try again.

### 5.2 Checking If the Network Connection Settings on Your Computer Is OK or Not

Sometimes the link failure occurs due to the wrong network connection settings. After trying the above section, if the link is stilled failed, please do the steps listed below to make sure the network connection settings is OK.

### For Windows



The example is based on Windows 7 (Professional Edition). As to the examples for other operation systems, please refer to the similar steps or find support notes in **www.DrayTek.com**.

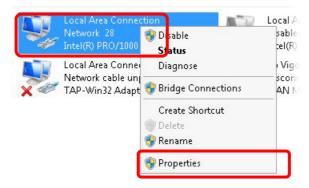
1. Open **All Programs>>Getting Started>>Control Panel.** Click **Network and Sharing Center.** 



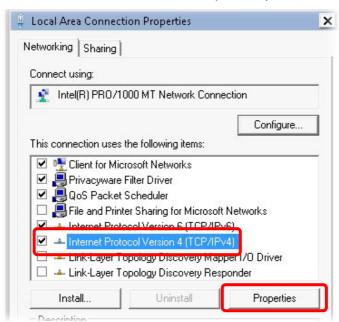
2. In the following window, click **Change adapter settings**.



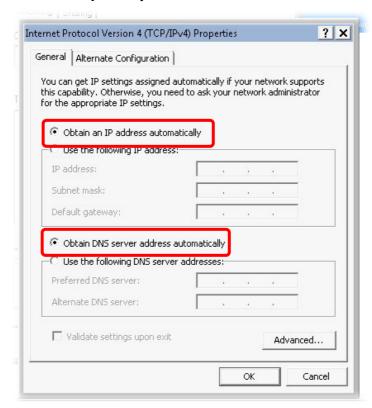
3. Icons of network connection will be shown on the window. Right-click on **Local Area Connection** and click on **Properties**.



4. Select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IP) and then click Properties.

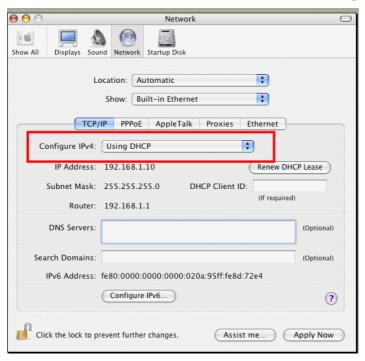


5. Select **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS server address automatically**. Finally, click **OK**.



### For Mac OS

- 1. Double click on the current used Mac OS on the desktop.
- 2. Open the **Application** folder and get into **Network**.
- 3. On the **Network** screen, select **Using DHCP** from the drop down list of Configure IPv4.



### **5.3 Pinging the Router from Your Computer**

The default gateway IP address of the router is 192.168.1.1. For some reason, you might need to use "ping" command to check the link status of the router. The most important thing is that the computer will receive a reply from 192.168.1.1. If not, please check the IP address of your computer. We suggest you setting the network connection as get IP automatically. (Please refer to the section 5.2)

Please follow the steps below to ping the router correctly.

### **For Windows**

- 1. Open the **Command** Prompt window (from **Start menu> Run**).
- 2. Type **command** (for Windows 95/98/ME) or **cmd** (for Windows NT/ 2000/XP/Vista). The DOS command dialog will appear.

```
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(G) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

D:\Documents and Settings\fae\ping 192.168.1.1

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time(1ms TIL=255

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

D:\Documents and Settings\fae\_
```

- 3. Type ping 192.168.1.1 and press [Enter]. If the link is OK, the line of "**Reply from 192.168.1.1:bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255**" will appear.
- 4. If the line does not appear, please check the IP address setting of your computer.

### For Mac OS (Terminal)

- 1. Double click on the current used Mac OS on the desktop.
- 2. Open the **Application** folder and get into **Utilities**.
- 3. Double click **Terminal**. The Terminal window will appear.
- 4. Type ping 192.168.1.1 and press [Enter]. If the link is OK, the line of "64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp\_seq=0 ttl=255 time=xxxx ms" will appear.

```
Last login: Sat Jan 3 02:24:18 on ttyp1

Welcome to Darwin!

Vigor10:~ draytek$ ping 192.168.1.1

PING 192.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1): 56 data bytes

64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=0 tt!=255 time=0.755 ms

64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=1 tt!=255 time=0.697 ms

64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=2 tt!=255 time=0.716 ms

64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=3 tt!=255 time=0.731 ms

64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=4 tt!=255 time=0.72 ms

^C

--- 192.168.1.1 ping statistics ---

5 packets transmitted, 5 packets received, 0% packet loss

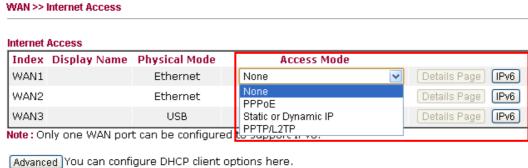
round-trip min/avg/max = 0.697/0.723/0.755 ms

Vigor10:~ draytek$

■
```

### 5.4 Checking If the ISP Settings are OK or Not

Open WAN >> Internet Access page and then check whether the ISP settings are set correctly. Click **Details Page** of WAN1/WAN2/WAN3 to review the settings that you configured previously.



### 5.5 Problems for 3G/4G Network Connection

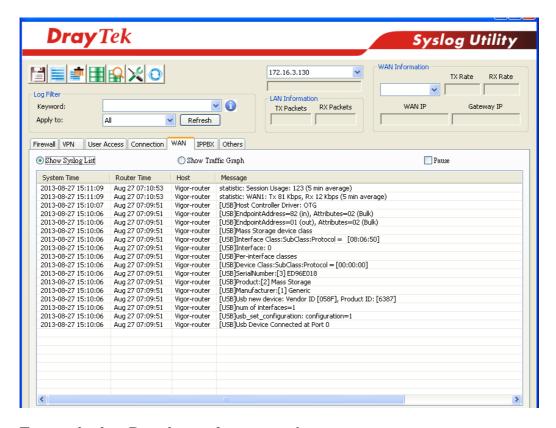
When you have trouble in using 3G/4G network transmission, please check the following:

### Check if USB LED lights on or off

You have to wait about 15 seconds after inserting 3G/4G USB Modem into your Vigor2920. Later, the USB LED will light on which means the installation of USB Modem is successful. If the USB LED does not light on, please remove and reinsert the modem again. If it still fails, restart Vigor2920.

### USB LED lights on but the network connection does not work

Check the PIN Code of SIM card is disabled or not. Please use the utility of 3G/4G USB Modem to disable PIN code and try again. If it still fails, it might be the compliance problem of system. Please open DrayTek Syslog Tool to capture the connection information (WAN Log) and send the page (similar to the following graphic) to the service center of DrayTek.



### Transmission Rate is not fast enough

Please connect your Notebook with 3G/4G USB Modem to test the connection speed to verify if the problem is caused by Vigor2920. In addition, please refer to the manual of 3G/4G USB Modem for LED Status to make sure if the modem connects to Internet via HSDPA mode. If you want to use the modem indoors, please put it on the place near the window to obtain better signal receiving.

### 5.6 Backing to Factory Default Setting If Necessary

Sometimes, a wrong connection can be improved by returning to the default settings. Try to reset the router by software or hardware.



**Warning:** After pressing **factory default setting**, you will loose all settings you did before. Make sure you have recorded all useful settings before you pressing.

### **Software Reset**

You can reset the router to factory default via Web page. Such function is available in **Admin Mode** only.

Go to **System Maintenance** and choose **Reboot System** on the web page. The following screen will appear. Choose **Using factory default configuration** and click **Reboot Now**. After few seconds, the router will return all the settings to the factory settings.

System Maintenance >> Reboot System	
Reboot System	
Do you want to reboot your router?	
bo you want to loboot your roads !	
<ul> <li>Using current configuration</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Using factory default configuration</li> </ul>	
Reboot Now  Auto Reboot Time Schedule	
Index(1-15) in <u>Schedule</u> Setup:,,,	
Note: Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.	
OK Cancel	

### **Hardware Reset**

While the router is running (ACT LED blinking), press the **Factory Reset** button and hold for more than 5 seconds. When you see the **ACT** LED blinks rapidly, please release the button. Then, the router will restart with the default configuration.



After restore the factory default setting, you can configure the settings for the router again to fit your personal request.

### 5.7 Contacting DrayTek

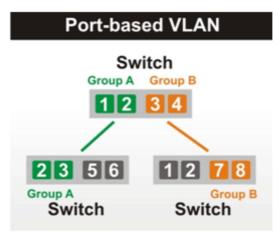
If the router still cannot work correctly after trying many efforts, please contact DrayTek for further help right away. For any questions, please feel free to send e-mail to support@DrayTek.com.

### Appendix I: VLAN Applications on Vigor Router

Virtual Local Area Network is so-called VLAN. It offers the logical grouping technique to separate the physical ports of Ethernet switches, thus we can management our local network easier, more flexible and secure. For instance, you're a networking administrator in your company and you're planning to isolate the visitors' traffics from your private network for security considerations because you cannot ensure that visitors' computer is clean. Or you want to separate your private network into several parts by divisions because there are too many computers in the same network segment and it results in the local traffics heavily. VLAN helps you to solve these situations, and DrayTek's products support bellow two popular types:

### Port-based

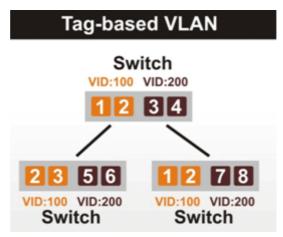
It uses a matrix table of the physical ports to define the traffics how to exchange between each port, and the traffics will be isolated from the ports are not being ticked in the same line. It is the easiest way to setup an isolate network, but not a flexible way to maintain a growing network. Because the idea of port-based VLAN is grouping by physical ports, but the difficulty is how to handle the traffics between two or more Ethernet switches. Thus, VLAN is suitable for some circumstances, for example, the rental apartment, SOHO office...and so on. These clients may need two or three isolated networks only and setup a network in a simple way.



### Tag-based

The idea of tag-based VLAN is to identify a virtual LAN with a specific ID, therefore, **VLAN ID** introduced by tag-based VLAN. Through VLAN ID, ports with different **VID** (**VLAN ID**) will be identified as in different LANs, so the traffics also will be isolated from each of VLANs. Many administrators who manage an enterprise network or even the internet service providers (ISP) adopt Tag-based VLAN popularly because it is convenient to maintenance and management a distributed network. Setting a large-scale network is easy by giving each of them with different VID and isolating the traffics at the same time. Besides the VLAN ID, there is another feature, **Trunk**, introduced. While the role of a port on an Ethernet switch is setup as a Trunk port, it means the VLAN ID will be kept while forwarding the packets between switches. By this feature, VLANs are able to distribute over two or more Ethernet

switches easily, moreover design a large and secured network is possible through Trunk port. When VLAN is being enabled on Vigor routers, the LAN ports are being turned into Trunk mode automatically. Therefore, a VLAN supported switch, like VigorSwitch G2260/P2261, or VigorSwitch G1240, is needed.



Vigor routers [Note] support Tag-based feature both on LAN and WAN interfaces. The next we'll demonstrate our web design and how to configure the settings by introducing the functionalities of Vigor router.

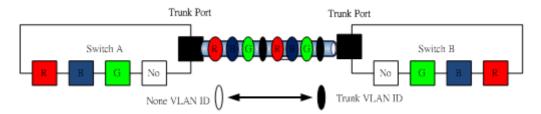
[Note]

Broadband router: Vigor2920/Vigor3200/Vigor2925/Vigo2960/Vigor3900

Modem router: Vigor2850/Vigor2860

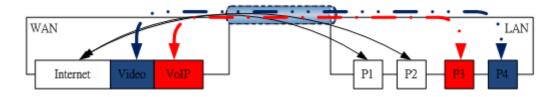
### **VLAN Packets on Vigor routers**

Trunk mode of LAN



Trunk Port can carry the packets with VID but replace the Non-VID packet as the VID of Trunk port while forwarding the packets to another switch.

### Bridge mode of WAN



P1 and P2 are doing NAT flow to access to the internet, but P3 and P4 will forward the packets between WAN and LAN ports directly.

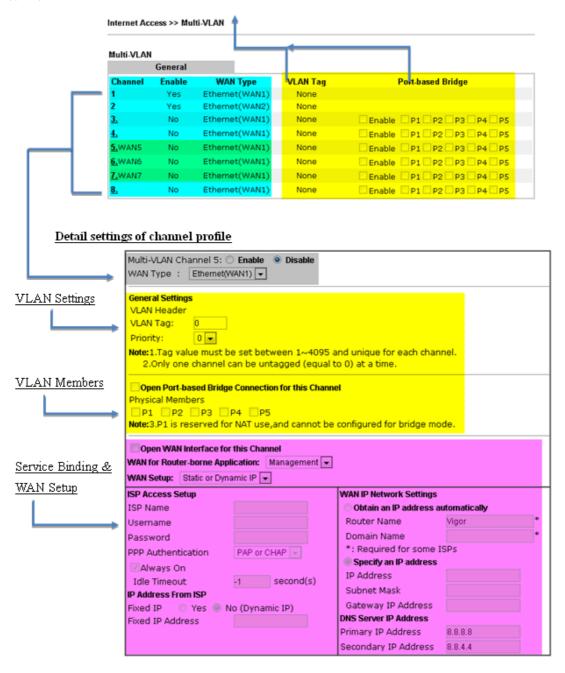
### Web User Interface

So far, there are two kinds of open system on Vigor router. One is DrayOS, which is DrayTek owned, and another is Linux-like which customized by DrayTek from OpenWRT. Here

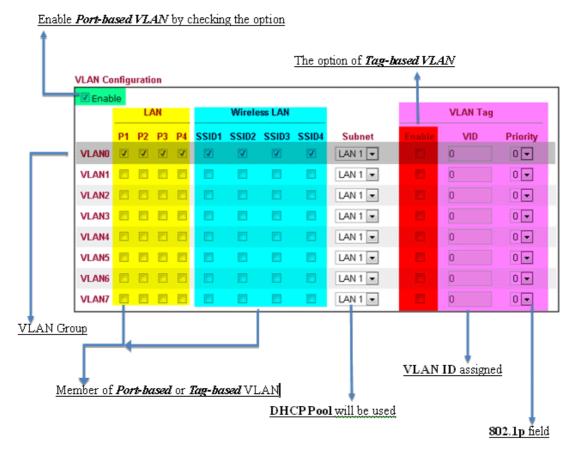


DrayOS system is going to be introduced to you because it is the most stable and superfast booting system in DrayTek products. If the UI style of yours is different from the following. It may not DrayOS system with new web style or maybe the Linux-like model.

### **WAN**

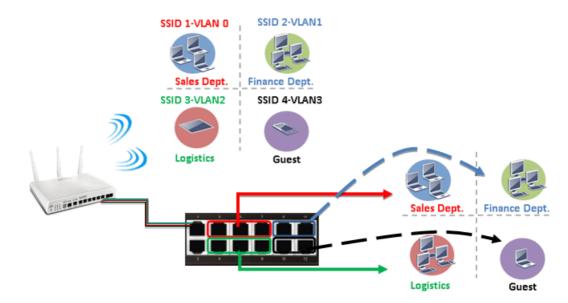


### LAN

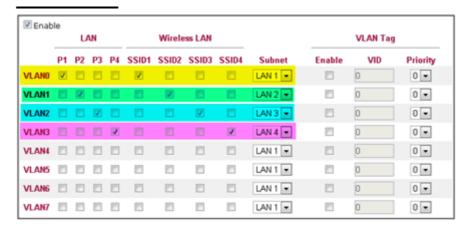


### **VLAN applications on Vigor router**

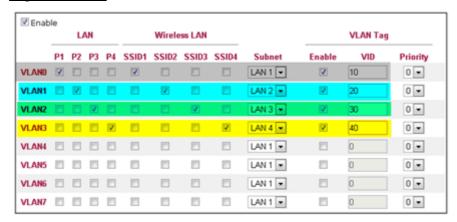
Multi Subnet (VLAN of LAN)



### Port-based mode

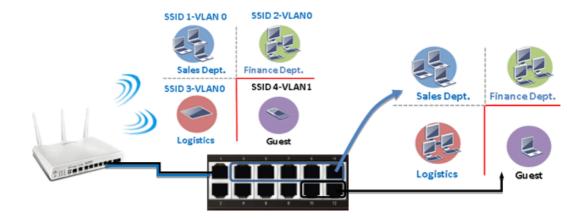


### Tag-based mode



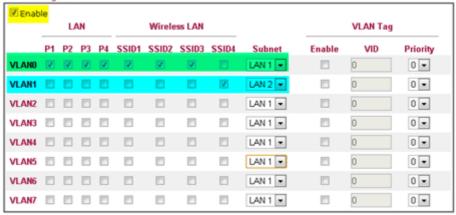
By above settings, there are four private networks will be created and computers attached with each of LAN ports or SSIDs which are able to obtain a private IP address from each DHCP servers (LAN1/LAN2/LAN3/LAN4). However, the traffics of the LAN port or SSID that are NOT being grouped in the same VLAN are unable to forward to each other. The benefit of Port-based is able to extend the wired ports by installing a cheaper dumb switch as many as you need, but Tag-based offers you a flexible and well-managed network. The networks are isolated, secured and reduce the broadcasting storm effectively in each of networks with VLAN.

### Guest Network

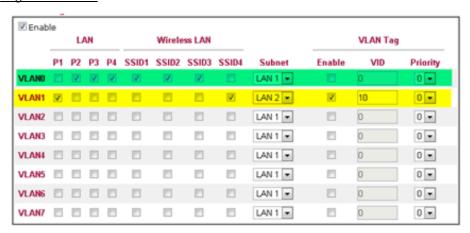


### Port-based mode

### **VLAN Configuration**



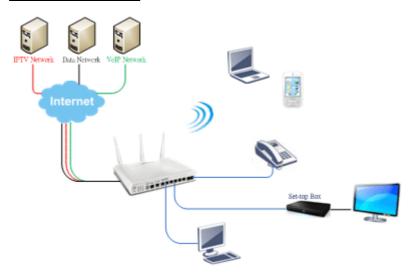
### Tag-based mode



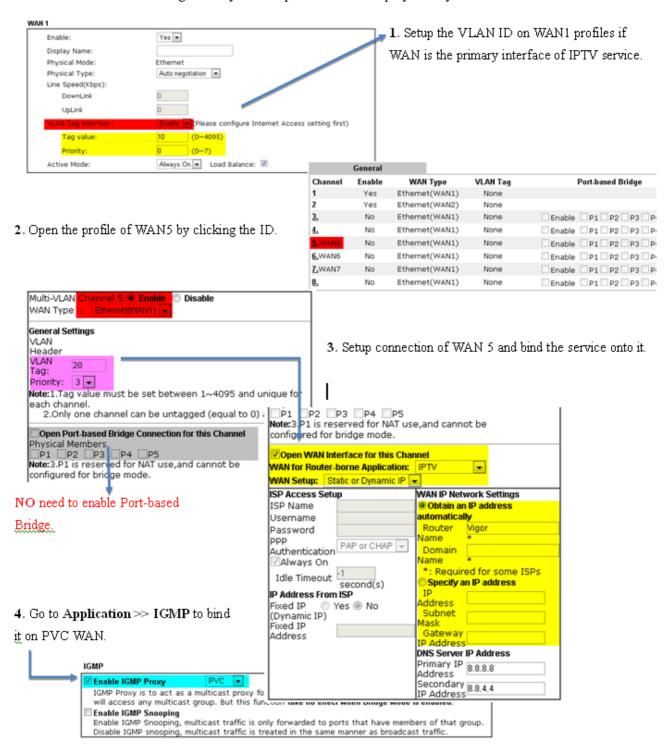
To deploy a guest network, which serves your guests the internet accessibility, but the traffics have to be isolated from your private network due to the security considerations, it can be done by above settings. However, a switch support VLAN function is need if VLAN Tag enabled.

### **●** Triple Play (Multi-WAN)

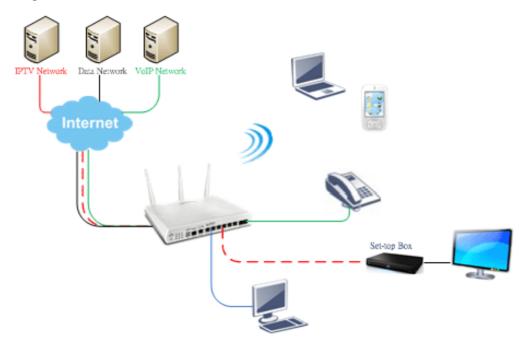
### NAT mode with VLAN



Following settings, the set-top box (STB) is able to attach with any LAN port. Video streaming which your ISP provided will be played on your monitor.



### Bridge mode with VLAN





Set-top box (STB) or the other kinds of media devices are able to attach with Port4 or Port5 of LAN. Those devices that attached with Port4 or Port5 are able to access the services network directly which your ISP provided.